1 LIBRARY OF CONGRESS COPYRIGHT OFFICE PUBLIC HEARING ON SMALL COPYRIGHT CLAIMS Tuesday, November 27, 2012 9:40 a.m. UCLA School of Law 405 Hilgard Avenue Room 1314 Los Angeles, California 90095 Reported by: Capital Reporting Company

		2
1	APPEARANCES	2
2	JACQUELINE C. CHARLESWORTH, Senior Counsel to Register of Copyrights	
3	CATHERINE ROWLAND, Senior Counsel for Policy & International Affairs	
4	ANN CHAITOVITZ, U.S. Patent and Trademark Office	
5	CAROLYN WRIGHT, Law Offices of Carolyn E. Wright, LLC	
6	EDWARD HASBROUCK, National Writers Union	
7	ERICA BRISTOL, Mediator	
8	KIM TOMMASELLI, Independent Film & Television Alliance	
9	ALICIA CALZADA, National Press Photographers Association	
10	ART NEIL, New Media Rights	
11	LORIN BRENNAN, Linde Law Firm	
12	MOLLY KNAPPEN, Designer and Developer	
13	KENDALL REED, Mediator, Arbitrator, Attorney	
14		
15		
16		
17		
18		
19		
20		
21		
22		

	Tuble Hearing of Smail copyright claims 11		
			3
1	CONTENTS		5
2		PAGE	
3	PANEL V: Relief and appeals (damages; equitable relief; attorney's fees and costs; effect of adjudication;	41	
4	enforceability of judgment; and review/appeals)		
5	PANEL VI: Constitutional issues	89	
6	PANEL VII: Moving forward (empirical	114	
7	data; funding considerations; evaluation of small claims systems;		
8	and other issues)		
9			
10			
11			
12			
13			
14			
15			
16			
17			
18			
19			
20			
21			
22			

			4
	1	PROCEEDINGS	
	2	MS. CHARLESWORTH: Good morning, everyone.	
	3	I think all of you were here no, we maybe have one	
	4	newcomer. Two newcomers, I'm sorry.	
	5	My name is Jacqueline Charlesworth. I'm	
	6	Senior Counsel to the Register in the U.S. Copyright	
	7	Office, and this is day two of our hearings on small	
	8	claims, small copyright claims. And we had a very	
	9	interesting and lively discussion yesterday, thanks to	
	10	our participants, and we are anticipating the same	
	11	today, although it will be, we hope, a shorter day.	
	12	To my left is Catherine Rowland, who is	
	13	Senior Counsel for Policy and International Affairs in	
	14	the Copyright Office. And she and I will be	
	15	moderating today and trying to elicit all of your good	
	16	thoughts on a potential small claims system for	
	17	copyright owners.	
	18	We are up to Panel V, and we will begin with	
	19	that today. This panel concerns relief and appeals.	
	20	The questions on the table are, what types of remedies	
	21	should be available, assuming we adopt a small claims	
	22	system? Should they be different from those available	
1			

- 1 in the regular federal court system? Should we have
- 2 an ability to get injunctive relief or not? Should
- 3 there be an opportunity to take an appeal? And, if
- 4 so, what would the appellate process look like?
- 5 So we will begin -- we touched on some of
- 6 these, many of these, issues yesterday, but we didn't
- 7 really have an opportunity to flesh out all of your
- 8 ideas or have a very focused discussion on any of
- 9 them, I don't think. So we will start with damages.
- 10 There was some discussion yesterday of
- 11 statutory versus actual damages, and we have received
- 12 a number of comments from some proponents of a small
- 13 claims system that suggests that only actual damages
- 14 should be available through the system, meaning it
- 15 would be compensatory damages only, there should be no
- 16 statutory damages.
- 17 Other people, particularly people here I
- 18 think in this room, expressed the view that it is very
- 19 important to have statutory damages. So I want to
- 20 open the floor on that question and see what people
- 21 have to say this morning.
- 22 Mr. Hasbrouck?

6 MR. HASBROUCK: Well, I would reiterate, as 1 we said in our written submissions and as I said yesterday, that the National Writers Union remains firmly of the opinion that for this process to provide meaningful relief and a meaningful degree of 5 simplification and greater ease of access to the 6 7 process, statutory damages are essential. 8 In most cases, proving actual damages is going to be extremely difficult and most of the 9 10 evidence of actual damages is going to be held by the 11 infringer or third parties and not readily available. 12 And I don't want to belabor what I said 13 yesterday, but I would make an additional point here about this, that if the goal is simplicity, why should 15 we even be thinking of getting rid of statutory 16 damages, which are the sole simplifying factor in the 17 current structure. That is the one thing that makes it a little bit easier to deal with is you don't have to prove actual damages if you have registered. 19 20 come back to that in a moment. 21 But if we don't have statutory damages, you 22 will put victims of infringement in a perverse place

7 where they have to choose between a process with simplified procedures in some respects -- a small claims process -- but with a huge additional burden of developing evidence and proving actual damages, or a process which is otherwise much more complicated but 5 with a huge simplifying factor of statutory damages. 7 That doesn't make sense. Why should people have to play a guessing game as to which form of simplification and which aspect of simplification is 10 going to be better? If you want a simple, straightforward process, statutory damages are vital. 11 12 The second thing I would say on that, 13 though, is in most cases statutory damages are not available now because the work wasn't registered. 14 15 Because most writers know that they are never going to be able to sue in a federal court, it is a rational business decision for a writer not to waste their time 17 18 registering, even for those kinds of work where it is 19 relatively feasible, unlike, say, most online work 20 where it is practically infeasible to register, as we 21 discussed yesterday. 22 So most of this work is unregistered. If we

- 1 want this to work, statutory damages need to be
- 2 available without any prerequisite or registration, as
- 3 they would be available for foreign writers anyway.
- 4 MS. CHARLESWORTH: Now, Mr. Hasbrouck, you -
- 5 I know you said that statutory damages would be
- 6 simpler and they wouldn't require the same amount of
- 7 proof. My question for you is, let's say infringement
- 8 is shown, infringement of a textual work. How would
- 9 the Court go about setting an amount of statutory
- 10 damages? Would there be any guideposts?
- 11 Today -- today we have -- or in federal
- 12 court, you have jury instructions, there are other
- 13 sorts of guideposts when courts go to award statutory
- 14 damages or when juries as there is a jury right,
- 15 attach to statutory damages. When they look at it,
- 16 there are certain factors that are considered,
- 17 sometimes including actual damages.
- 18 So I guess the question is, assuming you
- 19 have a small claimant, would there be a simple way for
- 20 a court to award statutory damages that wouldn't
- 21 involve a further showing by the plaintiff? Or what
- 22 is your thinking on that?

```
9
              MR. HASBROUCK: It is not clear that the
 1
   process would be -- need to be any different than it
    is when a judge -- if the defendant doesn't elect or a
   plaintiff doesn't elect for jury, if a judge is
 5
    assigning damages now. And I think we see this a lot
 6
    in state small claims practice where judges
    essentially act largely as making, you know, their
 7
 8
   best guesstimate in equity.
 9
              Statutory damages -- there is very little
    statutory guidelines, frankly, for what statutory
10
11
    damages are supposed to be. And I think for most
12
    writers throwing themselves on the mercy of a judge
13
    and the judge's best guesstimate is going to be a lot
   better than what they get now, which is nothing. And
15
    compared to the difficulty of proving actual damages,
16
    again, I think most writers would be prepared to take
17
    what a judge in equity would award as statutory
18
    damages.
19
             MS. CHARLESWORTH: Any other thoughts? Ms.
20
   Wright?
21
              MS. WRIGHT: I'll play a little bit of
22
    devil's advocate here, because most infringers,
```

- 1 alleged infringers, are going to argue that there
- 2 should be some relationship between actual damages and
- 3 statutory damages, arguing that it is three to five
- 4 times actual damages for statutory damages.
- 5 Tenenbaum, fortunately, the court said there
- 6 doesn't have to be the link. It is not a Gore v. BMW
- 7 problem. But that is going to be an argument.
- 8 However, I would argue that a lot of it should be an
- 9 equitable -- the statutory damages should be an
- 10 equitable remedy that is dependent on a lot of the
- 11 intentional act, the willfulness of the infringer, and
- 12 it is just a call by the judge or the jury.
- 13 MS. CHARLESWORTH: Okay. Other thoughts?
- 14 We have newcomers. I call on people, I should have
- 15 warned you.
- 16 (Laughter.)
- 17 And, actually, while I'm at it, could you
- 18 please introduce yourselves and just explain your
- 19 interest in the proceeding, so we all know who you
- 20 are.
- 21 MR. NEIL: Hi, everybody. My name is Art
- 22 Neil, and I run a program called New Media Rights,

- 1 which is a clinic at California Western School of Law
- 2 down in San Diego. We provide a lot of free one-to-
- 3 one assistance to both small copyright holders as well
- 4 as small copyright defendants.
- 5 So we work with a lot of folks on a lot of
- 6 informal disputes, and we provide a lot of
- 7 preventative and transactional help related to
- 8 copyright law. So we see a lot of the informal side
- 9 of a lot of this where people are getting, let's say,
- 10 a YouTube account removed or their Amazon account
- 11 removed or they are getting a video taken down. Or
- 12 they have a small-time dispute where they think their
- 13 copyrighted work has been infringed and they need to
- 14 figure out, is it appropriate to do a DMCA, a takedown
- 15 notice, what avenues do I have to get relief. So
- 16 that's what we do.
- 17 I also teach internet law at California
- 18 Western.
- 19 MR. REED: Good morning. My name is Kendall
- 20 Reed. I am a mediator, arbitrator, and attorney. My
- 21 interest here is really two-fold. One, I do neutral
- 22 work in the intellectual property arena, and I also

- 1 have a great interest in dispute resolution systems
- 2 design generally. And so that when I heard this
- 3 morning about this forum, I thought that that would be
- 4 a very interesting discussion to hear.
- 5 MS. CHARLESWORTH: Okay. Thank you, both.
- 6 Going back to Mr. Neil, did you have any views you
- 7 wanted to share on statutory versus actual damages?
- 8 MR. NEIL: Well, I think that any time --
- 9 one of the concerns that we have on both sides,
- 10 whether it be with the -- whether we are going to
- 11 provide people with certain kinds of defenses, or
- 12 whether we are going to provide them with certain
- 13 kinds of claims of statutory damages, actual damages,
- 14 any time that you take away items from the system in
- 15 terms of what is available to plaintiffs and
- 16 defendants, I think you can run the risk of reducing
- 17 the incentives for folks to participate.
- 18 And if the system does end up being sort of
- 19 a voluntary system, which for many reasons it looks
- 20 like, you know, there has to be some voluntary
- 21 element, the incentives to participate are going to be
- 22 pretty important. And I think that if you strip -- I

- 1 mean, it's an interesting idea to sort of provide
- 2 statutory damages without requiring registration. But
- 3 I think at least providing statutory damages to some
- 4 extent makes sense, because I wonder about many
- 5 copyright owners' willingness to kind of participate
- 6 if statutory damages isn't available.
- 7 MS. CHARLESWORTH: You weren't here
- 8 yesterday. We talked a little bit about the damages
- 9 cap. Do you have any views on that in terms of
- 10 assuming there would be a cap on the claims that could
- 11 be brought in this court? Do you want to share your
- 12 thoughts on that?
- 13 MR. NEIL: I have a number of thoughts on
- 14 it. I mean, it is -- I hear the number 30,000 being
- 15 thrown around a lot, and there are some empirical
- 16 reasons why I thought that there were some good
- 17 arguments for that. I mean, I think the ABA's IP
- 18 section provided a lot of good evidence about, well,
- 19 people who -- attorneys who are willing to take claims
- 20 over 60,000, right, in their comments to the Copyright
- 21 Office, are about one-third.
- They did a whole survey of when attorneys

- 1 are willing to kind of bring cases, and it seemed like
- 2 the gap in services is somewhere between zero and
- 3 \$60,000 claims. So somewhere in that gap seems to
- 4 make sense.
- 5 Again, I do worry. There I also think about
- 6 the incentives for folks to take part. And if the cap
- 7 were too low, you know, who would actually want to
- 8 take part in the system? So that's a concern. I
- 9 think that, you know, 30,000 is a number that sort of
- 10 isn't a bad place to start, just because, you know,
- 11 that's the basic amount that without willful
- 12 infringement, you know, that's the basic amount, the
- 13 range, 750 to 30,000 that's available for damages.
- 14 So those are thoughts as opposed to -- I
- 15 don't necessarily feel very strongly that it should be
- 16 a certain cap level. But I think if you go too low
- 17 that the incentives are going to disappear to folks --
- 18 for folks to participate, just because of the sheer
- 19 cost. I mean, you saw when they survey all of these
- 20 IP attorneys, they survey the cost, and for actions
- 21 under a million the average amount, even before --
- 22 just with -- just at the discovery phase was at least

- 1 214,000 I think was about what they had surveyed.
- 2 And then, even once it had gone through, all
- 3 the way through appeal, it was more like 350,000, you
- 4 know, for claims that were under a million dollars.
- 5 So, you know, these things are going to cost people
- 6 money to represent themselves. And so when you talk
- 7 about if you set it too low, it may just be -- there
- 8 would be no incentive to participate.
- 9 MS. CHARLESWORTH: What about on the
- 10 defendant side, though? Does it help to have a lower
- 11 cap to -- assuming it's a voluntary system -- to
- 12 encourage defendants to stay in the small claims
- 13 system?
- MR. NEIL: Well, I think that with
- 15 defendants, the way that you deal with that is that
- 16 you provide, you know, a real way for -- you don't
- 17 strip them of any right to sort of come back for fees
- 18 in terms of if something is brought in a frivolous,
- 19 bad faith manner, you know, that they have a real
- 20 avenue to actually recover fees in situations where
- 21 there really was no legitimate claim. So I think
- 22 that's really important, so, yeah.

16 MS. CHARLESWORTH: Okay. Other thoughts? 1 2 Ms. Knappen? MS. KNAPPEN: I just want to take note that 3 the -- when we were talking about incentives to participate, again, we keep coming back to the point 5 where, is it an incentive for a lawyer to participate? 6 That there needs to be a certain amount of money that's on the table? 9 But I also want to mention that incentive for individual creators to participate, and I agree 10 that if there's a smaller cap people might be more 11 likely to use the system just to get this over with. 12 13 MS. CHARLESWORTH: Okay. Mr. Reed? MR. REED: Yes. I would note that the -- if 14 15 you do have a system that would preserve rights to 16 claim fees in the event of a frivolous claim, and you 17 are talking about perhaps creating a system whereby 18 attorneys are not necessary, you necessarily invite 19 people in who don't have the sophistication that you 20 would see in a much larger case and with respected 21 counsel. 22 And by providing for the opportunity for

```
fees against a claimant, you would create --
   potentially create a very large disincentive for use
    of the system, because upon the filing of a claim
    almost invariably the first shot back will be, "Well,
 5
    we're going to get fees against you if you don't go
 6
    away."
              So you have a very practical issue there,
 8
   whereas the concept is a fair one, it's -- you hate to
    see frivolous claims. But if you're creating a system
    whereby you want to encourage people to use it, you
10
    might have to back down a little bit on that point.
11
12
              MR. NEIL: Just to follow up on that, the
    current -- I mean, it is not easy for a defendant in a
13
    federal lawsuit to get -- you know, to get costs at
15
    this point.
               You know, you have to show -- it's a
16
   pretty high standard. A lot of courts require a real
17
    showing of bad faith, you know, in terms of the claim
18
    being brought to be able to even get -- to get
19
    attorney's costs and fees in the first place. So --
20
              MS. CHARLESWORTH: Now, you said your
21
    organization represents defendants?
22
             MR. NEIL: We work with defendants, but we
```

- 1 also work with plaintiffs as well.
- MS. CHARLESWORTH: So do you have any
- 3 anecdotal evidence to share in terms of how often
- 4 plaintiffs versus defendants are successful in
- 5 recovering fees, or is that something you keep track
- 6 of at New Media Rights?
- 7 MR. NEIL: Well, we don't do a heavy amount
- 8 of litigation, and most of the work we do is a lot of
- 9 -- there is a lot of informal dispute resolution that
- 10 we do with folks, and, you know, a lot of preventive
- 11 transactional work, so we don't have a lot of specific
- 12 litigation numbers on that.
- But in our comments we talk a fair amount
- 14 about the standard that was set under Fogerhty and how
- 15 that has been implemented in a number of cases. And
- 16 so even though it is not supposed to be a dual
- 17 standard, we do kind of find that it is a dual
- 18 standard, and I think that is -- it is fairly high
- 19 enough in terms of the way that it is applied at the
- 20 federal courts, but you can go and find federal court
- 21 cases where folks have, you know, literally, you know,
- 22 named the wrong defendant, dragged them through quite

a ways into the case and that defendant turns around and tries to get some of their costs back and can't get them because they have to really show bad faith. And if that person -- you know, if the plaintiff legitimately thought that there was a 5 copyright issue, an infringement, then they actually can often recover. I mean, sorry, then they often -the defendant can't recover. So it's a pretty high standard for defendants to recover anything. And if you applied that standard at the small claims court, I 10 don't think you would be disincentivizing for anybody 11 to participate. 12 13 MS. CHARLESWORTH: Do other people have any views to share on how typical it is for a defendant to 15 recover attorney's fees for a frivolous or bad faith 16 claim in their experience? Ms. Wright? 17 MS. WRIGHT: The photographer who has just sued The New York Times -- I mean, excuse me, The Los 19 Angeles Times -- and I've forgotten his name right 20 now, but he just got hit with more than \$200,000 of 21 attorney's fees for losing his copyright infringement 22 case against The L.A. Times. I think it is on the

- 1 rise that that's happening, that courts are more often
- 2 awarding fees to the -- whoever wins, be it the
- 3 plaintiff or the defendant.
- 4 So it is always a risk. And then, you also
- 5 have the problem that a lot of defendants in federal
- 6 court will do -- give an offer of judgment under Rule
- 7 68, and that increases the chance that the plaintiff
- 8 will have to pay the attorney's fees if they don't
- 9 meet the standard of the Rule 68 offer.
- MS. CHARLESWORTH: Okay.
- 11 MS. WRIGHT: Even when winning.
- MS. CHARLESWORTH: Other thoughts?
- 13 MR. NEIL: And if people are interested, I
- 14 mean, there's two cases in that area that may be worth
- 15 looking at, which is the Virgin Records America v.
- 16 Thompson, and then the other one is the Capitol
- 17 Records case, which is Capitol Records v. Foster.
- 18 Virgin Records comes out in a situation
- 19 where the defendant who was named in a file-sharing
- 20 lawsuit wasn't able to get costs. And in the Capitol
- 21 Records v. Foster, they were.
- MS. CHARLESWORTH: Mr. Hasbrouck?

```
MR. HASBROUCK: Since we seem to have moved
1
    into the question of attorney's fees, I would point
   out two inequities between creators and infringers in
   a provision for award of attorney's fees. The first
   is that the plaintiff victim, assuming that this
 5
   process is anything like what we hope it will be, will
 6
   be able to, and, thus, will of necessity be proceeding
 8
   pro se.
              So the plaintiff will have no chance of
   recovering their non-existent attorney's fees.
10
11
    not clear whether they would be able to recover for
12
    their own time as a pro se plaintiff. But in any
    case, the only potential beneficiary of a fee award
13
    scheme would be the defendant, who is deeper pocketed
15
    in the first place.
16
              The second inequity is that presently
17
   attorney's fees are only available if the work was
18
    timely registered, which it usually isn't. So in
   practice most plaintiffs would not be eligible for
19
20
   attorney's fees unless you want to say, again, as with
21
   being able to file the case or receive statutory
22
   damages, unless you were able to specify that a
```

- 1 plaintiff could receive attorney's fees even without
- 2 registration, which if you're going to say that there
- 3 should be any possibility of recovering attorney's
- 4 fees, we would strongly argue that it should be
- 5 without a prerequisite of registration.
- But as it stands, an attorney's fee recovery
- 7 provision is just going to be a rich-get-richer
- 8 provision for deep pocketed defendants. And it's
- 9 going to be a huge scare factor to scare off people
- 10 from filing in the first place, if they know not only
- 11 they are going to be up against lawyers, but they
- 12 might have to pay for them if they lose.
- 13 Even if what you say may be correct and the
- 14 actual chances are small, even if you have to discount
- 15 the risk in the gamble that, you know, there is only a
- 16 one in 10 chance that you are going to be hit for
- 17 several hundred thousand dollars in attorney's fees
- 18 for the defendant if you lose, a one in 10 chance of
- 19 being hit for 300,000 is a \$30,000 expected value,
- 20 which you've got to factor into whether you file. And
- 21 most people faced with that are not going to file.
- 22 MS. CHARLESWORTH: Just to ask you a follow

up on that. What about if there were a cap on the amount you could recover as attorney's fees and costs. In other words, what if there were some fee shifting in appropriate cases, but there was a maximum award, 5 would that help balance the concern? MR. HASBROUCK: I would think that that 6 might mitigate the risk and the deterrent to filing in 7 8 the first place for the victim. But I suspect that what attorneys would think is a small cap would still seem like a very daunting amount to a small creator. 10 11 MS. CHARLESWORTH: Mr. Reed? MR. REED: You may think of something along 12 13 the lines of a vexatious litigant standard, that if somebody is repeatedly filing in the system and having 14 15 trouble making their claim, then maybe it might be 16 available in those circumstances. Just a thought. 17 MS. CHARLESWORTH: Mr. Brennan? MR. BRENNAN: Thinking about attorney's 18 19 fees, I would like to just propose for discussion

something that has occurred to us. If we are looking,

again, at our division between what we call the "true

small claims" and the "mini trial," let's put aside

20

21

2.4

- 1 the "true small claims" area and look at what I call
- 2 the "mini trial" proceedings.
- Ideally, in that sort of proceeding, we --
- 4 at least in the view that I had before, we have
- 5 expedited pleadings, so there would be formal
- 6 complaints. We have limited discovery, so -- and
- 7 limited motions, so we are directly going to go to
- 8 trial.
- 9 In that case, I would have suggested
- 10 something like the following here. You have the
- 11 courts establish a schedule of attorney's fees, and it
- 12 may be -- let's just pick a number. We would say the
- 13 prevailing party is entitled to \$15,000 in attorney's
- 14 fees. And this could either be established by -- in
- 15 the code or their courts could have a range of
- 16 schedules, because you may have a higher rate in New
- 17 York or L.A. versus in another city. But let's just
- 18 take that as a number.
- I would say either party knows that their
- 20 attorney's fees are fixed, so we know that the trial
- 21 is going to be set at that date. Then, I would also
- 22 do -- is allow allocation of attorney's fees based

- 1 upon your success or failure on certain issues.
- 2 For example, if we are going to have a
- 3 challenge to originality, I can't tell you -- every
- 4 case that I have seen -- usually in fashion design we
- 5 have something like the following. Plaintiff has
- 6 drawn a picture of a tiger with roses and stars. I
- 7 then have a claim saying tigers, roses, and stars are
- 8 part of a well-established visual vocabulary that have
- 9 existed for thousands of years. I even have an expert
- 10 saying that there are these. Therefore, your claim
- 11 cannot be original as a matter of law.
- 12 You say, well, you are arguing novelty. You
- 13 are not arguing originality. If you have to face, and
- 14 the other side decides to make this claim, and they
- 15 fail, then I would have an additional deemed
- 16 attorney's fee award for dealing with those specific
- 17 issues, I think around \$5,000.
- 18 So that it focuses each side on addressing
- 19 the issues that are important. So the plaintiff could
- 20 have, if they prevail, \$15,000. Plus, if they succeed
- 21 on certain of these discrete issues, an additional
- 22 attorney's fee award.

- 1 By the same token, if the defendant
- 2 succeeds, then they have an attorney's fee award, but
- 3 it can be reduced if they make a claim that the
- 4 plaintiff prevailed on. Or if the plaintiff made an
- 5 assertion of willfulness that turned out to be
- 6 frivolous, then the defendant could get an additional
- 7 fee.
- 8 And the reason I would do that and set a
- 9 definite fee rate is it gives parties a real ability
- 10 to monetize what these claims are worth, focuses their
- 11 mind directly on settlement, and lets us know that we
- 12 are not going to have fees.
- 13 My personal experience is I am sometimes
- 14 shocked at the amounts that are claimed for attorney's
- 15 fees in copyright cases. I don't understand how
- 16 people can run up these excessive fees.
- 17 So I do think that that would help focus it.
- 18 The difficulty you face for obviously small parties is
- 19 if they face a potential attorney's fees award, even
- 20 for a small party, of \$15,000, that could be a serious
- 21 amount. So you probably want to give the judge some
- 22 discretion in awarding those fees based upon

- 1 prevailing party frivolousness, et cetera.
- 2 But I think if you had some sort of a fee
- 3 award system where the courts established rates that
- 4 are probably at least presumptively applicable, it
- 5 might be beneficial to both sides, because they know
- 6 what the cost is going to be, it limits the cost, you
- 7 get fees award based upon success, so it focuses on
- 8 issues that are important, and certainly focuses the
- 9 mind to come to settlement, because then everybody
- 10 knows what their dollar is and what it's going to cost
- 11 them.
- MS. CHARLESWORTH: Okay. An interesting
- 13 proposal. Do people have reactions to that, sort of a
- 14 set schedule of potential fees to be awarded, so
- 15 people know going in what their exposure is?
- 16 MR. BRENNAN: And fees awarded on specific
- 17 issues. So it's not just a winner-take-all prevailing
- 18 party. You could be a non-prevailing party, but if
- 19 you prevailed on a certain issue that could either
- 20 increase or reduce the other side's award. So it
- 21 makes you focus on dealing with issues that are really
- 22 material to resolving the case.

```
MS. CHARLESWORTH: Ms. Calzada?
1
 2
              MS. CALZADA: I think generally the purpose
   of attorney's fees is to encourage litigants to seek
    the advice of counsel and have that expertise and that
    sort of independent perspective and advice that, you
 5
   know, somebody can step out and look without the
 6
    emotional factor when you're a personal litigant, and
   there is a good argument for providing attorney's fees
    for a successful litigant/plaintiff.
10
              I actually have researched the issue on pro
    se, and I can tell you that it is almost widely -- it
11
12
    is widely accepted that pro se litigants are not
13
   entitled to recover for their time. So I just wanted
    to clarify that question for those who had it.
15
              I am concerned about the risk to a
16
   plaintiff, a small plaintiff, who then faces
17
   attorney's fees of -- you know, maybe they didn't
18
    realize that this really would come down as a fair
19
   use, and so then they are left holding the bag with
20
    $15,000 in attorney's fees. That is an awful lot to
21
    ask, and I think part of the goal of this court is to
22
    take away some of that edge and risk of keeping people
```

29 out of court, and that's one of the things that does keep people out of court. So I can see both sides, and, you know, for 3 my people it would benefit them to recover, obviously, but I almost feel like it would be a bigger penalty to 5 have them faced with the prospect of paying the other side's attorney's fees if they lose. 8 MS. CHARLESWORTH: Let me just --9 MS. CALZADA: Oh, go ahead. 10 MS. CHARLESWORTH: I'm sorry. 11 MS. CALZADA: No, no. 12 MS. CHARLESWORTH: I was just going to ask you, what about if the standard were you only recover 13 fees for truly frivolous claims, there had to be a 15 finding of bad faith, or a fairly high bar, what is 16 your view on that? 17 MS. CALZADA: I think certainly on the defendant's side that would be appropriate. You know, 19 if you are going to allow for attorney's fees for a 20 successful defendant on occasion, I think it is only 21 fair to allow for attorney's fees on a successful 22 plaintiff.

Capital Reporting Company Public Hearing on Small Copyright Claims 11-27-2012

So then maybe if the plaintiff offered some 1 kind of settlement or participated in mediation, and the other side just wouldn't participate or something, you know, if the other side did something that 5 illustrated bad faith, that might be an appropriate time to say, okay, attorney's fees. 6 7 Another thing I wanted to mention was the idea of tiered -- not tiered but just sort of a cap on attorney's fees. And I'm not sure \$15,000 is a good Something a little lower, like two, three, 10 number. 11 four, you know, if this is really a simple process you should be able to seek the advice of an attorney 12 13 and their support for a relatively low cost. would think that if -- if the court actually 15 establishes a low tier of attorney's fees recovery, not only would you solve the problem of that fear 17 factor, but you would get attorneys who really 18 developed a practice that found an efficient way to 19 deal with this. 20 And we would sort of lose that problem of, 21 you know, let's see how far along we can drag this 22 out, because you would have attorneys who just said,

- 1 "Okay. This is what I'm going to do. This is what
- 2 I'm going to charge. If we get it back, great. If
- 3 not, that's all you owe."
- And I think that would go to the
- 5 predictability of the cost of litigation, which,
- 6 again, is one of the challenges to litigation. You
- 7 know, do I want to sue somebody? Well, what are my
- 8 grand risks? You know, and how much I'm going to be
- 9 stuck paying an attorney is one of them. So I think a
- 10 very low cap on attorney's fees might actually serve
- 11 the system very well.
- MS. CHARLESWORTH: Mr. Brennan?
- 13 MR. BRENNAN: I think it is useful to have a
- 14 schedule. When you say a "low cap," we have to --
- 15 imagine, again, we are dealing with two tiers of
- 16 cases. We are dealing with the true -- our small
- 17 claims or our mini trials. It just takes time to do a
- 18 mini trial. Even if you are only one day there, plus
- 19 one day of preparations, plus the time to write all of
- 20 the motions, you could be looking at minimum time 40
- 21 or plus hours of attorney time. And if your cap is
- 22 \$2- or \$3,000, and you're at cap, I, as an attorney,

- 1 will say I can't do it. I'm sorry, I can't work for
- 2 nothing.
- 3 So that you do need a fee schedule there
- 4 that allows you -- my vision in that is, if I had a
- 5 case right now, it usually takes you time to review
- 6 it. They don't take a case, especially on a
- 7 contingency, unless I am relatively convinced on
- 8 liability and damages. So you already have a
- 9 screening process on frivolity, because otherwise you
- 10 won't take the case for a mini trial.
- The time it takes to prepare and put one
- 12 together, even for one day of trial in federal court,
- 13 \$2- or \$3,000, you just wouldn't do it. That means a
- 14 whole tier of cases, without the small claims and the
- 15 major cases, the whole tier of cases in the middle it
- 16 wouldn't be economical for you to take.
- 17 So you need -- if we're going to have a
- 18 schedule -- and I like the idea of a schedule, but it
- 19 has to be enough to compensate you for at least, you
- 20 know, what could be a day or more trial, plus all of
- 21 the time to prepare, plus the pleadings and the
- 22 motions. And that is not going to be \$2- or 3,000.

I put up 15 as a number just to consider. My 1 colleagues tell me that is way too low for the time that it takes to do this. If we had this plus add-ons it might make a difference. But we do have to have 5 something more than just a few thousand dollars; otherwise, those cases just won't be tried. 6 7 attorney will take them. It's not worth your time. 8 MS. CHARLESWORTH: Did you want to say 9 something, Ms. Calzada? 10 MS. CALZADA: I was just going to say, if 11 you go back to that -- the screening process for 12 frivolity is whether or not an attorney will take it, 13 then you go to Molly's point which is that, you know, it's -- that's not what should be determining whether 15 you can go into this particular court. It's whether or not you can get an attorney. You should be able to 17 access this court without an attorney. 18 MR. BRENNAN: Remember, we have to be careful what we mean by "this court." If you are 19 20 thinking about what I'll call the "true small claims" 21 or only doing something for a few thousand dollars, 22 that is not what I'm talking about.

34 So when you say "this court," that's not 1 What I'm thinking about are the cases in what I mean. this middle tier that our colleague here said yesterday, under \$80,000, where you are looking at 5 something that is going to have to be effectively a mini trial, where you are going to have expedited 6 proceedings but you are going to have to put on a trial, probably have to get experts there to testify at least to substantial similarity or to damages, prepare pleadings, take it through, prep witnesses, 10 11 put them on trial. 12 That's the type of case where you really 13 probably should have an attorney to represent you. You can try to do that pro se, and that's fine, people 15 can try to do that. But you probably are going to be 16 better off finding an attorney. And if you know what 17 the rates are, I think there will be attorneys who 18 will do this even on a contingent fee basis, provided 19 they know they can get an attorney's fees recovery 20 that is going to compensate for their time. 21 MS. CHARLESWORTH: Okay. Yes. 22 I think we have to be MS. BRISTOL: Hi.

- 1 very careful about the discussion on limiting
- 2 attorney's fees. Although the purpose of the court is
- 3 to provide a greater access to those I'm going to call
- 4 them middle level or lower level litigants, you also
- 5 don't want to undercut the fee so much that you have
- 6 attorneys who are not really experienced in copyright
- 7 law trying to come in and handle these cases for a low
- 8 amount.
- 9 It is a specialty area that has twists and
- 10 turns that counsel do need to have some experience in.
- 11 And not to say that every case will involve a big
- 12 firm, but in some very particular cases -- fair use
- 13 and other types of defenses -- you might not want a
- 14 first year associate trying that type of case, because
- 15 of the low attorney's fees involved.
- 16 So I think you really have to think about
- 17 when you are coming up with a schedule, when you are
- 18 capping it, yes, maybe having some reasonable caps, so
- 19 that experienced attorneys will come in and try these
- 20 lower cases, and so they will be attracted. You know,
- 21 a new industry for middle level attorneys will come in
- 22 to represent these clients, but not so low that you're

36 -- you have inexperienced counsel or no counsel at all because there is a cap. So I think if you are planning on putting some cap on fees, you really have to think that through, so that you don't end up harming the 5 plaintiffs or the defendants. Having a defendant find any attorney just to come in and represent then, because they know it's going to be a low amount, or just having a flood -- opening up a flood gate of 10 inexperienced attorneys wanting to practice IP 11 thinking it is a new area and ending up harming the people that we are supposed to be helping. 12 13 MS. CHARLESWORTH: Okay. Mr. Brennan? MR. BRENNAN: Just to add -- I think that's 14 15 very important. Just ask -- let me just ask a rhetorical question here. How many people can tell us 17 the difference between a fair use as a transformative 18 use and a transformative use as a derivative work? Don't want to ask, but --19 20 MS. CHARLESWORTH: I think our new 21 adjudicators will be able to tell us that, right? 22 (Laughter.)

37 They're going to be very expert. 1 2 MR. BRENNAN: I can give you my theory. the point is is that there are technicalities here. If I look at cases here right now, just on the 5 average, if I have to take a copyright case and I'm thinking what I'm thinking, what I'll call the mini 6 trial, I have a case, I'm certain on liability, very certain substantial similarity. I have somebody that has taken my particular tie. They have access. 10 sent it to China and made a copy. 11 I am probably looking at federal court right now, because of all of the procedures, close to about 12 13 \$50,000 just in my time, to move that through court, simply because filing on -- I have the motion to 15 dismiss, I am going to have a mini trial on the 16 registration certificate, I'm going to have a motion 17 for summary judgment, that is saying that, oh, there 18 is no substantial similarity, plus all of the 19 discovery. I am going to have at least two depositions 20 where I am going to have to sit and listen to somebody 21 spend eight hours asking my designer how they designed 22 this thing, plus I am going to have some -- probably

- 1 another deposition of the defendant here. I'm going
- 2 to have to get an expert, and I am going to have to
- 3 fight in discovery to get the plaintiff's profits
- 4 here. So I am looking at about that amount of time.
- 5 The goal of the mini trial I'm hoping is to
- 6 reduce those costs, because I don't have to spend all
- 7 of this time fooling around in federal court with
- 8 wasting time on motions that don't really matter,
- 9 excessive discovery, the summary judgment motion, and
- 10 take our evidence, present it to the other side, get
- 11 something, and go to trial.
- 12 If I could do that in just one or two days,
- 13 then our costs would be reduced, and I'm more than
- 14 happy to pass that on because I don't have to spend a
- 15 dime. But it is going to take a certain minimum level
- 16 to do that, and I think that what we just heard here
- 17 is exactly correct. There is a level of experience
- 18 that you need to walk through all of this. And if we
- 19 set a figure -- and I'm happy to do that -- if we can
- 20 reduce the other procedural costs, but reducing and
- 21 setting an attorney's fees rate is based upon reducing
- 22 these other costs, it's got to be enough so that in

- 1 this middle area, this mini trial area, you have
- 2 experienced attorneys that get compensated for their
- 3 time, because there is at least going to be some time
- 4 there.
- 5 MS. CHARLESWORTH: Okay. Well, I think --
- 6 I'm sorry, I was just going to say, we touched on this
- 7 yesterday. A lot of these questions, really, they are
- 8 a little bit chicken and egg, because a lot of this
- 9 depends on how -- the scope of the proceeding, how
- 10 involved the proceeding would be, what kinds of claims
- 11 would be permitted, whether it's a very simple
- 12 proceeding, what we think of when we think of state
- 13 small claims court, or whether it's something that you
- 14 are suggesting, more like a mini trial.
- So it is a lot of things that -- many things
- 16 to think about, but I think they are very interrelated
- 17 in terms of what the fee rules would be.
- 18 Did anyone have anything further -- I think
- 19 you did, Ms. Knappen -- on fees? And then, I want to
- 20 move us on to equitable relief, so that we stay a
- 21 little bit on schedule today.
- 22 MS. KNAPPEN: I think the schedule idea is a

- 1 good idea because that way even if an individual
- 2 creator loses on one point, they are not deterred by
- 3 the prospect of getting soaked if there is some sort of
- 4 of repayment of attorney's fees. But I just want to
- 5 point out that most, for most individual creators, it
- 6 would already be the junior level attorney, even if the
- 7 cap was higher, because most people just can't afford
- 8 a good, quality attorney.
- 9 MS. CHARLESWORTH: Any further thoughts on
- 10 fees?
- 11 MR. NEIL: Just one last point from the
- 12 defendant's perspective again. You know, these
- 13 defendants are only going to -- they may only hear of
- 14 this at the time, you know, that it's filed. And so
- 15 procedurally they are going to have to put together
- 16 their defense relatively quickly.
- 17 And it does depend on what the scope is,
- 18 whether it's a mini trial or whether it's something
- 19 much more reduced. But those folks also need access
- 20 to -- you know, to quality representation and making
- 21 sure that some attorney's fees is available -- are
- 22 available to them is really important for them to be

41

able to actually go out and get representation. 2 I mean, I have some other ideas that -- I have been talking to some of the self-help groups at the federal court system, and the one up in San Jose, 5 called FLASH, has some really, really great examples of networks they have built of attorneys that help 6 these folks with the self-help work. 8 So there are examples out there of networks 9 that provide assistance and experts in that 10 assistance. There are a lot of IP attorneys there in Silicon Valley who know what they are talking about 11 12 when it comes to copyright and patent and trademark 13 So just from a defendant's perspective as well, we've got to be careful about limiting attorney's fees, because there are going to be 15 complicated defenses like fair use and DMCA, safe 17 harbors, and things like that, and those require -you know, obviously, if people want to access the 18 19 system by themselves and go pro se, you know, I think 20 that should be available to them. But also, if folks 21 want representation, I really think that they should 22 be allowed to have it.

```
MS. CHARLESWORTH: You touched on -- I just
 1
    wanted to follow up. Can you explain a little bit
   more about the self-help groups you just mentioned?
              MR. NEIL: Well, as I understand it, there
    is -- I wasn't really aware of this until a couple of
   weeks ago when I went to the state's IP Institute, but
    I met some folks from FLASH, which is -- so there are
    five district courts, as I understand it, that have
    self-help groups that actually specialize in IP-
10
    related issues.
11
              The one I am most familiar with -- and I had
    a conversation with them early last week -- is FLASH,
12
13
    which is in the San Jose area, in that district.
    they provide a lot of self-help I think focused on
15
    defendants who have been sued, and so you can imagine
    their three main cases.
                             I think they tend to see a
17
    lot of the file-sharing, the mass file-sharing
18
    lawsuits that have been going on the last two years,
19
    from the adult entertainment industry, as well as
20
    independent film creators. And then, also, they see a
    lot of -- apparently, their cases right now that they
21
22
    see are a lot of cases against restaurants, bars, et
```

43 cetera, for illegal streaming of content. 2 So they provide direct assistance to those folks to help them through the process of defending themselves pro se. MS. CHARLESWORTH: Are they lawyers, the 5 people who are advising? 6 7 MR. NEIL: So as I understand -- so in the FLASH situation, there is actually a wonderful individual who really should be brought into this process who happens to have -- his background is as a 10 small claims judge, but provides this IP assistance to 11 12 folks, self-help in the federal court. So there is a lot of -- so that is an 13 attorney there, and then there is a number of law 15 students who also help out there. But I believe they only have two attorneys, but they have built this 17 network of IP firms in Silicon Valley to help folks have representation as well. 19 MS. WRIGHT: I found the website. It's 20 through the Northern District of California. 21 MR. NEIL: Right. 22 MS. WRIGHT: And it is on the Northern

ic Hearing on Small Copyright Claims 11-27-2012

- 1 District of California website at helpcenterssj, C-A-
- 2 N-D, dot U.S. courts dot gov, forward slash
- 3 helpcenterssj. And it is called the Federal Legal
- 4 Assistance Self-Help Center at the San Jose
- 5 Courthouse.
- 6 It says that they don't help with bankruptcy
- 7 or any criminal cases. And it has to be a case that
- 8 is in the Northern District, but that they do provide
- 9 legal assistance to help you with the procedures.
- 10 MS. CHARLESWORTH: Thank you, Ms. Wright.
- 11 That's helpful. And thank you, Mr. Neil.
- 12 Ms. Calzada?
- 13 MS. CALZADA: I just wanted to highlight two
- 14 points. One is that what the court awards in
- 15 attorney's fees is not a limit to what the attorney
- 16 can charge the client. So, you know, in the cases
- 17 where it is really going to cost more, the client can
- 18 decide, is it still worth it to have an attorney?
- But the other thing I wanted to highlight
- 20 was is this discussion to me really brings home how
- 21 important the simplification is. If we make this
- 22 extremely complicated, and allow a lot of discovery

- 1 and allow a lot of these things that only attorneys
- 2 can handle, then, yeah, we are going to need attorneys
- 3 and we are going to need a very high level of
- 4 attorney's fees awards to be available.
- 5 But I think the goal of this is to keep it a
- 6 little more simple, and so I think describing what you
- 7 have described, you are going to need an attorney, and
- 8 it is going to have to be expensive. But I think part
- 9 of our goal is to create a system that people can
- 10 navigate on their own, creators can navigate on their
- 11 own, and so I think this just highlights how important
- 12 that other part that we were discussing yesterday is.
- 13 MS. CHARLESWORTH: Okay. I think I am going
- 14 to -- unless there is someone else has a burning
- 15 comment on attorney's fees, I want to move us on to
- 16 equitable relief, which is a very important issue,
- 17 particularly the question of injunctions and whether
- 18 they would be available through the system, would
- 19 there be any limitations on them. Obviously, there
- 20 are other forms of equitable relief as well, such as
- 21 destruction of infringing copies and other things that
- 22 courts sometimes order in the copyright context, but I

46 think most of the discussion in New York and in many of the comments involved the availability of injunctive relief and what impact that might have on this system if it were permitted. 5 So any takers? Ms. Calzada? I will start. 6 MS. CALZADA: Sure. artists who produce work, the ability to control their 7 8 work is not just about money. It is about how their work is used. And I can highlight for you a very 10 interesting case that happened earlier this year. 11 There was a wedding photographer who photographed a 12 homosexual couple, did engagement portraits, that kind 13 of thing, and her photograph of them was stolen by an anti-gay political group and used in their political 14 15 ads. 16 And, you know, obviously now there is 17 litigation related to that, but it just highlights the 18 important of how the ability to control your work is 19 just as important as money for some situations. 20 so I really do think that injunctions are critical. 21 MS. CHARLESWORTH: Okay. Mr. Brennan? 22 MR. BRENNAN: I think you have to

47

distinguish between whether you are granting this relief preliminarily or as a result of a judgment, and that is really key. I would put injunctions and seizure orders into the same category. It would seem to me that in this very small 5 claims procedures you just simply -- let me put that -6 - very small claims procedure I don't think you should 7 8 allow preliminarily injunctions or seizure orders at all. Whether you can get one after the result of a 10 small claims -- and we're thinking about these very 11 small claims judgment -- let me reserve on that. 12 In the sort of mini trial version that we 13 said, I would also not allow injunctions or seizure orders preliminarily. And the reason is twofold. One 15 is, when you do that, you are invoking the equitable 16 powers of a district court. And there are a number of 17 procedural and perhaps even constitutional limitations on what that court does. 19 The Supreme Court has been very reluctant 20 recently, or has limited the ability to grant those 21 injunctions. So that means a motion procedure, you

often have to have a strong evidentiary presentation,

- 1 and it is very hard to do that, especially if you are
- 2 pro se, and know that you have done everything
- 3 correctly. And it also increases the cost and
- 4 complexity.
- 5 If our mini trial procedure is -- at least
- 6 as I have envisioned it or mentioned it, is going to
- 7 be something that happens rather rapidly. It is
- 8 probably -- you can give an injunction or a seizure
- 9 order after the result of the hearing and the trial,
- 10 because we have had the evidentiary presentation.
- 11 There may be something of a delay.
- But in both of these procedures I certainly
- 13 would not allow injunctions or seizure orders
- 14 preliminarily. I would allow them after the mini
- 15 trial proceedings. I have to think about whether they
- 16 would make sense after a small claims hearing. I'm
- 17 kind of reluctant to say that they should be allowed
- 18 after what we'll call a "true small claims" hearing.
- 19 I understand very seriously the need for
- 20 artists to control their works. But, again, it
- 21 depends upon what -- our vision here. If the vision
- 22 is we are having recovery for piracy that has already

- 1 occurred, damages are probably the most you can get
- 2 here. So that's what I would say about injunctions
- 3 and preliminary awards.
- 4 MS. CHARLESWORTH: Okay. Mr. Hasbrouck?
- 5 MR. HASBROUCK: Injunctive relief is vital
- 6 for our members in many cases for at least two
- 7 reasons. One is, as was previously pointed to,
- 8 injunctions are often essential to protect the moral
- 9 rights of the author. And so I think there is some
- 10 question as to whether a system that doesn't provide
- 11 the availability of injunctions is going to satisfy
- 12 the Berne requirements for the protection of moral
- 13 rights.
- 14 But the other reason, more economically, is
- 15 that in most of the grievances we get -- hear about
- 16 from our members, the infringement is continuing. And
- 17 the infringer -- probably we are not going to end up
- 18 in court, if the infringer hasn't already ignored a
- 19 cease and desist demand.
- 20 And there may be some cases where it's a
- 21 question of, well, if you asked for a license, I would
- 22 have given you one if you paid. And so, you know,

- 1 fine, okay, you were awarded damages, now you've got a
- 2 license and you can go on.
- But normally there wouldn't be a one-time
- 4 fee for usage in perpetuity, so you've still got
- 5 continuing infringement if you don't get an injunction
- 6 to cease and desist the infringing conduct.
- 7 And so are you going to have to come back to
- 8 keep, you know, collecting damages for the continuing
- 9 infringement? That's really counterproductive.
- The other thing is that the creator
- 11 typically has already made a decision as to what form
- 12 of exploitation of the work will maximize the
- 13 revenues. If they decided that the optimum revenue
- 14 strategy is to put this on their website with
- 15 advertising, they are probably not interested in
- 16 licensing it to some other website.
- 17 And where the damage occurs from placing
- 18 infringing copies in competition with legitimate
- 19 copies or legitimately licensed copies, it is
- 20 essential to shut down the infringement, not just
- 21 charge for it. Most writers are not particularly
- 22 interested in having a plethora of different versions

- 1 of their work, even if they were getting some
- 2 compensation. They would rather have one edition that
- 3 they have chosen in the way that they think is going
- 4 to maximize the revenue.
- 5 So, at least with respect to injunctions to
- 6 cease and desist the infringing conduct, that is
- 7 really important to protecting the rights of our
- 8 members.
- 9 MS. CHARLESWORTH: Okay. Ms. Tommaselli?
- 10 MS. TOMMASELLI: Speaking on behalf of our
- 11 members who are independent film producers and
- 12 distributors, we would oppose any injunctive relief.
- 13 And we agree with basically everything that Mr.
- 14 Brennan said.
- 15 And to get an injunction to halt the
- 16 production or distribution of a film would cause great
- 17 financial stress on that company through such a small
- 18 claims procedure. And, again, commenting -- it's hard
- 19 to comment now not knowing what the structure of the
- 20 tribunal is going to be. But, you know, basically we
- 21 echo everything Mr. Brennan said, and we would oppose
- 22 injunctive relief through this system.

Okay. Other thoughts? 1 MS. CHARLESWORTH: mean, one distinction that was suggested I think, or grew out of the New York discussion of this issue, was a distinction between a work such as a film that, say, 5 incorporates another work potentially in an infringing manner, but has great value, and that the injunction 6 itself or the value of the injunction would far 8 outweigh potentially the actual amount of damages being claimed through the small claims system versus a 10 situation where, let's say it's a photograph, it's on 11 someone's website, and you just want it taken down. 12 Where there really isn't a huge economic 13 impact that would come out of the injunction, and there is no derivative work issue. It is just a 14 15 straight copy. And I'm wondering if anyone has any 16 thoughts on whether, in considering the question of 17 injunctions, there is a distinction to be drawn 18 between different types of injunctions or different 19 infringement scenarios or different -- you know, where 20 you would have -- you would take into consideration 21 the complexity value of the work that might be halted 22 versus kind of a bootleg situation.

Ms. Calzada? 1 2 MS. CALZADA: I think you are now saying that some defendants are better than others, and it is okay if you infringe somebody's work and continue to 5 do so, so long as you are doing something good for the economy. And that, to me, gets into a dangerous territory where we say that, you know, your rights are protected against some people, but not others, because of who those other people are, and that is --10 MS. CHARLESWORTH: Well, actually, I'm not -- I didn't mean to suggest that. I think the comment 11 12 that was made in New York, or comments, really suggested that if you are going to sue in small claims 13 -- let's say there was a \$20,000 cap, or a \$50,000 cap 15 even, but you also are seeking an injunction to shut down, say, a major motion picture, that that 17 injunction -- or to stop the publication of a book --18 or distribution of a book, that that is actually --19 that the economic value of that injunction far exceeds 20 or could far exceed the cap on the small claims 21 process. 22 In other words, you have streamlined

- 1 procedures, you have sort of an easy way to proceed
- 2 through the process, but the economic consequences of
- 3 certain injunctions might be very significant and
- 4 greater than the damages cap.
- 5 So it is not about the value of the
- 6 defendant; it is really about sort of what kinds of
- 7 controversies would be appropriately decided, and what
- 8 kinds of relief would be appropriate in the system.
- 9 MS. CALZADA: So you are talking about
- 10 putting a dollar value on the injunction and weighing
- 11 that into the equation of, have we met the threshold
- 12 for the small claims?
- 13 MS. CHARLESWORTH: Well, I think it might be
- 14 hard to assign. I'm saying, it's a consideration. I
- 15 mean, some people are very concerned about this. I
- 16 think Ms. Tommaselli basically voiced this concern,
- 17 perhaps more eloquently than I did.
- MS. CALZADA: Well, and I certainly can
- 19 relate in terms of a preliminary injunction, but I
- 20 feel like if you have been found to be infringing, you
- 21 know, and maybe it's -- you know, so maybe it's one
- 22 photograph in your entire film, but what if it's the

- 1 script, you know. I mean, so -- and, really, if you
- 2 have been found to be infringing and you are not
- 3 willing to stop infringing on that photograph, why
- 4 can't I force you to take that photograph out of your
- 5 film? Presuming it is just a photo, you know.
- 6 MS. TOMMASELLI: Right. And as Mr. Brennan
- 7 pointed out, I mean, I think there is a difference
- 8 between preliminary injunctions and then after going
- 9 through something similar to a mini trial where there
- 10 has been evidence and stuff like that. And that's
- 11 what, you know, we are sort of reserving our comment
- 12 on, to see what the actual format of the tribunal is
- 13 going to be.
- MS. CALZADA: Understand.
- MS. CHARLESWORTH: I'm sorry. Mr. Brennan,
- 16 you've --
- 17 MR. BRENNAN: What you said is interesting,
- 18 but all you've done is articulated the injunction
- 19 standards to begin with. We are just reinventing the
- 20 wheel. In order to get an injunction right now, there
- 21 are two tests. You have to hold a likelihood of
- 22 success on a preliminary injunction, likelihood of

- 1 success on the merits, and irreparable harm or
- 2 substantial harm.
- 3 There is also a four-factor test that
- 4 includes public policy issues here. So when we say,
- 5 "What is going to happen here?" I am now more
- 6 convinced than ever we shouldn't have preliminary
- 7 injunctions at all, because if you do this and ask for
- 8 a preliminary injunction, you have got to have a
- 9 hearing. You've got to present evidence on the
- 10 standard. So now we have more procedural glue here.
- And then, once you get an injunction, and
- 12 the court automatically grants it, the first thing the
- 13 court is going to say is you've got to bond the
- 14 injunction. If you get a preliminary injunction,
- 15 you've got to do a bond. And if we have a picture --
- 16 photographs and a motion picture, to use the example
- 17 we just had right now, and the example says, "Well, I
- 18 am going to lose \$50 million on releasing my motion
- 19 picture," the first thing I'm going to say is,
- 20 "Outside jurisdictional limits of the court." You
- 21 only have a limit here. You are posting a bond beyond
- 22 your jurisdictional limit. So now you are going to

- 1 have a jurisdictional appeal here.
- 2 So you are already going to have to deal
- 3 with all of these issues here on a preliminary stage.
- 4 And all we're doing is creating now more glue and
- 5 confusion and having a mini trial in effect, or a mini
- 6 hearing, on the nature and the standards for issuing
- 7 an injunction, which is going to require you to get an
- 8 attorney to do that. Otherwise, the courts are going
- 9 to be very reluctant to issue it.
- 10 So I am -- the more I think about it, I
- 11 don't think we should have these preliminarily.
- Now, whether or not an injunction can be
- 13 issued after trial, after an evidentiary hearing, and
- 14 after you have heard all of these matters, if we are
- 15 doing it in what we have called these true small
- 16 claims matters where we are limiting the claims, if
- 17 the defendant shows the amount of damage -- remember,
- 18 you don't get an injunction automatically even after a
- 19 trial right now.
- 20 Even in the famous Rear Window case, they
- 21 didn't get an injunction at all. The Supreme Court
- 22 said, "Go back to the Ninth Circuit," and the Ninth

- 1 Circuit said, "You know something? Even though they
- 2 are showing the movie, and we know you're infringing
- 3 your work, you can really solve this by damages." So
- 4 you still have all of these equitable limits on the
- 5 courts, and they may not necessarily grant an
- 6 injunction here.
- 7 And if you do have that, you are immediately
- 8 going to face -- the defendant, I guarantee you, is
- 9 always going to say, "Oh, the cost of the injunction
- 10 is more than the jurisdictional limit of the court.
- 11 No jurisdiction." And you are going to have to face
- 12 that issue.
- 13 And you want to have small claims courts
- 14 issuing preliminary injunctions, I just think that if
- 15 you are going to be doing that, you are probably going
- 16 to want to have only an injunction after you have had
- 17 the mini trial where you could have all of the
- 18 evidence presented that justifies the injunction. And
- 19 that is a substantial showing here.
- MS. CHARLESWORTH: Yes. Just to be clear, I
- 21 wasn't suggesting there should be preliminary
- 22 injunctions. I was just speaking generally, and

```
probably referring more to final injunctions because -
2
              MR. BRENNAN: We haven't distinguished that
   here. But the more I think about it, I think it's
   very important to distinguish preliminary versus
 5
    final, because I think preliminary remedies here are
    going to really increase the cost of the procedure,
   and I really don't think we should do that.
              An injunction after a small claims hearing,
   the more I think about it the less -- if you are going
10
    to get an injunction, it's a serious remedy. And I
11
12
    think you are probably not going to be able to do it
13
    in the true -- what we are calling the real small
    claims procedures.
14
15
              After the mini trial's procedure, I am
16
    little bit more sanguine about doing it, because I
17
    think we have made the presentations necessary for
18
    that injunction hearing and equitable remedies.
19
   don't think we should do it preliminarily.
20
             MS. CHARLESWORTH: Ms. Knappen?
21
             MS. KNAPPEN: If you take injunctions out of
22
    the equation for the true small claims, you take the
```

- 1 teeth out of it. So I create a bunch of icons and
- 2 they are put into a piece of software and I go,
- 3 "Golly, I was" --
- 4 MR. BRENNAN: How do you answer this
- 5 question? You have created a bunch of icons. They
- 6 have gone into the software, and I come back to you
- 7 and say, "Well, okay, I've put icons -- you put your
- 8 icons in my software. I understand. It is now going
- 9 to cost me \$10 million in order to uncover all of
- 10 those. Will you please bond the injunction?"
- MS. KNAPPEN: That is not my problem.
- 12 MR. BRENNAN: Well, no, it is your problem,
- 13 because if you don't bond the injunction the court is
- 14 not going to issue it.
- MS. KNAPPEN: No, no, no. The fact that it
- 16 is going to cost you \$10 million will --
- 17 MR. BRENNAN: No. You are going to have to
- 18 bond the injunction.
- 19 MS. CHARLESWORTH: Here is the issue.
- 20 Again, to sort of -- and this is drawing on prior
- 21 comments, but to try and characterize them. The issue
- 22 is, if it's a \$10 million problem that you need a lot

- 1 of due process safeguards. You need a lot of -- you
- 2 know, you need a court to review it very carefully,
- 3 and that's inconsistent with the idea of having a very
- 4 small court where you have a very streamlined process
- 5 without a lot of opportunity for discovery, perhaps no
- 6 deposition, you know, all of the things we have been
- 7 talking about.
- 8 And so there is -- at the same time, there
- 9 is the problem of the simple, you know, sort of
- 10 takedown, I just want my photo off that website, which
- 11 doesn't seem that overwhelming. And so this is I
- 12 think a particularly tricky problem to try and
- 13 resolve, if we can resolve it, in terms of how we
- 14 would think about this system.
- 15 Mr. Hasbrouck?
- 16 MR. HASBROUCK: I didn't think we were
- 17 talking about preliminary injunctions. And it's
- 18 really a different can of worms. In most of these
- 19 cases, the infringement has already been going on for
- 20 some time, and hopefully, crossing our fingers, we
- 21 will have a quick enough process that we will get to a
- 22 resolution.

So speaking in terms of, once there has been 1 a finding of infringement -- we are in agreement that there has been -- that it's the infringer's problem what it is going to cost to fix that. And I think that trying to put limits on it 5 based on the overall value of the work or the value of the infringement in relationship to the value of the 7 work is going to create -- is really opening a can of worms, because you are going to see whether it is an 10 article in a magazine. The magazine publisher is 11 going to claim, well, that's an integral component of 12 that issue or even of that entire volume or even of 13 the entire corpus of the archives of the magazine. One page on a website, the web publisher is 14 15 going to say that is integral part of the entirety of 16 the website. So, and if you set up the kind of 17 process you are describing, it will be to the infringer's advantage to incorporate these infringing 18 19 things into something that can be claimed as a large, 20 valuable corpus, the integrity of which would be 21 destroyed by taking out this one now-proven-to-be 22 infringing work.

So I think you have to rest it on, if you 1 have proven infringement, you are entitled to an injunction, or at least to pursue an injunction through this process mandating the cessation of the infringing conduct. And how the infringer goes about 5 6 doing that is their problem. MS. ROWLAND: I wanted to raise a point about this whole discussion, because when we were talking about these issues yesterday we were talking 10 about mandatory, which is voluntary, and the 11 constitutional issues. So for a moment think of this as being a voluntary system and -- for Ms. Tommaselli. 12 So if it's a voluntary system for the 13 defendant, and the defendant is concerned, so up front 15 the plaintiff would have to say, "We are going for 16 injunctive relief." Ms. Tommaselli could say, "See ya, 17 you know, we're not going to go into this. We don't feel comfortable." 19 And so then a question is, what is an 20 incentive to make the film producers, the music 21 producers, and whoever comfortable agreeing to be in 22 this procedure.

- And so a question is: how can that be done? 1 Could it be something like, if they are going after a film producer, there would be no preliminary injunction and perhaps at the end of this -- at the end of the procedure there was some sort of showing, a 5 film producer could say, "This is going to have this 6 huge financial impact, we can't do this injunction," if there would be a way to appeal that or do 9 something. 10 But I think that the talk about, you know, we need an injunction, I understand that's very 11 important to a lot of rights holders. But if it would 12 13 be a voluntary procedure, we have to think of a way that they just wouldn't immediately refuse to be 14 15 involved. And I don't know if anyone has any 16 suggestions on how to get everyone to agree to that, 17 but suggestions would be welcome. I think I threw a 18 wrench into the --
 - 19 MS. CHARLESWORTH: I think you stumped the
 - 20 audience. Well, I think -- as I said, I think this is
 - 21 a very important issue, and it has two very compelling
 - 22 sides to it at least, probably more. So we will

- 1 continue to look at that and take the comments, the
- 2 written comments, into consideration, as well as
- 3 everything that has been said at these meetings.
- We have a couple -- let's see, we have about
- 5 15 minutes left. A couple of additional topics here.
- 6 One -- well, two of them sort of are interrelated --
- 7 the effect of the adjudication and the enforceability
- 8 of the judgment. And I think we touched on some of
- 9 this yesterday, but the question is, should this be a
- 10 final and enforceable judgment? Should it be
- 11 precedential?
- 12 I think many people yesterday expressed the
- 13 view that it should be publicly available in some sort
- 14 of written form, although if you disagree with that,
- 15 you know, here is your opportunity to speak to that.
- 16 Should it be res judicata and collateral
- 17 estoppel? What should the impact of the outcome in
- 18 small claims court be? Any thoughts on this? Yes,
- 19 Mr. Reed.
- 20 MR. REED: Well, the specific reference to
- 21 whether it could be used as precedent, collateral
- 22 estoppel, that sort of thing, any time you have a

- 1 process that purports to be streamlined, you then have
- 2 great difficulty, I think, in making that applicable
- 3 to other circumstances.
- 4 And I could see the opportunity for some
- 5 gamesmanship for a battle in a small claims
- 6 environment over an issue that could really have
- 7 applicability much more broadly, and the opportunity
- 8 for somebody to go in, test the waters, try to get a
- 9 quick and cheap ruling in their favor, and then go
- 10 riding around the countryside and using that very
- 11 broadly. And so I would be very hesitant to have a
- 12 system that would allow for that.
- MS. CHARLESWORTH: So your view is that the
- 14 judgment should apply to the specific parties and
- 15 issues that were --
- MR. REED: And only in that case.
- 17 MS. CHARLESWORTH: Only in that case.
- 18 MR. REED: One at a time. If we are talking
- 19 truly expedited and small claims, yeah, absolutely.
- 20 MS. CHARLESWORTH: Are there different
- 21 points of view on that? Everyone agree? Mr. Brennan?
- MR. BRENNAN: Again, if we are truly just

- 1 the small claims proceeding, that seems reasonable.
- 2 If we are talking more, as some proposed, a mini trial
- 3 proceeding, in which we are going to have actually an
- 4 adjudicated hearing, I think those should be written
- 5 decisions. You could have claim preclusion, issue
- 6 preclusion in effect, because we have had a true
- 7 evidentiary hearing on it. So we should just
- 8 distinguish those two cases.
- 9 MS. CHARLESWORTH: Okay. Is everyone
- 10 satisfied with that approach? At least here? Ms.
- 11 Calzada, are you not -- oh, Mr. Hasbrouck? I'm sorry.
- MR. HASBROUCK: I would just point out that
- 13 this may in fact be one of the significant incentives
- 14 to participate in if it were to be a voluntary process
- 15 -- the fact that the judgment would be of limited
- 16 effect.
- 17 And that is not going to be a problem for
- 18 small creators, because they are not going to have the
- 19 resources to be trying to pursue any collateral cases
- 20 or anything anyway. So, you know, their outcome is
- 21 going to be determined by the judgment in this case
- 22 anyway. So they are not giving up anything that they

- 1 actually have now by forgoing that. But the defendant
- 2 may see it as a more narrow, closed-end thing that
- 3 makes them more willing to participate.
- 4 MS. CHARLESWORTH: Okay. Those are good
- 5 comments. Thank you.
- 6 MS. CALZADA: I will add, I do think it is
- 7 important that it is res judicata on that particular
- 8 issue for those parties, because you don't want a
- 9 finding in this court, and then the loser deciding to
- 10 go out and litigate it again because that defeats the
- 11 purpose. So definitely important that it sticks, you
- 12 know?
- 13 MS. CHARLESWORTH: Okay. Enforceability --
- 14 we spoke a little bit about this yesterday. Does
- 15 anyone have further thoughts on, let's assume we are
- 16 dealing here with some sort of voluntary process.
- 17 There is an administrative tribunal of some sort that
- 18 is not an Article III court, how to make these
- 19 judgments enforceable? Ms. Wright is -- I think you
- 20 had some comments yesterday, a few. Do you have --
- 21 from your experience, do you want to comment --
- MS. WRIGHT: Yes.

```
69
              MS. CHARLESWORTH: -- a little bit further
 1
 2
    on that?
 3
              MS. WRIGHT: Right. The suggestion
    yesterday was that it would be enforceable by a state
    court because the procedure to domesticate judgments
 5
    is expensive, and we are trying to make it easier for
 6
   people of limited means to be able to collect. And
   because of the internet, we've got -- we do have
   national implications of -- where you may find your
10
    infringer, and where you may be able to collect.
11
              So I am hopeful that it would be
    enforceable, but you do have to worry about
12
    constitutionality of all of that. And good luck with
13
14
    that.
15
             MS. CHARLESWORTH: Oh, no, no. We don't
    want that. I mean, do you think there is some process
17
    -- I think you talked a little bit yesterday about a
18
   process where you could take the judgment and file it,
19
    similar to an arbitration award, and then it would be
20
    a federal court judgment. Is that -- do you think
21
   that would be helpful?
22
             MS. WRIGHT: If you can enforce it through
```

- 1 federal court, that's fine. If you can enforce it
- 2 through state court, I think that would be better and
- 3 easier, cheaper to collect. But, again, it has to be
- 4 enforceable under constitutional avenues.
- 5 MS. CHARLESWORTH: Okay. Any further
- 6 thoughts? All right. Well, we are down to our last
- 7 topic for Panel -- what panel are we on?
- 8 MS. ROWLAND: Five.
- 9 MS. CHARLESWORTH: Five. Review and
- 10 appeals. I think this is a very -- another very
- 11 significant issue. Some have suggested that if we set
- 12 up an administrative court one way to overcome some of
- 13 the constitutional concerns is to make everything
- 14 appealable to an Article III court.
- 15 Others have suggested that there should be
- 16 no appeals. In other words, if you volunteer to
- 17 partake of this process, you are agreeing that
- 18 whatever is done is over unless there is some sort of
- 19 fraud or some gross abuse of process.
- I want to open the floor on this issue in
- 21 terms of thinking about the scale of the system and
- 22 the usability, and whether a right of appeal makes

71 sense, and, if so, to what body, another administrative body, to an Article III court, what are your thoughts? Mr. Reed? MR. REED: Again, making the analogy to arbitration, in arbitration there is a very limited 6 right of appeal, basically, to an arbitration award 7 based upon very specific standards -- bribery, fraud. There are very few, three or four, bases. 10 And then, also, following on Mr. Brennan's distinction several times this morning between the 11 12 very small -- true small claims and a more 13 intermediate mini trial concept, you might be able to have two different approaches that in the small claims 15 environment, based upon the parties' agreement to 16 participate, then they can only object to the outcome 17 based upon some of the similar sort of very, very 18 egregious potential misconduct on the part of the 19 hearing officer. 20 Then, in the more intermediate size matters, you could have a broader right to object, and then 21 22 perhaps that would be to the Article III judge, who in

- 1 all likelihood would give it to a Magistrate anyway.
- 2 So, I mean, you might be able to get some
- 3 complexity in there that would get the benefits that
- 4 you are looking for and not any of the real burden of
- 5 process.
- 6 MS. CHARLESWORTH: Mr. Brennan?
- 7 MR. BRENNAN: Following up on that comment,
- 8 I think we need to look again at our true -- what we
- 9 are calling our true small claims and our sort of mini
- 10 trial. If you are looking at the true small claims
- 11 area, if you limit the right of appeal -- and here is
- 12 the issue on the appeal. What you usually want to
- 13 appeal is an error of law, somebody didn't follow the
- 14 law.
- 15 Whether you can appeal an arbitration on
- 16 that ground is still something of an open issue here.
- 17 But you certainly want that. If you're a defendant
- 18 and you have a limited or no right of appeal, plus the
- 19 possibility of an injunction, that is a strong
- 20 disincentive never to consent to going in small claims
- 21 proceeding.
- 22 So you might consent to go if it was just

- 1 limited to the parties, damages only. It makes sense
- 2 to do; it's a limited claim. But the more you start
- 3 to increase the remedies and decrease the ability to
- 4 review, the more you disincentivize any defendant to
- 5 consent to that. So that is the first thing to
- 6 consider.
- The second thing is, if we do have a small
- 8 claims, you have to ask, what do we -- what are the
- 9 grounds for appeal, and where do we appeal? For
- 10 example, let's assume we say we appeal to Article III
- 11 court. Which one? Is it the one located in
- 12 Washington, D.C., where the court is issued? Or is it
- 13 any district court in the country or the district
- 14 court where the defendant is located? Which one?
- 15 That then puts you in the issue of, do you
- 16 have one court that is centralized where you have
- 17 uniform procedures? Or if we go to multiple different
- 18 district courts, then we can have all sorts of
- 19 different procedures.
- 20 Second ground is, what is the basis for the
- 21 appeal? In California, when you appeal on small
- 22 claims, you can actually go back and have a new trial

- 1 again. Do you go back and have a new trial in
- 2 district court if the grounds of appeal are like an
- 3 error of law? Or does the court only correct errors
- 4 in law and send it back to the small claims to have
- 5 there? Or does it just vacate the award and say you
- 6 have to start over?
- 7 So if you do appeal, on what grounds do you
- 8 appeal? And what's the result of the appeal? Is it
- 9 only review of law? Is it review of law and facts?
- 10 So those are all of these procedural questions.
- The next thing you have to ask is on your
- 12 mini trial area there. I'm assuming that we had some
- 13 sort of a trial and either it was in a court that was
- 14 maybe a special district court, so maybe your mini
- 15 trial wasn't an Article III court, a special district
- 16 court, just in D.C. to handle this, or it was part of
- 17 the other district courts. We don't know whether it's
- 18 just one court or if it's part of the other district
- 19 courts using a streamlined procedure in the other
- 20 district courts.
- 21 You then have to ask, if those are appealed,
- 22 where do they go? They go to a court of appeal.

Which one? Do they go to the federal circuit in D.C.? Or do they go to the regional circuits? If they go to the regional circuits, you have the problem of, again, uniformity. If they go to the federal circuit, the 5 federal circuit needs some -- how can I say this 6 politely? Sometimes one does not have -- the federal 7 circuit would probably need to have some additional judges that had some more experience in the copyright and contracting area, so that they would have 10 experience in this. So when you say "appeal," it's 11 12 not just what you appeal, it's what are the grounds 13 for the appeal, where is it going to go, and if we do have an appeal, what is the result of the appeal? 15 Does it go back to the -- it seems to me in 16 the mini trial areas we could do the appeals the way 17 we normally do it, and then it just depends whether or 18 not the appeal is going -- where the mini trial is 19 being held, in one place or in the district courts. 20 In the small claims area here, though, I 21 think you have to think very carefully about what the 22 appeal is going to do. I think you should have a

- 1 right to appeal; otherwise, defendants probably won't
- 2 consent. And if you do have a right of appeal, then
- 3 we have to ask on what grounds, and what is the effect
- 4 of the appeal?
- 5 MS. CHARLESWORTH: Ms. Wright?
- 6 MS. WRIGHT: A lot of it has to do with the
- 7 risk that the defendant has going into this process.
- 8 If it's the injunctive relief, if it's high damages,
- 9 and if there is an appeal process available. If there
- 10 is an appeal process available, I can sort of foresee
- 11 a larger defendant represented by counsel and sending
- 12 the first year attorney, go get some litigation
- 13 experience, go try this case, see how you do. If you
- 14 lose, we can appeal, no problem, we haven't lost
- 15 anything. You have to have - have a stake in this
- 16 outcome.
- 17 Also, you are talking about artists who
- 18 don't have a lot of money. And if you make it an
- 19 appealable process, if they win, then the defendant
- 20 says, "Well, we are just going to appeal," and you are
- 21 going to have to -- you are going to be in the same
- 22 boat as you were in the first case. You're going to

- 1 be in federal court. The plaintiff is not going to be
- 2 able to represent him or herself very well, have to
- 3 get an attorney, incur costs. So you are really -- it
- 4 is just a circle.
- 5 And so it -- to me, it seems as though it
- 6 needs to be final process. Therefore, you limit
- 7 somewhat -- to some extent the risk that the defendant
- 8 has so that the defendant is more willing to
- 9 participate in the process.
- MR. BRENNAN: I mean, all of that makes
- 11 sense here. The issue is for a defendant here, the
- 12 more you limit their ability to have -- if you make
- 13 the procedure expedited and eliminate their right to
- 14 review, the defendant is not going to consent if you -
- 15 especially if you have injunctive relief. I can
- 16 just --
- MS. WRIGHT: Or high damages.
- 18 MR. BRENNAN: I could not, in good
- 19 conscience, recommend a defendant ever consent to
- 20 that. So that would mean that -- or high damages. So
- 21 that means you are going to have to limit severely
- 22 your remedies in what we'll call the true small claims

- 1 procedures, if you don't have an appeal.
- One of the things we see in arbitration and
- 3 do in a lot of arbitrations is you are always -- the
- 4 other thing that happens is if you don't have a right
- 5 of appeal here, especially to review -- and, again, it
- 6 depends on what their appeal is. If the appeal is a
- 7 trial de novo, that is one thing. If the appeal is
- 8 only errors in law, there is a lot less -- a lot more
- 9 incentive to participate actively.
- 10 But if you don't have an appeal at least for
- 11 errors in law, then the tendency is to make the entire
- 12 proceeding much more complicated, because, as I said
- 13 before, you don't know what the adjudicator is going
- 14 to do, and you are going to throw everything on the
- 15 wall because you only get one shot.
- 16 So I would say at least you should have a
- 17 right to appeal for errors in law, which is a standard
- 18 grounds for appeal, even in a small claims proceeding.
- 19 MS. CHARLESWORTH: And do you think a pro se
- 20 litigant would be able to move forward with that type
- 21 of appeal?
- MR. BRENNAN: When we say "appeals," we have

- 1 to understand how many cases are appealed. Even if
- 2 you win or lose in the trial court, only a small
- 3 percentage of even judgments are appealed. No
- 4 defendant wants to sit down -- I mean, it is time-
- 5 consuming and expensive to do an appeal. You don't
- 6 sit down and say, "Oh, I lost a case. I'll
- 7 automatically appeal." That's --
- 8 MS. CHARLESWORTH: No, I'm not suggesting
- 9 that. What I'm suggesting is, you know, there has been
- 10 a lot of discussion here about making this system
- 11 accessible to pro se litigants. And so if you have a
- 12 right of appeal, one issue that has come up -- even if
- 13 it's to an administrative body and it is focused on
- 14 errors of law, which is itself a fairly legalistic
- 15 standard, but especially I think if you are talking
- 16 about appealing to an Article III court, the question
- 17 comes up of whether a pro se litigant really could
- 18 effectively represent themselves, in most cases. I am
- 19 not saying there wouldn't be exceptions, but whether
- 20 that would be accessible to them. If, say, the
- 21 defendant chose to appeal, would they be able to
- 22 represent themselves effectively at the appellate

80 level? 1 2 MR. BRENNAN: Hard to say whether they would or not. I don't know. MS. WRIGHT: And one concern is that the 5 defendants often use the threat of appeal to negotiate a lower award, to say, okay, we are going to appeal, 6 we are going to take you into federal court, unless 7 you agree to accept a lower amount of the judgment. And so that threat is --10 MR. BRENNAN: Of course. But the other side 11 to that is this: you are now a pro se litigant. You have won your small claims case. You have an award. 12 13 You have a set award plus an attorney's fees award. 14 Now, although you may say, "Well, now I have 15 to get an attorney," it's a much different thing if 16 you walk in and somebody says, "Will you handle an 17 appeal for me? I have already won at the lower court 18 level, and I have this money awarded." "Oh, and by 19 the way, since there is an attorney's fees clause, if 20 I win on the appeal, I could probably get the appeal, 21 too." That's a much more appealing case for an 22 attorney to take on for you here.

- I mean, we are thinking about trying to do
- 2 this in which we have -- the reason we have lawyers
- 3 here and do these cases is not because -- lawyers
- 4 aren't here and making this procedurally complicated
- 5 for the fun of it. No lawyer likes to sit and waste
- 6 their time answering interrogatories or screwing
- 7 around in discovery. It's there because we've made
- 8 them for due process concerns, and that's part of what
- 9 your specialty is.
- 10 It's like going to a doctor. You know, you
- 11 could probably go and remove your appendix yourself,
- 12 but it wouldn't be a good idea.
- MS. WRIGHT: But that doesn't set a model
- 14 for pro se litigant, and a pro se litigant is going to
- 15 be extremely intimidated by the threat of having to
- 16 have an appellate process at the federal court level.
- 17 That's what we're trying to do is get rid of that
- 18 fear.
- 19 MR. BRENNAN: I understand that. But if we
- 20 are only creating a system for pro se litigants, then
- 21 we are going to have to create a very narrow system.
- 22 And the question is, if you want somebody to be able

- 1 to get a recovery beyond a very limited level because
- 2 of our due process and our technical concerns, then
- 3 they are going to have to look about hiring this
- 4 specialist to help them do it.
- 5 MS. CHARLESWORTH: Other -- Ms. Calzada?
- 6 MS. CALZADA: So we feel like the most
- 7 effective system would be non-voluntary. In other
- 8 words, you couldn't just say, okay, let both sides
- 9 agree, it has to be mandatory. And our research shows
- 10 that in order to be constitutional and mandatory there
- 11 has to be a right of appeal. But with an
- 12 administrative agency, the appeal standard is
- 13 typically an abuse of discretion. So that's what I
- 14 have to add to the conversation.
- MS. CHARLESWORTH: So in your proposal, you
- 16 would go from the administrative agency to an Article
- 17 III court.
- MS. CALZADA: Yeah.
- MS. CHARLESWORTH: And I guess I would --
- 20 that raises the question I think Ms. Wright addressed.
- 21 The question then is, is that -- assuming you -- one
- 22 goal, and this is just an assumption, we are here to

- 1 have a totally open discussion, so I'm not trying to -
- 2 but assuming one goal is to allow people to go
- 3 through this process without a lawyer, how would you
- 4 envision that working if they were faced with an
- 5 appeal or chose to appeal themselves?
- 6 MS. CALZADA: Well, I think that right now
- 7 the system -- you know, if there is the opportunity
- 8 for appeal, I could win pro se, but I would still be
- 9 subject to appeal. And so I am not sure that it is
- 10 that much different, other than, as Mr. Brennan said,
- 11 there would be, you know, the lower precedent, and you
- 12 are at the abuse of discretion standard.
- 13 Perhaps, you know, we could insert something
- 14 that says, you know, if a non-prevailing party appeals
- 15 and loses the appeal, then they are required to pay
- 16 the attorney's fees of the prevailing party, that
- 17 might be a way to sort of even the playing field and
- 18 attract attorneys, because I do think on an appeal you
- 19 would probably be stuck needing some assistance.
- MS. CHARLESWORTH: What do people think of
- 21 that, fee shifting on appeal? Is that -- Mr.
- 22 Hasbrouck?

MR. HASBROUCK: Pretty much the same thing 1 we think of fee shifting in any of these cases -- the rich get richer. It would seem that the constitutional choice is between either a mandatory system with right of appeal or a voluntary system with 5 no right of appeal. 6 7 The voluntary system with no right of appeal gets small creators nowhere, because the defendant infringers aren't going to opt in. So if the choice 10 is something that is useless, or something that might be helpful, we would go for the mandatory system with 11 12 right of appeal, presumably on the standard that currently applies for appealing from the decision of 13 an administrative law judge. 15 And even in California where you have a 16 right to a trial de novo on appeal from a small claims 17 court, small claims courts are quite effective. 18 tend to suspect that part of the reason is that the 19 calculus of the defendant, the losing party, once they 20 have already gone before the small claims adjudicator 21 and gotten that verdict, they are going to look 22 differently on their chances of success in the next

- 1 round, and they are going to make a different kind of
- 2 business decision based on that more realistic sense
- 3 of the strength of their case and the likelihood of
- 4 prevailing.
- 5 So it may well be that a lot of people who
- 6 would not opt in in the first place to a voluntary
- 7 process will be prepared to throw in the towel even if
- 8 they had a right to a trial de novo, rather than
- 9 invest the money in trying to pursue that. It would
- 10 at least provide some prospect of relief.
- MS. CHARLESWORTH: Further thoughts?
- 12 MS. CALZADA: I tend to agree that it seems
- 13 that nothing is going to be perfect in the way that it
- 14 solves all problems. And so if we can come up with
- 15 something that solves a lot of problems, that would be
- 16 a net positive.
- 17 MS. CHARLESWORTH: On that hopeful note --
- 18 actually, I think now we are about almost 10 minutes
- 19 overdue to end this panel. So why don't we take a
- 20 break until, say, 20 after. Is that --
- 21 MS. ROWLAND: Yes. And I think we are going
- 22 to make an announcement about the next two panels or -

86 1 2 MS. CHARLESWORTH: Yes. I think we have very few people who signed up specifically to address constitutional issues. MS. ROWLAND: Right. So we have -- the next 5 two panels are the constitutional issue panel and the 6 moving forward panel. And people I guess didn't rank 7 constitutional issues high, I don't think because it's not extremely important, but probably because people 10 are intimidated and do not feel that they have the 11 information necessary to contribute to the discussion. 12 We are still going to have the panel, but 13 the issue with the panel and the people who are interested in it means that it probably will be quite 14 15 short, unless some other people decide to start 16 speaking up. 17 And if that happens, of course, we will go 18 the whole way. But we have also determined in our last meetings that the moving forward panel did not go 19 20 that long either, so the last time we actually 21 combined those two panels and just saw how far they 22 went.

That seemed to work for us that day, but we 1 will put it up for a vote. And why don't you guys think about it in your break. And when we come back, we can decide if we are going to combine them or not. And if we don't combine them, it will just probably be a very short Panel VI, and then moving on to Panel 6 VII. So with that, I guess we are releasing the panel for now. So we are adjourned for another, what did you say, 15 minutes? 10 11 MS. CHARLESWORTH: Yes. Which really is 25 12 after I quess. MS. ROWLAND: Okay. So 'til 25 after. 13 we'll see you back then. 15 MS. CHARLESWORTH: See you in a few minutes. 16 (Brief recess.) 17 MS. ROWLAND: Okay. I think we are ready to start the next panel. And as I mentioned before the 19 break, we were discussing that perhaps these panels 20 won't each take an hour and a half each. And we were 21 contemplating combining them. 22 The two panels, just to refresh your memory,

- 1 are constitutional issues and moving forward. And I'm
- 2 looking around, I'm not sure if we have any
- 3 constitutional law experts in here. But if we could
- 4 put it to a vote and see what people think. So we
- 5 could either just go ahead and do them panel by panel
- 6 and start with Panel VI, and stop after we're done
- 7 with it and then take another break and then go into
- 8 Panel VII, just moving forward, or we can just try to
- 9 combine them.
- 10 And our experience from our panels in New
- 11 York I think it probably was only an hour and a half
- 12 for both of them combined there, and we had a few more
- 13 participants who were very into some of these issues.
- 14 MS. CHARLESWORTH: So the idea is we would
- 15 end before lunch, so people would be free to depart --
- 16 MS. ROWLAND: Yes. Instead --
- 17 MS. CHARLESWORTH: -- get out of school a
- 18 little bit early.
- 19 MS. ROWLAND: Instead of taking an hour long
- 20 break and then coming back for maybe another shorter
- 21 panel.
- MS. CHARLESWORTH: Compress them to get

- 1 people out of here sooner. Or if people prefer a more
- 2 leisurely pace, that's fine with us.
- 3 MS. ROWLAND: And we wanted to emphasize
- 4 this not because we do not think either of these are
- 5 very important issues. In fact, we think the
- 6 constitutional issues are probably the most important
- 7 issues that we have to consider, because if we come up
- 8 with something that we think might be viable that is
- 9 unconstitutional, well, that is really no help to
- 10 anybody.
- 11 And it is very important to take into
- 12 account all of the due process issues, the Article III
- 13 issues, the 7th Amendment, so there are many issues
- 14 that we really, really need to spend a lot of time
- 15 researching. And at the Copyright Office we will be
- 16 spending our time researching them and trying to
- 17 understand how they interact with all of these other
- 18 issues that we are dealing with. We think they are
- 19 extremely important, so don't think that combining
- 20 these panels says anything about that, because we
- 21 think they are very, very important.
- 22 So with that in mind, who here would like to

- 1 combine the panels? I need a show of hands. Okay.
- 2 So it's unanimous. We don't need to poll the audience
- 3 or anything.
- 4 So we are going to go ahead and combine
- 5 them. And what we'll do is we'll start -- I think that
- 6 whoever is here for one panel can be on the other
- 7 panel. I think everyone at this point we can just
- 8 join in.
- 9 So the first panel is on constitutional
- 10 issues, and talk just briefly about the different
- 11 types of constitutional issues and see if anyone has
- 12 thoughts or ideas on these issues. And if they don't
- 13 have thoughts themselves, perhaps if they have advice
- 14 on where the Copyright Office can look, if there are
- 15 other resources that people might think would be
- 16 helpful for us to look at.
- 17 And so the first issue is really a
- 18 specialized -- the separation of powers issue and the
- 19 question of an Article III court and whether or not a
- 20 small claims proceeding, if it is not within a
- 21 district court system, how would that interact with
- 22 Article III and the requirements of that. And does

91 anyone have kind of a general thought on that issue? 2 Okay. Calzada? MS. CALZADA: Yeah. So just generally, an Article I court, which is an administrative agency, doesn't trigger a separation of powers question if 5 it's done properly. 6 MS. ROWLAND: Okay. Do you have anything more to add on how to perhaps make that work properly? 9 MS. CALZADA: Well, by creating an administrative agency, you know, I think the biggest 10 concern would be the public right question. But we 11 believe that the public's right to having copyrighted 12 13 works in our culture and that kind of thing could be sort of that public right. I think that's probably 15 going to be the biggest question is how to make the 16 administrative agency apply in these cases. 17 would be our biggest hurdle, in my opinion. 18 MS. ROWLAND: Do you have any 19 recommendations on how to help with that? 20 MS. CALZADA: Well, just generally that 21 copyright -- there is a public right and a constitutional element to copyright and protection of 22

- 1 copyright, and the public has a great interest in
- 2 protection of copyright.
- 3 MS. ROWLAND: I think Mr. Brennan had
- 4 something to say.
- 5 MR. BRENNAN: I think the first question you
- 6 have to ask is whether or not you are going to make
- 7 the procedure voluntary or mandatory. Because if it's
- 8 going to be voluntary, and the people opt in, then I
- 9 don't think you have any constitutional issues. So
- 10 the first thing you have to do is say, which road are
- 11 we going to go down?
- 12 If you make it voluntary, then the issue is,
- 13 well, how do we create incentives for people to opt
- 14 in? It seems to me that the easiest way to go and the
- 15 way you do to create incentives is, what are the
- 16 incentives for a plaintiff to want to opt in? And on
- 17 the plaintiff's point of view, I think simplification
- 18 of procedures, reduced cost, and for a defendant to
- 19 opt in, maybe limitation on certain remedies and
- 20 perhaps, as I said before, just an effectiveness
- 21 between the parties.
- 22 So then you want to create a system of

incentives for people to opt in. And if that's the case, then you can look at either setting it up as an administrative board or an administrative tribal. that's the first question you have to ask. 5 If you are going to make it mandatory, it seems then you go through a whole host of issues. 6 not only the institutional issues, but you have to 7 start asking things like, if it's mandatory, where is it going to be? Is it going to have to have multiple locations, or will you have national service of 10 process? Are we going to have judgments? What are 11 12 the remedies? And you have a whole range of 13 additional questions. So the first question I think to ask is: 14 15 voluntary or not? That will determine what your 16 answers are going to be before you even have to walk 17 down any of these more complicated issues. MS. ROWLAND: Okay. Does anyone else have 18 19 anything to say on that issue? Ms. Calzada? 20 MS. CALZADA: Well, the reason that we 21 pursued the administrative agency option was that we 22 felt that it should be mandatory, and that it would be

- 1 most effective if it's mandatory.
- MS. ROWLAND: You have the -- and then, as
- 3 we discussed, so then you have to be very careful
- 4 about how to create such a mandatory system to see if
- 5 it would be able to pass constitutional muster.
- 6 MS. CALZADA: Yes.
- 7 MS. ROWLAND: Okay.
- MS. CHARLESWORTH: And we want to thank you
- 9 for doing research on that. I know it's a little far
- 10 afield for some of us. But we appreciate your
- 11 comments and thoughtful approach, so we will look at
- 12 that.
- 13 MS. ROWLAND: Another constitutional issue
- 14 that comes up is the 7th Amendment and the right to a
- 15 jury trial. And the question becomes, at what point
- 16 can you -- would you have to have a jury in a small
- 17 claims procedure? If not, how would you get around
- 18 it? On our New York panels, there was a discussion of
- 19 perhaps limiting it to injunctive relief, which is a
- 20 whole other can of worms. But at least in some
- 21 people's thoughts that would remove kind of the
- 22 ability to have the 7th Amendment right to a jury.

I don't know if that's something that anyone 1 would be interested in, just limiting it to injunctive relief, but I suspect not. I would poll the audience Does anyone -- people are shaking their heads, so no one seems to be for this idea. Does anyone have 5 any ideas about the role of a jury system, or how to 6 have a small claims procedure co-exist with the 7th Amendment? Ms. Calzada? MS. CALZADA: Well, again, if you are in an 9 administrative agency, there is no requirement for a 10 jury trial. And, of course, on appeal to an Article 11 III court, they would have a right to a jury trial. 12 13 So that right wouldn't necessarily be --MS. ROWLAND: Okay. Does anyone else have 14 thoughts on that? 15 Okay. 16 One of the big issues that we have seen 17 raised and considered at the Copyright Office is about 18 personal jurisdiction and how one is to get 19 jurisdiction over a defendant. 20 So, for example, if you had a centralized 21 tribunal or court, perhaps in D.C. or New York or 22 L.A., and you wanted to get jurisdiction over somebody

who has never been to any of those places and perhaps is in Montana somewhere churning out T-shirts that are infringing, how would you get jurisdiction over that person? Does anyone have any thoughts on that? It's a very complicated question for sure. 5 And it is very important, because you do need to make 6 sure that you have the minimum contacts and all of the 7 constitutions standards satisfied. So that's something that we would love people to think about, because this is a major issue. 10 11 Mr. Brennan? 12 MR. BRENNAN: Zippo. MS. ROWLAND: Well, let's say it's not an 13 internet issue. Say they --15 MR. BRENNAN: That was -- yeah, exactly. 16 That's the second issue. 17 MS. ROWLAND: Right. So say they're not on the internet. And so there is -- for those of you who 19 are not familiar with the Zippo line of cases, there 20 is a line of cases. People are not -- I'm not sure 21 everyone is familiar with it. Basically, it's an early -- it was one of the earliest cases about

- 1 internet jurisdiction and how to get the
- 2 jurisidication over individuals who might be doing
- 3 things on websites. The Zippo case set up kind of a
- 4 test, which was how active the website is. So if it's
- 5 a passive website, or perhaps it's just a blog or
- 6 something where nothing is really -- there is no
- 7 interaction, that's a passive website, so you probably
- 8 can't get jurisdiction over a person for that.
- 9 If there's an interactive website at the
- 10 other end of the spectrum, or it's -- where the
- 11 defendant is sending packages all over the place and
- 12 soliciting customers everywhere, then that would be --
- 13 probably give you enough for a jurisdiction. And
- 14 then, there's kind of this kind of middle ground where
- 15 it's not totally interactive, it's not passive, it's
- 16 an intermediate site. And so there is some issue
- 17 there.
- But that is really for the internet. So say
- 19 it's somebody who, as I mentioned earlier, is in their
- 20 garage churning out some T-shirts with some photograph
- 21 on it that people find very valuable. And how do you
- 22 get jurisdiction over that person who is not selling

them over the internet but maybe is going to, I don't know, their local flea market or something and selling 3 them. Yes, Mr. Brennan? MR. BRENNAN: Well, again, you have to ask whether or not you are going to create just in our --6 just one court located in D.C., or you are going to make this as a separate procedure as an adjunct to a part of a district court. So that means if you are going to set up separate tribunals, or is it just a 10 new -- is it an appendix to the Federal Rules of Civil 11 Procedure that you have to teach every district court 12 13 judge, or do you create something in the district court? 14 15 I mean, one thing you could always do, I 16 mean, if you had to is you could initiate the case in 17 the district court where the defendant resides and get 18 jurisdiction, and then see whether or not there could 19 be a change of venue, especially if you are going to 20 do it online and electronically if the local district 21 court had facilities to count electronic mitigations 22 where the tribunal is. Then, you sort of meet your

- 1 jurisdictional requirements. It is awkward, but you
- 2 could do that from personal jurisdiction.
- 3 MS. ROWLAND: Okay. Does anyone else have
- 4 any thoughts on that? As he mentioned, it is very
- 5 complicated. So it's something that we are going to
- 6 be giving a lot of thought to.
- 7 And one of the final constitutional issues
- 8 that we are considering is about due process and
- 9 making sure that defendants have sufficient due
- 10 process, and making sure they are able to represent
- 11 themselves well and have the opportunity to present
- 12 their case in a fair manner.
- 13 And a lot of the issues that we have been
- 14 discussing deal with discovery and motion practice and
- 15 kind of a mini-trial scenario that Mr. Brennan brought
- 16 up. And so the question is, the less complicated the
- 17 procedure gets, the less due process you have. And if
- 18 it's a voluntary system, I suppose that's helpful to
- 19 your due process concerns, because you are opting in.
- 20 But does anyone have any thoughts on how to ensure
- 21 that the due process concerns are taken care of?
- Because even if it is a voluntary process,

100 perhaps you have an unsophisticated defendant who doesn't really understand what they are opting into. They don't realize. I think most members of the public really aren't really aware of their due process rights in civil litigation, so they don't really 5 understand that in a federal court they would have all sorts of rights to take discovery and depositions, and what not. 9 And how informed would they have to be to give that up? Because just saying it's voluntary 10 doesn't mean they are knowingly giving up those very 11 important due process rights. I wonder if anyone has 12 any thoughts about that. 13 I feel like all my questions are stumping 14 15 everybody today. 16 (Laughter.) 17 But it's a very important issue that we are 18 definitely researching. 19 MS. CHARLESWORTH: It's a good thing we're 20 not law professors. 21 MS. ROWLAND: I know. 22 MS. CHARLESWORTH: We're not doing a very

101 good job. 2 (Laughter.) 3 MS. ROWLAND: If you guys have any thoughts after this, if you want to be -- we may be opening up 5 another comment period. We're not sure yet. But if you have -- if we do and you have any thoughts, not just on your own personal views, if you have thoughts on other sources of information on this, we would love to hear them. 10 And so does anyone have any other constitutional issues they want to discuss? No? Mr. 11 12 Neil? 13 MR. NEIL: I mean, there is a lot of questions in this area. I don't mean to put, you know 15 -- make this a whole lot longer, but I'm curious if folks have any insight. I mean, I just was -- with 17 regards to the Feltner case, when I was looking at it, 18 my understanding is that, you know, it relates to 19 statutory damages particularly, 504(c). Is that other 20 folks' understanding as well? So, in other words, 21 there wouldn't be a jury trial issue if it was just 22 anactual damages court, for instance?

102 MS. ROWLAND: Ms. Calzada? 1 MS. CALZADA: My interpretation of Feltner was that it decided that the right to a jury applies in both cases. The question was whether, you know, if it's statutory damages, do you need a jury, and the 5 answer was yeah. 6 MS. CHARLESWORTH: Am I -- well, I think the case was focused on statutory damages, because that was the question that came up, but I don't disagree 10 with Ms. Calzada's --11 THE COURT REPORTER: I'm sorry. Can we stop for one second? I'm just having some technical 12 problems. 13 MS. ROWLAND: Sure. Okay. We're taking a 14 15 little technical break. 16 (Brief recess.) 17 MS. ROWLAND: I think we are back up. 18 THE COURT REPORTER: Yes. 19 MS. ROWLAND: I think he was talking about 20 the statutory damages case, so --21 MR. NEIL: Oh, sure. I was just asking the panel here about their interpretation of the Feltner

- 1 case and whether or not folks felt that the case was
- 2 limited to focusing on statutory damages or whether it
- 3 was broader in terms of focusing on all damages in
- 4 terms of requiring a jury trial under the 7th
- 5 Amendment.
- 6 It seemed like there was some -- a little
- 7 bit of a difference of opinion. Some folks thought it
- 8 was just statutory damages. Some folks thought it was
- 9 both.
- 10 MS. ROWLAND: I think Ms. Calzada had
- 11 something to say.
- MR. NEIL: Yeah. I'm sorry.
- MS. CALZADA: My interpretation of the case
- 14 -- and it has been a while since I read it -- but it
- 15 was that the question on the table in that case
- 16 specifically was whether a jury trial was required for
- 17 statutory damages, you know, outside of the general
- 18 constitutional point that a jury trial is required for
- 19 regular damages. So it did specifically address
- 20 statutory, but that doesn't mean that the rule is
- 21 limited to statutory.
- 22 MS. ROWLAND: And I think Mr. Hasbrouck has

104 his hand up. 2 MR. HASBROUCK: Our one constitutional concern is to ensure that treaty obligations are respected, particularly Berne Convention obligations, to make sure that whatever is proposed here comports 5 with the Berne obligations, which would seem to have potential concerns in at least three areas that hopefully can be respected, but I want to make sure that they're on the table. 10 One is to ensure that the process is accessible to people who may not be in the U.S. and 11 may not even be capable of getting here. The second 12 is to ensure that this respects and allows people to 13 get redressed for violation of their moral rights. 15 And the third is to ensure that it doesn't require any formalities. 16 17 MS. ROWLAND: Okay. Does anyone have any responses to that? Okay. Point taken, Mr. Hasbrouck. 19 MR. NEIL: You are talking about -- I mean, 20 you are talking about U.S. honored moral rights, 21 right? I mean, U.S. --22 MR. HASBROUCK: Rights guaranteed by Berne.

105 MR. NEIL: Okay. 1 2 MS. ROWLAND: Right. So I think like, as we know in the United States, the statutory basis for moral rights are somewhat limited to the Visual Artist Rights Act. And there are various state law avenues 5 that you might be able to avail yourself of. That's a 6 discussion for another day about how robust the U.S. moral rights scheme is, so -- but point taken about the Berne Convention, Mr. Hasbrouck. 10 Does anyone else have any thoughts about any constitutional issues? 11 12 MR. NEIL: If I could ask a question about 13 -- how many folks are -- I know things are up in the air, but how many folks are advocating a voluntary 15 system at this point that are on the panel? 16 MS. ROWLAND: Can we have a show of hands? 17 Okay. Two. 18 MR. NEIL: How many are advocating a 19 mandatory system? Okay. And as far as the --20 MS. ROWLAND: Six for the record. 21 MR. NEIL: Okay. And so as far as the 22 mandatory folks, I am very interested to hear -- I saw

106 a lot of comments about, okay, like is mandatory or voluntary, and also there should just be -- kind of jump right into saying, okay, this is going to be a tribunal or, you know, this is just going to be a 5 tribunal. And I'm curious, does anybody have any -why Article I versus Article III? Any choice of like 6 why you want to use the Article I tribunal process? 8 MS. ROWLAND: Ms. Calzada? 9 MS. CALZADA: Yeah. So the basic reason that we pursued the Article I tribunal process track 10 is political. We had a great intern who did a lot of 11 research on this kind of stuff, and she determined 12 13 that it is virtually impossible to get a new Article 14 III court set up. 15 And so given that hurdle, even though 16 actually that would be phenomenal, if they could 17 create a small claims federal court just in general, I'm sure a lot of people would be very happy. Might 18 19 solve the patent people's problem as well, you know, 20 and we would be thrilled. We felt that that was

probably not something that was likely to happen.

so, you know, we sort of tried to pursue this balance

21

107 between what we felt could get done and what we felt would survive constitutional scrutiny, and that's how we ended up on our proposal path. MS. ROWLAND: Okay. Mr. Neil? MR. NEIL: Well, okay, so there is a number of other folks interested in mandatory. Do you -- are you -- does anybody feel strongly one way or the other 7 about Article III or Article I with regards to the 9 mandatory system? No? Okay. 10 MS. ROWLAND: There is no response. Okay. 11 Thank you. 12 MS. KNAPPEN: No. 13 MS. ROWLAND: Ms. Knappen says no. 14 (Laughter.) 15 MR. NEIL: And I think that is really 16 important in terms of what is going to go -- be 17 involved in the legislative process. My basic 18 understanding of this is that Congress has the right 19 to create Article I or Article III courts. But in 20 terms of what is involved in each process, I'm sure 21 that is going to be an important consideration. Did you have --22

```
MS. CALZADA:
                          Yeah.
                                   Well, I think it was
 1
   more of a reluctance, that we have seen historically a
    reluctance to create additional Article III courts,
   while we haven't seen that same kind of reluctance to
 5
    create administrative agencies. But, again, like I
    said, that would be ideal because you would solve so
 6
   many of these constitutional problems if you could
    create a new Article III court system.
                                            And we
    certainly wouldn't be opposed to that if Congress was
10
   behind it.
11
             MS. ROWLAND: Okay. Mr. Neil?
                        As far as -- just a last comment
12
             MR. NEIL:
13
    about the due process considerations that this
    gentleman over here raised, particularly with folks
15
    from -- internationally, but also folks in this
    country.
16
             I'm sure you all talked about it yesterday,
17
   but allowing folks to appear through videoconferencing
18
    or teleconferencing is going to really help to address
19
    those issues.
20
              MS. ROWLAND: And we did have a discussion
21
    yesterday about trying to make it easier for everyone
22
    involved. So taking advantage of teleconferencing,
```

109 videoconferencing, email submissions, that kind of 2 thing. 3 Ms. Calzada, did you have something to say? MS. CALZADA: I was just going to say it's an interesting dichotomy that I am sure that the folks 5 that wrote our Constitution didn't think about, if you can appear by videoconference -- on your due process rights. Can a court in Washington haul you in, you know, and have jurisdiction over you? I mean, because the jurisdictional question isn't just about getting 10 11 there. It's about the court having power over you. And it's an intriguing question about whether that 12 13 would solve the problem. MS. ROWLAND: Okay. Any other points before 14 15 we move on to our next panel? 16 MS. CHARLESWORTH: Does anyone think the 17 court should ride circuit? 18 MS. ROWLAND: I think that's something the 19 U.K. -- I think they kind of/sort of do a little bit 20 of that with their small claims thing that they have 21 come up with. 22 MS. KNAPPEN: I think that would be

```
110
   fabulous.
1
2
              MS. CHARLESWORTH: Especially if they were
 3
   on horseback.
              (Laughter.)
              Sorry. The hour is growing late.
 5
 6
              (Laughter.)
             MS. ROWLAND: It depends on the horse, I
8
   suppose.
             MS. CALZADA: You mean travel?
 9
10
             MS. ROWLAND: Yes.
             MS. CHARLESWORTH: Well, actually, I mean,
11
   this comes out of your comment. I mean, originally,
12
    there was this idea that the court needed to go to
13
   where the people were and ride circuit. So, and I
15
   think even -- we may have gotten one comment to that
   effect, I think, actually, in this process.
                                                It was an
17
    interesting thought, that the court would actually
   move around as opposed to being only in one location.
19
             MS. ROWLAND: Ms. Wright?
20
             MS. WRIGHT: Certainly, it would seem to
21
   address a lot of the personal jurisdiction issues and
   travel issues and also consistency in the rulings with
22
```

111 If you -- I understand that the opposite is -- the opposite idea is just to have one court and we all use that one court as opposed to traveling. But it -- regardless, the other alternative is to have separate courts like we have 11 Circuits. 5 6 Then, you are going to get different rulings, and it is going to be inconsistent. So if 7 8 you -- they ride the circuit, then hopefully that would help for consistency. 10 MS. ROWLAND: And then, you have the issue, if you were to ride circuit do you go to where the 11 No, the plaintiff is not there. Because 12 defendant is? under our current system you do have to have the 13 constitutional ability to bring that defendant into 15 court. 16 So is the -- in my Montana garage T-shirt 17 example, so is the circuit riding judge going to go to 18 Montana? And then, how is that going to work with the 19 plaintiff if the plaintiff is in Washington, D.C.? 20 Mr. Brennan? 21 MR. BRENNAN: Going on that, how many judges or adjudicators do you envision being in this court?

112 If there is only one person, you are riding circuit. If there are 10, then you could have -- and we are doing everything online in a virtual space, I mean, we could set up Second -- some place in Second Site or whatever it's called, Second Life, whatever the site 5 6 is. (Laughter.) You're online in virtual space. I mean --MS. ROWLAND: That is a whole new idea. Virtual world court. 10 11 MR. BRENNAN: Well, I'm sorry. You know, 12 sometimes it just happens. We are finally waking up here; the coffee has kicked in. But the only thing, 13 if there are different people, then everything is going to be virtual and online. 15 16 The reason we have a court in the courtroom 17 is because there is a room where people come in and 18 they appear. But if everything is going to be online, 19 and then there are 10 or whatever different judges or 20 adjudicators in a court, they can all be in different 21 locations here, and they are communicating with each 22 other and maintaining a virtual court online. Just --

113 I'm asking just. I just asking. 2 MS. ROWLAND: Something to consider. anyone else have any thoughts about that, or any other constitutional issues that have been on your mind? Ms. Calzada? 5 MS. CALZADA: I do have one other 6 constitutional comment on the personal jurisdiction. First of all, I believe with copyright anywhere that the work is infringed you can get jurisdiction. so I think that would -- is that -- am I missing the 10 11 point? 12 MR. BRENNAN: Located and doing business. 13 MS. WRIGHT: I'm sorry. Say --MS. CALZADA: So if I infringe on you here, 14 15 you can bring me to court here. MS. ROWLAND: Well, I think it's --16 17 MS. WRIGHT: It's where the defendant is. 18 MS. ROWLAND: Well, no. But it's a little 19 bit -- so it's when the defendant has minimum contact. 20 So it's not just where. So, for example, we are going 21 to get -- move from my Montana example. He now starts a website and he is selling everything in California.

114 On his website he has like "Hello, California people, buy my stuff, and I will totally ship it there." Then, you know, you don't need to -- he 3 doesn't need to be in California, but that's just a whole other line of jurisdictional analysis. I don't 5 think it's like a per se rule. But, I mean, it is 7 definitely to be considered. 8 MS. CALZADA: Okay. My other point about 9 personal jurisdiction -- and not to get into a completely different hornet's nest -- but I know that 10 11 you all are considering or have inquired for comments 12 on orphan works. 13 And I was just going to suggest that whatever comes out of that, that there be a 15 requirement for someone who is claiming or registering 16 an orphan works user, whatever, consent to this court, 17 and that would be another way to bring people into the personal jurisdiction of the court. 19 MS. ROWLAND: Well, that is something to 20 consider in a different context. 21 MS. CALZADA: Yes. 22 MS. ROWLAND: And so there is --

115 MS. CALZADA: I know it is really not this 1 topic, but I sort of cross over, so I thought I would 3 MS. ROWLAND: And we are -- just for 5 everyone who is interested, we have a Federal Register Notice out right now, and we are soliciting 6 comments on orphan works. So whoever wants to submit their comments, I believe it was pushed back to January. Don't quote me on that, because I don't have 10 it in front of me, but it -- so if you still have some 11 time, if you're interested in the issue, which many 12 people are -- and I'm sure many people in this room 13 are -- so definitely a big issue that people are concerned about. So we will kind of cabin that for 14 15 another discussion, because I'm sure it will be an 16 extremely lively debate. 17 Does anyone else have any thoughts on constitutional issues? Okay. 19 So then we are going to move along I think 20 to the moving forward panel, which is Panel VII. And 21 one of the big issues in this panel is about empirical data. And we at the Copyright Office have been trying 22

- 1 to learn more about how things work now and what would
- 2 change people's mind and how they would select certain
- 3 types of procedures for adjudicating their rights and
- 4 what not.
- 5 So we have really been very interested in
- 6 empirical data. And one of the questions is whether
- 7 or not anyone has any empirical data they would like
- 8 to share with us about whether or not small copyright
- 9 owners have been bringing claims, what they are doing
- 10 with their rights, how often they are discouraged, or
- 11 why are why not they are going to court.
- 12 And if anyone doesn't have empirical data,
- 13 we can talk about some anecdotal data if you want, but
- 14 the first question is if you have -- if anyone has
- 15 empirical data, any studies they would like to point
- 16 us to. Mr. Neil?
- 17 MR. NEIL: So we have actual folks that we
- 18 work with on the ground on a lot of these informal
- 19 disputes. And so one of the groups that we have dealt
- 20 with hundreds of folks is mass file-sharing
- 21 defendants. And I didn't bring it up in the previous
- 22 section on relief and appeals, but I think it's

Treating on Smail Copyright Claims 11 27 2012

- 1 appropriate there as well.
- 2 There is a question that comes up for these
- 3 folks, a lot of whom are never named in a lawsuit, but
- 4 are filed against as John Does in these suits. They
- 5 may be dismissed even. Their IP address or their John
- 6 Doe number may be dismissed from a case, but they
- 7 continue to receive letters and harassing phone calls
- 8 and things like this. And this is a lot of people.
- 9 And, you know, obviously, some of these
- 10 suits, these John Doe suits, are not accurate because
- 11 they are suing the -- you are suing the IP address,
- 12 not the actual user who has down the downloading. So
- 13 some of these folks, this is an extremely stressful
- 14 situation for them.
- No matter what you try to -- you know, how
- 16 much you can explain it to folks, they see letters
- 17 that sort of are requesting -- you know, saying that
- 18 they are liable for \$150,000 per work, and they are
- 19 sort of constantly being barraged with emails or phone
- 20 calls. And the question for some of them is, you
- 21 know, there is really no -- other than filing some
- 22 kind of maybe declaratory lawsuit in federal court,

- 1 there is not really any option for them.
- 2 And one potential for a court like this is
- 3 to help folks, such as file-sharing defendants, by
- 4 providing at least a forum where they could get some
- 5 peace of mind. They are folks that are going to be
- 6 bringing massive damages in lawsuit, but they could
- 7 use a declaration of non-infringement from a court.
- 8 And so that is one group that we see. I haven't heard
- 9 them talked about too much, so I just wanted to
- 10 mention that those folks are out there.
- We also see a fair amount of just small kind
- 12 of ownership disputes, a photographer or videographer
- 13 and, let's say, like a small business or a nonprofit
- 14 about who owns what, who actually owns the material.
- 15 And while it may seem like an extra -- kind
- 16 of an extra group of cases being added to a court like
- 17 this, to its docket, actually I think that dealing
- 18 with some of these disputes up front, or having a
- 19 forum for them to deal with them up front, can keep
- 20 them from festering into situations where someone goes
- 21 ahead, publishes a work that has the infringement in
- 22 it, all of these damages are accrued.

119 So just in terms of actual work with folks, 1 those are the things that we see the most on the 3 ground. And then, other than that, we do work a lot on the defense side, so we do see a fair amount of 5 overreaching. And there are a lot of folks who get 6 accounts removed. A good example was somebody who I 8 recently dealt with who does their own original illustrations and annotations to public domain works and publishes books on Amazon for eBook, that you can 10 11 can buy as eBooks. 12 And that individual faced -- basically had 13 their Amazon account removed and that lasted for about a month, month and a half, and that was, you know, a 15 takedown basically by the copyright owner, who was saying, okay, we have the rights to this public domain 17 work, which they did not. And those folks really have, you know, very little avenue for recovery 19 either. 20 You know, they are going to have to go maybe 21 across the country to try to sue that person, and 22 there may not be a lot of damages involved. But, you

- 1 know, we are interested in any system -- you know,
- 2 obviously, what the system is going to do is allow a
- 3 lot of -- hopefully allow a lot of small claims
- 4 copyright holders to bring legitimate disputes against
- 5 defendants.
- But there is also potential to kind of right
- 7 some of the wrongs that take place in the informal
- 8 enforcement of copyright right now, and to sort of
- 9 allow a forum for those issues to be heard. And so
- 10 those are some of the folks that we are most concerned
- 11 about.
- MS. ROWLAND: And do you have any
- 13 information on how likely they would be? So it seems
- 14 like right now they don't really take advantage of any
- 15 sort of judicial process to exonerate themselves or do
- 16 anything like that. Do you think a small claims
- 17 procedure would be helpful for that?
- 18 MR. NEIL: If there was, you know, an
- 19 expedited procedure that they could take advantage of,
- 20 I think that -- I think they would be much more
- 21 likely. You know, there are certain, you know, file-
- 22 sharing defendants. You know, if the costs were not

121 extensive, and I don't think that -- I don't think the discovery would have to be that extensive in those So, yes, I think it would lower the bar for them to be able to bring some of those actions. 5 MS. CHARLESWORTH: I mean, just so you know, yesterday we did discuss the possibility of --6 7 MR. NEIL: Sure. MS. CHARLESWORTH: -- declaratory judgment actions. And I think at least some people, if not many of the commentators, thought that that might be 10 part of the system, you know, to seek a declaration of 11 non-infringement for example. So, and it is certainly 12 reflected in some of the written comments. 13 14 MR. NEIL: Right. 15 MS. CHARLESWORTH: Just to respond to one of 16 the points you raised. 17 MR. NEIL: Right. And there is a lot of sort of smaller claims that are sort of in that vein, 19 and maybe it's not exactly a declaratory judgment. 20 But, for instance, 512(f) claims, I don't know if you 21 guys talked about those yesterday. 22 MS. ROWLAND: Briefly.

122 Okay. Great. So --1 MR. NEIL: 2 MS. CHARLESWORTH: Do you want to comment further on that, though? MR. NEIL: So those are probably the people we work with the most, I mean, folks who get letters 5 from -- and DMCA takedowns from folks who don't even own the work, or in situations where there has been 7 absolutely no review in terms of whether something is fair use or not. And I think it is important for --10 that's a really high standard, 512(f). Knowingly, materially mislead is the standard for 512(f). And I 11 12 think at the very least that it would be appropriate. 13 And I saw a couple of comments that seemed to -- I think it was EF Dufferage, for instance, supported any kind of -- all of the claims -- they 15 said all of the claims in the DMCA should be able to 17 be brought at this court. So 512(f) is one of those claims. And it is something that we see a lot of, 18 19 sort of DMCA abuse. 20 And I guess one of the other things to think 21 about when you are talking about sort of DMCA letters 22 or cease and desist letters is how you may be able to

- 1 design the system, shape the system, so that it does
- 2 encourage folks to maybe exhaust their -- or to use
- 3 some of their remedies before they come to the small
- 4 claims court, you know, whether that -- how
- 5 appropriate that is and what could even be done with
- 6 the system to encourage that.
- Maybe there are certain, you know, benefits
- 8 or -- to folks for being -- if they have, you know,
- 9 already exhausted trying to send a cease and desist
- 10 letter or a DMCA notice, something like that.
- 11 And as far as declaratory judgments, I mean,
- 12 you may -- that may be the standard for declaratory
- 13 judgments, too, you know, for if -- rather than just
- 14 allowing any declaratory judgment, maybe in some of
- 15 these cases, you know, where you are talking about
- 16 more of a misuse or abuse case, maybe you would
- 17 require actual evidence of a cease and desist letter
- 18 or a DMCA to be able to bring a declaratory action.
- MS. ROWLAND: Okay. Any thoughts on that?
- 20 That's a very important point, and it's something that
- 21 we only briefly talked about yesterday. So we
- 22 appreciate your comments on that.

124 And as far as the issue of empirical data or 1 anecdotal information, does anyone have any thoughts as to why -- I mean, aside from the obvious issues of the cost and the time-consuming nature of federal 5 litigation what is going on with the small copyright claimants? You know, if anyone wants to say anything 6 about that, why they are not taking advantage of the federal court process. Anyone? 9 I know we have talked about a lot of these issues, so I don't know if anyone has anything else to 10 11 But if anyone does, you know, let us know. And 12 especially if you know of any empirical data, that

15 Ms. Wright?

13

16 MS. WRIGHT: Just taking what you said about

would be great. Or if you are undertaking a study as

17 512(f) a step further, we have seen all sorts of

we speak, that would be great to know, too.

- 18 experiences where the copyright holder requests that
- 19 the photo be taken down through a DMCA takedown
- 20 notice. And then, there is a counter-notice filed,
- 21 and then the only way that you can resolve that is
- 22 filing a federal lawsuit.

125 And the copyright owner at that point just 1 feels this is futile, I mean, there's nothing we can do except file suit. And if it's difficult to find that person, or it just seems overwhelming lots of times, that they just -- the owners feel like that 5 they are at a brick wall at that point. 6 7 So a small claims court then would be 8 definitely more inviting to try to resolve the notice and counter-notice under 512(f). But just generally, the -- I think a lack of information, lack of 10 knowledge, intimidation factors are what we see stops 11 12 a lot of copyright owners from pursuing their rights. 13 And then, I would complain that fair use is a pretty unknown gray area of the law, and it is very 15 frustrating to people to know whether it's a fair use. And probably the use of the Prince song on the video 17 would be good anecdotal evidence of people don't know 18 if that's fair use, or it's the fight of 512(f) in 19 that case. 20 MR. NEIL: Yes. So --21 MS. ROWLAND: Mr. Neil? 22 MR. NEIL: -- and, I mean, on a practical

- 1 level, though, nearly -- I mean, almost nobody --
- 2 there is very few people that even know that they can
- 3 counter-notice. There are counter-notices, of course,
- 4 and at that point, if it's a legitimate claim, it does
- 5 allow one, you know, a legitimate option for a
- 6 copyright owner to pursue that further.
- 7 But most folks don't know that they can
- 8 counter-notice, and so I think what you find is that
- 9 the DMCA is extremely effective in terms of an out-of-
- 10 court injunctive kind of remedy. But, you know, it
- 11 doesn't deal with damages directly, and it doesn't
- 12 necessarily -- even consumers, sort of average
- 13 internet users, though, have the same type of issue
- 14 that you are describing from time to time. There are
- 15 a number of sites where photos are taken from people's
- 16 Facebook pages and used in ways that aren't
- 17 necessarily fair use.
- And for privacy reasons and things, folks
- 19 may want to try to pursue those folks, and sometimes
- 20 copyright is the only option, and some of those folks
- 21 ignore -- even if they are registered as a DMCA agent,
- 22 ignore the -- or whether they are registered as a DMCA

- 1 agent or not, you know, the picture -- the photo
- 2 doesn't go down, and they don't really have any other
- 3 option in terms of the average consumer who is trying
- 4 to enforce a privacy right. And so they may not be
- 5 willing to bring a federal court case about it.
- But that photo, the use of the photo, may be
- 7 quite damaging to them. You know, it may appear on a
- 8 site that they would, you know, much rather not have
- 9 it. And it may not be a fair use, so it could be --
- 10 this could also be a venue for those folks.
- MS. ROWLAND: Ms. Wright?
- 12 MS. WRIGHT: But that goes back to your
- 13 comment about people don't know that they can file a
- 14 counter-notice under 512. Once they receive the
- 15 notice that it has been taken down, the instructions
- 16 are, well, this is what you've got to do to file a
- 17 counter-notice, and so people don't read. They are
- 18 intimidated by the process. They --
- 19 MR. NEIL: Well, that depends on the service
- 20 provider. I'm not sure that the statute requires that
- 21 -- actually, that they give --
- MS. WRIGHT: Oh really?

128 MR. NEIL: -- the actual counter-notice. 1 It's a lot of good, you know, service providers that, you know, worth their salt usually give a procedure and their terms of use and sometimes provide a response. But a lot of service providers will just 5 take something down. 6 And, frankly, the process is quite difficult to navigate through. I don't know if -- YouTube just made some changes to their process. And if you want to -- I just dealt with somebody who had basically a 10 11 quintessential example of fair use, like it's shown 12 worldwide all the time, but it got resold to a large 13 media company and now it is being -- facing all of these content idea issues and questions about 14 15 copyright. 16 And the process is quite onerous, actually.

- 17 The individual copyright owner in the YouTube process
- 18 right now, believe it or not, has to actually -- I'm
- 19 sorry. The individual video uploader, the user, when
- 20 they are disputing -- you know, after a copyright
- 21 dispute has been filed, it comes to a point where they
- 22 actually have to describe their argument with regards

129 to the four factors of fair use, which is -- it's a very intimidating page. 3 When somebody gets there as a video creator, I think most people would sort of turn the other 5 direction, and it sort of has language of when you do And when you counter-notice -- there is 6 consequences to counter-notice. You know, if you really look at it, there's serious consequences, especially for foreign defendants. If they are going 10 to counter-notice, then they are giving jurisdiction, 11 and the jurisdiction of the service provider. 12 So counter-noticing is no joke. I mean, 13 even if you have a good argument, you are saying -you are offering federal jurisdiction at that point. 15 It is not just I find a counter-notice and I get it I mean, you are agreeing to jurisdiction at 17 that point. So, you know, counter-noticing is a --18 still is a bit of a hurdle. 19 MS. ROWLAND: And Ms. Knappen? 20 MS. KNAPPEN: I think I have only known 21 maybe three individual creators that have actually

filed an infringement and seen it through. It is just

- 1 -- and I can't think of any creator that hasn't been
- 2 infringed upon that has been working for more than a
- 3 minute. So it is just the system, as it exists, is
- 4 unusable for the individual creator.
- 5 MS. ROWLAND: Okay. And as I mentioned, we
- 6 are very interested in any empirical data. So if you
- 7 know of any, or you are undertaking your own study, so
- 8 it would be great to know. Another issue we are
- 9 looking into is the cost of the litigation for both
- 10 the plaintiff and the defendant.
- 11 There are some statistics out there. The
- 12 Federal Judicial Center posts theirs as does AIPLA.
- 13 They have a survey that they do every couple of years
- 14 about it, but I was wondering if you have any ideas
- 15 about the average cost of litigation for a smaller
- 16 copyright claimant, or the defendant for that matter,
- 17 for defending it. Anyone have any thoughts on that,
- 18 or any anecdotal information they want to provide, for
- 19 the cost of the litigation?
- 20 MS. WRIGHT: One question is whether you
- 21 consider the attorney's fees to be part of the cost.
- 22 Are you talking about fees and costs?

131 MS. ROWLAND: Yes. Fees and costs, 1 everything, the whole thing. Okay. 3 Well, it is interesting. And if you guys are interested, there are some statistics out there. There is one on the Federal Judicial Center that is 5 about the number of cases filed, not on attorney's fees. But the AIPLA study does have some information on it, but I think it's only really available to their members, unless you go to a library and check it out. 10 So that's an interesting issue to us as well, to kind of weigh how much it costs, because we 11 do hear a lot about how much it costs. But it would 12 be nice to get -- to pinpoint a little bit more the 13 14 ranges on that. 15 And another issue we wonder about is how often attorney's fees are granted in either direction. 17 I know that Ms. Wright was talking about she thinks 18 that they have increased recently. So does anyone 19 have any empirical data or thoughts on the frequency 20 of attorney fee awards? No? Okay. 21 And taking a turn -- oh, Ms. Bristol? 22 MS. BRISTOL: I have something very

- 1 tangential. I'm sorry, it just -- it arose as a result
- 2 of going to one of the IP -- the State Bar's IP
- 3 Institute. I don't know if this is a factor or
- 4 feature of being able to get counsel, but the
- 5 availability of insurance.
- 6 So for some of the smaller copyright
- 7 holders, this may not be an issue. They might not be
- 8 operating a business where they have insurance. But
- 9 for some that may actually have, I have heard some
- 10 discussions about whether or not certain activities
- 11 are covered by insurance or not, and whether you would
- 12 have counsel by way of your insurance.
- I don't know if this is something that is
- 14 interesting to the Copyright Office as to the
- 15 availability of counsel in some of these -- in the
- 16 small claims in the mini trial, the possibility of
- 17 having defense counsel at least by way of insurance
- 18 coverage.
- 19 MS. ROWLAND: That is an interesting point.
- 20 And I think it is not just business insurance, but,
- 21 oddly, sometimes homeowner's insurance, depending on
- 22 what type you have. I know of someone who had a

- 1 defamation lawsuit filed against him, and his
- 2 homeowner's insurance actually covered the whole
- 3 thing, which is something you wouldn't think about.
- 4 MS. BRISTOL: There was a presentation about
- 5 checking policies and checking coverage, because there
- 6 may be instances where you can argue IP infringement
- 7 coverage where you otherwise wouldn't think you have
- 8 it. And so maybe there is a possibility of having
- 9 representation that way. I don't know if this is
- 10 really pertinent to your discussion.
- MS. ROWLAND: Well, it's a good thing to
- 12 know. Mr. Neil, when you're talking to defendants,
- 13 they should check their insurance policies and see if
- 14 anything could fall under there.
- Anyone else? Mr. Brennan?
- 16 MR. BRENNAN: Just as general matter. Many
- 17 general liability policies have coverage for sometimes
- 18 advertising injury. So sometimes -- I'd say about 25
- 19 percent of the cases we see, you have advertising
- 20 injury covered, and so you make an advertising claim
- 21 and it gets covered by -- picked up by a general
- 22 liability carrier there.

134 The other thing to realize is that in many 1 of these cases many of the defendants also have indemnity agreements between other suppliers. MS. ROWLAND: Okay. And moving along to the 5 next topic, which is how to fund -- funding considerations for a small copyright tribunal. 6 does anyone have any thoughts on how it would be funded, if there should be -- a filing fee should make up a certain percentage of the cost, or if they should 10 just be kept low to encourage filers to be able to 11 take advantage of it? If there should be any kind of relationship between any fees and the funding of a 12 13 tribunal? Does anyone have any thoughts on that? No? Mr. Hasbrouck? 14 15 MR. HASBROUCK: I would just point out in 16 that respect that small creators have been paying 17 registration fees in the hope that they might 18 eventually be able to make use of those registrations 19 as a prerequisite to litigation and getting nothing 20 for it, because they haven't actually been able to 21 litigate for years. 22 So there is a large burden of debt, I would

- 1 say, on behalf of those who have been paying for
- 2 justice and not getting it. Not that you ought to
- 3 have to pay for justice in the first place.
- 4 MS. ROWLAND: Okay. Anyone else have any
- 5 thoughts? Ms. Knappen?
- 6 MS. KNAPPEN: I think this was mentioned
- 7 yesterday, but the fees should be high enough that
- 8 somebody -- a small creator has to think about it.
- 9 But that would be like \$100. It shouldn't be anything
- 10 that would come anywhere near covering the cost.
- MS. ROWLAND: Okay. And if there was a
- 12 system that has arbitration or mediation components,
- 13 would it be something that a party should bear the
- 14 burden of those costs, or how would you envision that
- 15 happening? Subsidized/unsubsidized situation? Does
- 16 anyone have thoughts on that? No? Okay.
- 17 And another issue that we have come up with
- 18 is how to evaluate a small claims process. So there
- 19 has been the idea of a pilot program, you know, maybe
- 20 starting small and seeing how it works. But perhaps
- 21 we would start, if there was a program at all, it
- 22 would start with everything. So it depends on how

136 that shakes out. 2 But the question is: how should it be evaluated, if at all? So if there is a new small claims procedure, should it be evaluated on, you know, a biannual, triennial, you know, way? How would that 5 work? Just is that even something that should happen? Does anyone have thoughts on that? 8 Ms. Calzada? 9 MS. CALZADA: Sure. I absolutely think it should be evaluated. I think the criteria for 10 evaluating it should be, is it used, first and 11 12 foremost. And is it -- you know, how often is it 13 overturned on appeal? You know, because if we've got these cases that are being overturned on appeal on a regular basis, then we have to ask ourselves, is there 15 16 something wrong with this system that it leads to an 17 incorrect result? 18 But I think the primary question is, is it 19 going to be used? Because the problem right now is 20 the federal court system isn't being used for these 21 claims. And so if we're solving that problem, that's 22 the question, is it being used?

137 MS. ROWLAND: Okay. Does anyone else have 1 thoughts on that? Does anyone have thoughts on whether it should be, if there is anything in a small claims tribunal, if it would be launched as a pilot program or not? Does anyone have thoughts on that? 5 No one is in favor of pilot program? 6 7 Ms. Knappen? MS. KNAPPEN: I don't have specific 9 thoughts, but I know that pilot programs have been 10 used successfully to try different versions of programs, federal programs. I think it was in the 11 12 '30s when we were trying to work with how we move food 13 around the country there were pilot programs in various areas to figure out what was actually working, 15 and then that was implemented. The ones that were 16 working were kept, and the ones that didn't work were 17 shed when it went to national implementation. That 18 might be a useful thing to think about. 19 MS. ROWLAND: Okay. Anyone else have any 20 thoughts on that? 21 MR. NEIL: I think a pilot program is 22 probably a good idea, and I know -- I was talking to

- 1 the folks in -- at the Northern District of
- 2 California, in that self-help program that I was
- 3 talking about, and I know that that district in
- 4 particular sees quite a bit of copyright-related
- 5 claims. And not just copyright, but other IP-related
- 6 issues.
- 7 They have seen thousands of file-sharing
- 8 John Doe -- or at least hundreds of file-sharing John
- 9 Doe lawsuits against thousands of defendants. And
- 10 then, they have, like I said, a number of sort of
- 11 small-time streaming, both, you know, copyright and
- 12 communication. Fortunately, those cases are actually
- 13 wrapped up in both copyright and communications law --
- 14 Communications Act issues.
- So, but a court like that, they have -- you
- 16 know, they see quite a few of these kinds of issues,
- 17 and they also have -- I would recommend, you know, a
- 18 jurisdiction that has expertise in this area as well,
- 19 might have some judges that have good expertise
- 20 available.
- 21 And then, who also -- you know, in those
- 22 five jurisdictions -- I think it is in New York,

- 1 Illinois, San Francisco, San Jose, and there is one in
- 2 L.A. -- that provide these kind of self-help IP
- 3 places, those might be not -- you know, good places to
- 4 look for pilot programs because there are a number of
- 5 folks that -- there is a little bit of an
- 6 infrastructure there in terms of assisting those kind
- 7 of small-time claimants.
- 8 MS. ROWLAND: Okay. Does anyone else have
- 9 thoughts on that?
- 10 And I think that's the end of our list of
- 11 topics. Is there -- oh, Mr. Brennan?
- MR. BRENNAN: Just before we conclude, I
- 13 just wanted to sort of amend or elaborate something we
- 14 discussed yesterday about registration, if I can go
- 15 back there for a minute.
- MS. ROWLAND: Okay.
- 17 MR. BRENNAN: One of the things about
- 18 registration that I have -- I was concerned about here
- 19 before was that registration becomes a mini trial in
- 20 itself, but I didn't want to imply that I don't think
- 21 that the registration or recordation system in the
- 22 Copyright Office isn't valuable.

140 Recordation is incredibly valuable, 1 especially in the motion picture industry. We use recordation and search the chain of title on the Copyright Office all the time. And it's good to filter out claims. It's also especially valuable for bona fide purchasers. We have asserted that a number of times. 8 So I don't want to imply that any statements about the registration system means we shouldn't have 9 10 registration here. I just question whether or not registration, specifically in the context of a small 11 12 claims litigation, is valuable, because what happens is the registration certificate becomes a mini trial, 13 because every defendant is going to say there is a 14 15 technical error in the registration certificate. 16 I didn't want that to imply that we had any 17 disagreement with the utility of registration as a 18 procedure or the recording system, because we both 19 think those are -- I personally think those are very 20 valuable. I just wanted to amend that to make sure 21 we're clear. 22 MS. ROWLAND: Okay. Mr. Hasbrouck has s

- 1 something to say.
- 2 MR. HASBROUCK: Yeah. One issue that we
- 3 raised in our comments that has not come up and that
- 4 we believe should have been closer to the start or the
- 5 end of this is the issue of criminal remedies. The
- 6 vast majority of grievances that our members have are
- 7 both commercial and willful. That is to say, they are
- 8 criminal, and they are virtually never prosecuted.
- 9 That's not something we should just shrug
- 10 our shoulders at. The reason that we are even talking
- 11 about improving measures that people can take,
- 12 essentially themselves -- civil, private rights of
- 13 action -- is that policing has failed completely, and
- 14 that's not something we should, you know, take for
- 15 granted.
- 16 If you are a victim of small thievery, you
- 17 don't have to sue the thief to get your property back.
- 18 You call the police. They investigate. They track
- 19 down the thief. They often do this -- even in small
- 20 cases of thievery, often when they find the thief,
- 21 they find that they have stolen from a lot of people.
- 22 They are able, often, to obtain recovery of the

142

property. If they don't, often, as a result of the criminal prosecution, there is restitution ordered. We are here because the police aren't doing their job. We are greatly disappointed that there is nobody here from the Department of Justice, nobody 5 here from the Intellectual Property Enforcement Coordinator, no discussion of why the priorities of prosecutorial discretion and investigative policy so disfavor the small victims of copyright infringement crimes who should be the priority, particularly when 10 they are infringed by large, sophisticated criminal 11 12 infringers. 13 It appears that this is the result of a perhaps unwritten policy that prosecutions will not be 15 brought in cases where there is some kind of license 16 granting some rights in the work to the infringer. 17 And in our discussions with the Intellectual Property 18 Enforcement Coordinator, although it's clear they 19 understand that that -- having some kind of a license 20 doesn't give you a free pass to infringe, it appears 21 that in practice that is the way this is interpreted. 22 And in the rare cases in which any of our

- 1 members have tried to go to the FBI to report
- 2 infringement by a publisher infringer, they have
- 3 basically been laughed off as though they either don't
- 4 understand that this is a crime at all, dismiss it as
- 5 merely a contract dispute.
- 6 And, you know, if I said -- I sold you my
- 7 car and you came and took my boat out of my driveway
- 8 as well, the police would not say, "Oh, it's just a
- 9 contract dispute about the sale of the car." That's
- 10 theft of the boat, and it would be pursued as such.
- So I think that one of the things that you
- 12 could do -- you know, there are serious constitutional
- 13 issues, serious difficulties with getting this to
- 14 work, even if we all want it to, in terms of setting
- 15 up a new process. We have a process of criminal
- 16 enforcement which should be working, which should be
- 17 bringing justice to small victims of criminal
- 18 copyright infringement. And I hope that you will work
- 19 with the DOJ and the Intellectual Property Enforcement
- 20 Coordinator to get that process working, regardless of
- 21 what else you do in terms of new legislation.
- MS. ROWLAND: Okay. Mr. Hasbrouck, thank

```
144
    you. Does anyone else have anything to say about that
    or anything else? Okay.
              Last call for issues that we haven't
    covered?
                         I just wanted to --
 5
              MR. NEIL:
 6
              MS. ROWLAND: Mr. Neil?
              MR. NEIL: -- talk about in terms of
    reviewing the process and seeing if it is actually
    working. I think that Ms. Calzada's ideas about, you
    know, is it actually being used, is it being reversed
10
    on appeal, those are really important benchmarks.
11
12
              Other things to look at are, is it actually
    -- does it actually end up being more efficient?
13
    mean, Mr. Brennan just raised an issue with regards to
15
    registration that could, you know -- it could be that
    if we are waiting five, six months for registrations,
17
    and then, you know, that the process could be taking
18
    just as long as the typical process or -- and there
19
    could be scenarios where it could be costing just as
20
    much, so we should be looking at that. Are we really
21
    doing it more efficiently? And we have to talk about
22
    what the specific benchmarks are for those.
```

145

But also, I think, again, benchmarks would 1 have to be looked at to see, you know, are pro se defendants actually being able to defend themselves or Most of the commenters, not everybody, but most of the commenters that I read seemed to suggest that most of the defenses that are available to folks, notably fair use and other things like DMCA, Section 7 512, safe harbor defense, would be available. But those are complicated defenses, and I think we would have to really look at some of the 10 cases and see are defendants actually accessing -- you 11 know, able to kind of adequately defend themselves or, 12 13 you know, is this a process where we have created some kind of imbalance. 15 MS. ROWLAND: Okay. Anyone else? Ms. 16 Calzada? You can --17 MS. CALZADA: I just wanted to touch on that for a second and say I think that comes back to the 19 importance of having an expert tribunal. If we have 20 pro se plaintiffs, or maybe even pro se defendants, 21 and there are these complicated questions about fair 22 use and other issues, you really need a panel -- one

146

- 1 of the roles of attorneys is to educate the judges on
- 2 the law.
- And if we don't have attorneys educating the
- 4 judges on the law, I think they need to be well
- 5 versed, and that brings home that point.
- 6 MS. ROWLAND: Okay. Anyone else? Okay.
- 7 Well, we really appreciate everyone coming and
- 8 participating in this. We will take your comments
- 9 under advisement, and we will give them consideration
- 10 while we are working on our report and our study that
- 11 is due out in September.
- And as we mentioned, we may be reopening a
- 13 comment period, so keep an eye out for that. And we
- 14 would love to hear more from you, if you have more
- 15 thoughts, if we do reopen the comment period.
- 16 And I don't -- I'll just take a moment to
- 17 let you know that we have something called the
- 18 NewsNet. I don't know if everyone is aware of it, but
- 19 on our website, if you go to our news part of our
- 20 website, you can sign up for NewsNet and you can learn
- 21 what we do. We don't bombard you with emails or
- 22 anything; we only send a few. But it is helpful for

```
147
   people who want to comment on various things.
              So, again, thank you very much for your
 2
   participation, and I think that adjourns our second
    day of our hearing.
 5
              Thank you.
              MS. CHARLESWORTH: I just want to echo that,
 6
    and also thank UCLA again for hosting us here. It was
 8
    very generous of them.
 9
              (Whereupon, at 12:33 p.m., the public
10
              hearing was adjourned.)
11
12
13
14
15
16
17
18
19
20
21
22
```

		148
1	CERTIFICATE OF COURT REPORTER	
2	I, Troy Anthony Ray, the Court Reporter before	
3	whom the foregoing proceeding was taken, do hereby	
4	certify that the proceeding was recorded by me; that	
5	the proceeding was thereafter reduced to typewriting	
6	under my direction; that said transcript is a true and	
7	accurate record of the proceeding; that I am neither	
8	related to nor employed by any of the parties to this	
9	proceeding; and, further, that I have no financial	
10	interest in this proceeding.	
11		
12		
13		
14	Troy Anthony Ray	
15	Digital Court Reporter	
16		
17		
18		
19		
20		
21		
22		

		149
1	CERTIFICATE OF TRANSCRIPTION	
2	I, LISA SIKES, hereby certify that I am not the	
3	Court Reporter who reported the proceeding and that I	
4	have typed the transcript of the proceeding using the	
5	Court Reporter's notes and recordings. The	
6	foregoing/attached transcript is a true, correct and	
7	complete transcription of the proceedings.	
8		
9		
10		
11	Date LISA SIKES	
12	Transcriptionist	
13		
14		
15		
16		
17		
18		
19		
20		
21		
22		

ı	rag	,6 1	
\$	3,000 32:22	ability 5:2 26:9	action 123:18
\$10 60:9,16,22	30,000 13:14	46:7,18 47:20	141:13
\$100 135:9	14:9,13	73:3 77:12 94:22	actions 14:20
\$15,000 24:13	300,000 22:19	111:14	121:4,9
25:20 26:20	30s 137:12	able 7:16 17:18	active 97:4
28:20 30:9		20:20	actively 78:9
\$150,000 117:18	350,000 15:3	21:7,11,21,22 30:12 33:16	-
ŕ		36:21 41:1 59:12	activities 132:10
\$2 31:22 32:13,22	4	69:7,10 71:13	actual 5:11,13
\$20,000 53:14	40 31:20	72:2 77:2 78:20	6:8,10,19 7:4
\$200,000 19:20	405 1:11	79:21 81:22 94:5	8:17 9:15 10:2,4 12:7,13 22:14
\$3,000 31:22 32:13	41 3:2	99:10 105:6	52:8 55:12
\$30,000 22:19		121:4 122:16,22	116:17 117:12
ĺ	5	123:18 132:4	119:1 123:17
\$5,000 25:17	504(c 101:19	134:10,18,20 141:22 145:3,12	128:1
\$50 56:18	512 127:14 145:8	, i	actually 10:17
\$50,000 37:13	512(f 121:20	absolutely 66:19 122:8 136:9	14:7 15:20 19:6
53:14	122:10,11,17		28:10 30:14
\$60,000 14:3	124:17 125:9,18	abuse 70:19 82:13	31:10 41:1 42:9
\$80,000 34:4		83:12 122:19 123:16	43:8 53:10,18
,	6		67:3 68:1 73:22 85:18 86:20
1	60,000 13:20	accept 80:8	106:16
10 22:16,18 85:18	68 20:7,9	accepted 28:12	110:11,16,17
112:2,19	,	access 6:6 33:17	118:14,17
11 111:5	7	35:3 37:9 40:19	127:21
114 3:6	750 14:13	41:18	128:16,18,22
	7th 89:13 94:14,22	accessible	129:21 132:9
12:33 147:9	95:7 103:4	79:11,20 104:11	133:2 134:20 137:14 138:12
1314 1:12		accessing 145:11	144:8,10,12,13
15 33:1 65:5 87:10	8	account 11:10	145:3,11
	89 3:5	89:12 119:13	add 36:14 68:6
2		accounts 119:7	82:14 91:8
20 85:20	9	accrued 118:22	added 118:16
2012 1:8	9:40 1:9		additional 6:13
214,000 15:1	90095 1:13	accurate 117:10 148:7	7:3 25:15,21
25 87:11,13 133:18		across 119:21	26:6 65:5 75:8
27 1:8	A		93:13 108:3
	a.m 1:9	act 9:7 10:11 105:5 138:14	add-ons 33:3
3	ABA's 13:17		address 86:3

1	1 42	í	
103:19 108:18	advising 43:6	83:2 120:2,3,9	analogy 71:5
110:21 117:5,11	advocate 9:22	126:5	analysis 114:5
addressed 82:20	advocating	allowed 41:22	anecdotal 18:3
addressing 25:18	105:14,18	48:17	116:13 124:2
adequately 145:12	Affairs 2:3 4:13	allowing 108:17	125:17 130:18
adjourned 87:9	afford 40:7	123:14	Angeles 1:13
147:10	afield 94:10	allows 32:4 104:13	19:19
adjourns 147:3	against 17:1,5	already 32:8 40:6	ANN 2:4
adjudicated 67:4	19:22 22:11	48:22 49:18 50:11 57:2 61:19	annotations 119:9
adjudicating	42:22 53:8 117:4	80:17 84:20	announcement
116:3	120:4 133:1	123:9	85:22
adjudication 3:3	138:9	alternative 111:4	answer 60:4 102:6
65:7	agencies 108:5	•	answering 81:6
	agency 82:12,16	am 11:20 26:13 28:15 32:7	answers 93:16
adjudicator 78:13 84:20	91:4,10,16 93:21	37:11,15,19,20,2	
0.1.20	95:10	2 38:2,4 42:11	Anthony 148:2,14
adjudicators 36:21 111:22	agent 126:21	45:13 56:5,18	anticipating 4:10
112:20	127:1	57:10 59:15	anti-gay 46:14
adjunct 98:8	ago 42:6	69:11 79:18 83:9 102:7 105:22	anybody 19:11
administrative	agreeing 63:21	102.7 103.22	89:10 106:5
68:17 70:12 71:2	70:17 129:16	148:7 149:2	107:7
79:13 82:12,16	agreement 62:2	Amazon 11:10	anyone 39:18
84:14 91:4,10,16	71:15	119:10,13	52:15 64:15
93:3,21 95:10	agreements 134:3	amend 139:13	68:15 90:11 91:1
108:5	8	140:20	93:18
adopt 4:21	ahead 29:9 88:5 90:4 118:21		95:1,4,5,14 96:4 99:3,20 100:12
ads 46:15		Amendment 89:13	101:10 104:17
adult 42:19	AIPLA 130:12 131:7	94:14,22 95:8 103:5	105:10 109:16
			113:3 115:17
advantage 62:18	air 105:14	America 20:15	116:7,12,14
108:22 120:14,19 124:7	ALICIA 2:9	amount 8:6,9	124:2,6,8,10,11
134:11	alleged 10:1	14:11,12,21 16:7	130:17 131:18
	Alliance 2:8	18:7,13 23:2,10 26:21 35:8 36:8	133:15 134:7,13 135:4,16 136:7
advertising 50:15 133:18,19,20	allocation 24:22	38:4 52:8 57:17	137:1,2,5,19
advice 28:4,5		80:8 118:11	139:8 144:1
30:12 90:13	allow 24:22 29:19,21 44:22	119:5	145:15 146:6
advisement 146:9	45:1 47:8,13	amounts 26:14	anything 19:9 21:6
auviscinciii 140.9	48:13,14 66:12	anactual 101:22	39:18 67:20,22

	rag	<u>C 3</u>	
76:15 89:20 90:3	127:7	areas 75:16 104:7	assisting 139:6
91:7 93:19	appears 142:13,20	137:14	associate 35:14
120:16 124:6,10 133:14 135:9	appellate 5:4	arena 11:22	Association 2:9
137:3 144:1,2	79:22 81:16	aren't 81:4 84:9	assume 68:15
146:22	appendix 81:11	100:4 126:16	73:10
anyway 8:3	98:11	142:3	assuming 4:21
67:20,22 72:1	applicability 66:7	argue 10:1,8 22:4	8:18 13:10 15:11
anywhere 113:8	applicable 27:4	133:6	21:5 74:12 82:21
135:10	66:2	arguing 10:3	83:2
apparently 42:21	applied 18:19	25:12,13	assumption 82:22
appeal 5:3 15:3	19:10	argument 10:7	attach 8:15
57:1 64:8 70:22	applies 84:13	28:8 128:22 129:13	attorney 2:13
71:7	102:3		11:20 30:12
72:11,12,13,15,1	apply 66:14 91:16	arguments 13:17	31:9,21,22
8 73:9,10,21	appreciate 94:10	arose 132:1	33:7,12,16,17
74:2,7,8,22 75:11,12,13,14,1	123:22 146:7	Art 2:10 10:21	34:13,16 36:7 40:6,8 43:14
8,22	approach 67:10	article 62:10 68:18	44:15,18 45:7
76:1,2,4,9,10,14,	94:11	70:14 71:2,22	57:8 76:12 77:3
20	approaches 71:14	73:10 74:15	80:15,22 131:20
78:1,5,6,7,10,17,		79:16 82:16	attorneys 13:19,22
18,21	appropriate 11:14 23:4 29:18 30:5	89:12 90:19,22 91:4 95:11	14:20 16:18 23:9
79:5,7,12,21	54:8 117:1	106:6,7,10,13	30:17,22 34:17
80:5,6,17,20 82:11,12	122:12 123:5	107:8,19 108:3,8	35:6,19,21 36:10
83:5,8,9,15,18,2	appropriately	articulated 55:18	39:2 41:6,10
1 84:5,6,7,12,16	54:7		43:16 45:1,2
95:11 136:13,14		Artist 105:4	83:18 146:1,3
144:11	arbitration 69:19 71:6,7 72:15	artists 46:7 48:20	attorney's 3:3
appealable 70:14	78:2 135:12	76:17	17:19 19:15,21 20:8
76:19	arbitrations 78:3	aside 23:22 124:3	21:2,4,10,17,20
appealed 74:21		aspect 7:9	22:1,3,6,17
79:1,3	arbitrator 2:13 11:20	asserted 140:6	23:2,18
appealing 79:16		assertion 26:5	24:11,13,20,22
80:21 84:13	archives 62:13	assign 54:14	25:16,22
appeals 3:2 4:19	area 20:14 24:1	9	26:2,14,19
70:10,16 75:16	35:9 36:11 39:1 42:13 72:11	assigning 9:5	28:3,8,17,20 29:7,19,21
78:22 83:14	74:12 75:10,20	assistance 11:3	30:6,9,15 31:10
116:22	101:14 125:14	41:9,10 43:2,11	34:19 35:2,15
appear 108:17	138:18	44:4,9 83:19	38:21 40:4,21
109:7 112:18			41:15 44:15

	1 42	<u>, </u>	
45:4,15 80:13,19	26:22	becomes 94:15	BMW 10:6
83:16 130:21	awards 44:14 45:4	139:19 140:13	board 93:3
131:6,16	49:3 131:20	begin 4:18 5:5	boat 76:22
attract 83:18	aware 42:5 100:4	55:19	143:7,10
attracted 35:20	146:18	behalf 51:10 135:1	body 71:1,2 79:13
audience 64:20	away 12:14 17:6 28:22	behind 108:10	bombard 146:21
90:2 95:3 author 49:9		belabor 6:12	bona 140:6
	awful 28:20	believe 43:15	bond 56:13,15,21
automatically 56:12 57:18 79:7	awkward 99:1	91:12 113:8 115:8 128:18	60:10,13,18
avail 105:6	В	141:4	book 53:17,18
availability 46:2	background 43:10	benchmarks	books 119:10
49:11 132:5,15	bad 14:10 15:19	144:11,22 145:1	bootleg 52:22
available 4:21,22	17:17 19:3,15	beneficial 27:5	break 85:20
5:14 6:11 7:14	29:15 30:5	beneficiary 21:13	87:3,19 88:7,20
8:2,3 12:15 13:6	bag 28:19	benefit 29:4	102:15
14:13 21:17 23:16 40:21,22	balance 23:5	benefits 72:3	Brennan 2:11 23:17,18 27:16
41:20 45:4,18	106:22	123:7	31:12,13 33:18
65:13 76:9,10	bankruptcy 44:6	Berne 49:12	36:13,14 37:2
131:8 138:20	bar 29:15 121:3	104:4,6,22 105:9	46:21,22
145:6,8	barraged 117:19	best 9:8,13	51:14,21 55:6,15,17 59:3
avenue 1:11 15:20 119:18	bars 42:22	better 7:10 9:14	60:4,12,17
avenues 11:15	Bar's 132:2	34:16 53:3 70:2	66:21,22 72:6,7
70:4 105:5	based 24:22 26:22	beyond 56:21 82:1	77:10,18 78:22
average 14:21	27:7 38:21 62:6	biannual 136:5	80:2,10 81:19 83:10 92:3,5
37:5 126:12	71:8,15,17 85:2	bigger 29:5	96:11,12,15
127:3 130:15	bases 71:9	biggest	98:4,5 99:15
award 8:13,20	basic 14:11,12	91:10,15,17	111:20,21
9:17 21:4,13	106:9 107:17	bit 6:18 9:21 13:8	112:11 113:12 133:15,16
23:4 25:16,22 26:2,19	basically 51:13,20	17:11 39:8,21	139:11,12,17
27:3,7,20 69:19	54:16 71:7 96:21 119:12,15	42:2 59:16 68:14 69:1,17 88:18	144:14
71:7 74:5	128:10 143:3	103:7 109:19	Brennan's 71:10
80:6,12,13	basis 34:18 73:20	113:19 129:18	bribery 71:8
awarded 27:14,16	105:3 136:15	131:13 138:4	brick 125:6
50:1 80:18	battle 66:5	139:5	Brief 87:16 102:16
awarding 20:2	bear 135:13	blog 97:5	briefly 90:10

	Pag	,6 5	
121:22 123:21	29:9,11,17	case 16:20 19:1,22	95:20
bring 14:1 111:14	33:9,10 44:12,13	20:17 21:13,21	certain 8:16
113:15 114:17	46:5,6 53:1,2	24:9 25:4 27:22	12:11,12 14:16
116:21 120:4	54:9,18 55:14	32:5,6,10 34:12	16:7 25:1,21
121:4 123:18	67:11 68:6	35:11,14 37:5,7	27:19 37:7,8
127:5	82:5,6,18 83:6	44:7 46:10 57:20	38:15 54:3 92:19
bringing 116:9	85:12	66:16,17 67:21	116:2 120:21
118:6 143:17	91:2,3,9,20	76:13,22 79:6	123:7 132:10
	93:19,20 94:6	80:12,21 85:3	134:9
brings 44:20 146:5	95:8,9 102:1,2	93:2 97:3 98:16	certainly 27:8
Bristol 2:7 34:22	103:10,13	99:12 101:17	29:17 48:12
131:21,22 133:4	106:8,9 108:1	102:8,20	54:18 72:17
ŕ	109:3,4 110:9	103:1,13,15	
broader 71:21	113:5,6,14	117:6 123:16	108:9 110:20
103:3	114:8,21 115:1	125:19 127:5	121:12
broadly 66:7,11	136:8,9	cases 6:8 7:13 14:1	certificate 37:16
brought 13:11	145:16,17	18:15,21 20:14	140:13,15 148:1
15:18 17:18 43:9	Calzada's 102:10	23:4 26:15 31:16	149:1
99:15 122:17	144:9	32:14,15 33:6	certify 148:4 149:2
142:15		34:2 35:7,12,20	· ·
	cap 13:9,10	37:4 42:16,21,22	cessation 63:4
built 41:6 43:16	14:6,16 15:11	44:7,16 49:6,20	cetera 27:1 43:1
bunch 60:1,5	16:11 23:1,9 30:8	61:19 67:8,19	chain 140:3
burden 7:3 72:4	31:10,14,21,22	79:1,18 81:3	
134:22 135:14	36:2,4 40:7	84:2 91:16	CHAITOVITZ
	53:14,20 54:4	96:19,20,22	2:4
burning 45:14	Í	102:4 118:16	challenge 25:3
business 7:17 85:2	capable 104:12	121:3 123:15	challenges 31:6
113:12 118:13	Capital 1:16	131:6 133:19	chance 20:7 21:9
132:8,20	Capitol	134:2 136:14	22:16,18
buy 114:2 119:11	20:16,17,20	138:12 141:20	ŕ
•		142:15,22	chances 22:14
	capping 35:18	145:11	84:22
C-A 44:1	caps 35:18	category 47:4	change 98:19
cabin 115:14	car 143:7,9	Catherine 2:3 4:12	116:2
calculus 84:19	care 99:21	cause 51:16	changes 128:9
California 1:13	careful 33:19 35:1	cease 49:19 50:6	characterize 60:21
11:1,17 43:20	41:14 94:3	51:6 122:22	charge 31:2 44:16
44:1 73:21 84:15	carefully 61:2	123:9,17	50:21
113:22 114:1,4	75:21	Center 44:4	Charlesworth 2:2
138:2	Carolyn 2:5	130:12 131:5	4:2,5 8:4 9:19
Calzada 2:9 28:1,2	· ·		10:13 12:5 13:7
Caizaua 2.7 20.1,2	carrier 133:22	centralized 73:16	15:9 16:1,13

	1 αξ	,e	
17:20 18:2 19:13	circle 77:4	65:18 66:5,19	88:9 90:1,4
20:10,12,22	aimanit 57.22 50.1	67:1 71:12,14	combined 86:21
22:22 23:11,17	circuit 57:22 58:1	72:9,10,20	
27:12 28:1	75:1,5,6,8	73:8,22 74:4	88:12
29:8,10,12 31:12	109:17 110:14	75:20 77:22	combining 87:21
33:8 34:21	111:8,11,17	78:18 80:12	89:19
36:13,20 39:5	112:1	84:16,17,20	comes 20:18 41:12
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	circuits 75:2,3	90:20 94:17 95:7	
40:9 42:1 43:5	111:5		79:17 94:14
44:10 45:13		106:17 109:20	110:12 114:14
46:21 49:4 51:9	circumstances	116:9 120:3,16	117:2 128:21
52:1 53:10 54:13	23:16 66:3	121:18,20	145:18
55:15 58:20	city 24:17	122:15,16,18	comfortable
59:20 60:19	· ·	123:4 125:7	63:18,21
64:19	civil 98:11 100:5	132:16 135:18	, and the second
66:13,17,20 67:9	141:12	136:4,21 137:4	coming 16:5 35:17
68:4,13 69:1,15	claim 15:21 16:16	138:5 140:5,12	88:20 146:7
70:5,9 72:6 76:5	17:3,17 19:16	clarify 28:14	comment 45:15
78:19 79:8	23:15 25:7,10,14	•	51:19 53:11
82:5,15,19 83:20	26:3 62:11 67:5	clause 80:19	55:11 68:21 72:7
85:11,17 86:2	73:2 126:4	clear 9:1 21:11	101:5 108:12
87:11,15	133:20	58:20 140:21	110:12,15 113:7
88:14,17,22 94:8		142:18	122:2 127:13
100:19,22 102:7	claimant 8:19 17:1		146:13,15 147:1
109:16 110:2,11	130:16	client 44:16,17	,
121:5,8,15 122:2	claimants 124:6	clients 35:22	commentators
147:6	139:7	clinic 11:1	121:10
cheap 66:9	claimed 26:14	close 37:12	commenters
-	52:9 62:19		145:4,5
cheaper 70:3	claiming 114:15	closed-end 68:2	commenting 51:18
check 131:9		closer 141:4	comments 5:12
133:13	claims 1:6 3:7	code 24:15	13:20 18:13 46:2
checking 133:5	4:8,16,21 5:13 7:3 9:6 12:13	co-exist 95:7	53:12 60:21
chicken 39:8	13:10,19 14:3		65:1,2 68:5,20
China 37:10	15:4,12 17:9	coffee 112:13	94:11 106:1
	19:10 23:22 24:1	collateral 65:16,21	114:11 115:7,8
choice 84:4,9	26:10 29:14	67:19	121:13 122:13
106:6	31:17 32:14	colleague 34:3	123:22 141:3
choose 7:1	33:20 39:10,13	colleagues 33:2	146:8
chose 79:21 83:5	43:11	collect 69:7,10	commercial 141:7
chosen 51:3	47:6,7,10,11	70:3	communicating
	48:16,18 51:18		112:21
churning 96:2	52:9 53:13,20	collecting 50:8	communication
97:20	54:12 57:16	combine 87:4,5	138:12
	58:13 59:9,14,22	,	150.12

	1 ag	<u>'</u>	
communications	115:14 120:10	90:9,11 91:22	42:12 82:14
138:13,14	139:18	92:9 94:5,13	convinced 32:7
company 1:16	concerns 4:19 12:9	99:7 101:11	56:6
51:17 128:13	70:13 81:8 82:2	103:18 104:2 105:11 107:2	Coordinator
compared 9:15	99:19,21 104:7	108:7 111:14	142:7,18 143:20
compelling 64:21	conclude 139:12	113:4,7 115:18	copies 45:21
1 0	conduct 50:6 51:6	143:12	50:18,19
compensate 32:19 34:20	63:5	constitutionality	copy 37:10 52:15
	confusion 57:5	69:13	- · ·
compensated 39:2	Congress 1:1	constitutions 96:8	copyright 1:2,6 4:6,8,14,17
compensation	107:18 108:9		11:3,4,8 13:5,20
51:2	conscience 77:19	consumer 127:3	19:6,21 26:15
compensatory		consumers 126:12	35:6 37:5 41:12
5:15	consent 72:20,22 73:5 76:2	consuming 79:5	45:22 75:9 89:15
competition 50:18	77:14,19 114:16	contact 113:19	90:14 91:21,22
complain 125:13	consequences 54:2	contacts 96:7	92:1,2 95:17 113:8 115:22
complaints 24:6	129:7,8	contemplating	116:8 119:15
complete 149:7	consider 33:1 73:6	87:21	120:4,8 124:5,18
completely 114:10	89:7 113:2	content 43:1	125:1,12
141:13	114:20 130:21	128:14	126:6,20
	consideration	context 45:22	128:15,17,20
complexity 48:4 52:21 72:3	52:20 54:14 65:2	114:20 140:11	130:16 132:6,14 134:6
	107:21 146:9	contingency 32:7	134.6
complicated 7:5 41:16 44:22	considerations 3:7	9 •	139:22 140:4
78:12 81:4 93:17	108:13 134:6	contingent 34:18	142:9 143:18
96:5 99:5,16	considered 8:16	continue 53:4 65:1	copyrighted 11:13
145:9,21	95:17 114:7	117:7	91:12
component 62:11	considering 52:16	continuing 49:16	copyright-related
components	99:8 114:11	50:5,8	138:4
135:12	consistency 110:22	contract 143:5,9	Copyrights 2:2
comports 104:5	111:9	contracting 75:10	corpus 62:13,20
Compress 88:22	constantly 117:19	contribute 86:11	• ′
concept 17:8 71:13	Constitution	control 46:7,18	correct 22:13 38:17 74:3 149:6
•	109:6	48:20	correctly 48:3
concern 14:8 23:5 54:16 80:4 91:11	constitutional 3:5	controversies 54:7	· I
104:3	47:17 63:11	Convention 104:4	cost 14:19,20 15:5 27:6,10 30:13
concerned 28:15	70:4,13 82:10	105:9	31:5 44:17 48:3
54:15 63:14	84:4 86:4,6,8	conversation	58:9 59:7
JT.13 UJ.1T	88:1,3 89:6	Conversation	

	1 48	, ,	
60:9,16 62:4	13:11 18:20	courtroom 112:16	critical 46:20
92:18 124:4	19:10 20:6 28:21	courts 8:13 17:16	cross 115:2
130:9,15,19,21 134:9 135:10	29:1,2 30:14 32:12	18:20 20:1	crossing 61:20
	33:15,17,19 34:1	24:11,15 27:3	culture 91:13
costing 144:19	35:2 37:11,13	42:8 44:2 45:22	
costs 3:3 17:14,19	38:7 39:13 41:4	57:8 58:5,13 73:18	curious 101:15 106:5
19:2 20:20 23:2	43:12 44:14	73.18 74:17,19,20	
38:6,13,20,22	47:16,18,19	75:19 84:17	current 6:17 17:13
77:3 120:22 130:22	49:18	107:19 108:3	111:13
130.22	56:12,13,20	111:5	currently 84:13
131.1,11,12	57:21 58:10	coverage 132:18	customers 97:12
	60:13 61:2,4	133:5,7,17	
counsel 2:2,3	65:18 68:9,18 69:5,20	covered 132:11	
4:6,13 16:21 28:4 35:10 36:1	70:1,2,12,14	133:2,20,21	D.C 73:12 74:16
76:11	70:1,2,12,14	133.2,20,21	75:1 95:21 98:7
132:4,12,15,17	73:11,12,13,14,1	-	111:19
count 98:21	6	covering 135:10	damage 50:17
	74:2,3,13,14,15,	create 17:1,2 45:9	57:17
counter-notice	16,18,22 77:1	60:1 62:8 81:21	damages 3:2
124:20 125:9	79:2,16 80:7,17	92:13,15,22 94:4	5:9,11,13,15,16,
126:3,8	81:16 82:17	98:6,13 106:17	19
127:14,17 128:1 129:6,7,10,15	84:17 90:19,21	107:19 108:3,5,8	6:7,8,10,16,19,2
, , ,	91:4 95:12,21	created 60:5	1 7:4,6,11,13
counter-notices	98:7,9,12,14,17, 21 100:6 101:22	145:13	8:1,5,10,14,15,1
126:3	102:11,18	creating 16:17	7,20
counter-noticing	106:14,17 108:8	17:9 57:4 81:20	9:5,9,11,15,18
129:12,17	109:8,11,17	91:9	10:2,3,4,9
counterproductiv	110:13,17	creator 23:10 40:2	12:7,13
e 50:9	111:1,2,3,15,22	50:10 129:3	13:2,3,6,8 14:13 21:22 32:8 34:9
country 73:13	112:10,16,20,22	130:1,4 135:8	49:1 50:1,8 52:8
108:16 119:21	113:15	creators 16:10	54:4 58:3 73:1
137:13	114:16,18	21:3 40:5 42:20	76:8 77:17,20
countryside 66:10	116:11 117:22	45:10 67:18 84:8	101:19,22
couple 42:5 46:12	118:2,7,16 122:17 123:4	129:21 134:16	102:5,8,20
65:4,5 122:13	124:8 125:7	crime 143:4	103:2,3,8,17,19
130:13	124.8 123.7	crimes 142:10	118:6,22 119:22
course 80:10 86:17	136:20 138:15	criminal 44:7	126:11
95:11 126:3	148:1,2,15	141:5,8 142:2,11	damaging 127:7
	149:3,5	143:15,17	dangerous 53:6
court 5:1 7:16 8:9,12,20 10:5	Courthouse 44:5	criteria 136:10	data 3:7 115:22
0.9,12,20 10.3		CHICHA 130.10	uata 3.7 113.22

	1 42	,	
116:6,7,12,13,15	deemed 25:15	145:8	123:9,17
124:1,12 130:6	deep 22:8	defenses 12:11	destroyed 62:21
131:19	deeper 21:14	35:13 41:16	destruction 45:21
date 24:21 149:11	defamation 133:1	145:6,9	determine 93:15
daunting 23:10	defeats 68:10	definite 26:9	determined 67:21
day 4:7,11	defend 145:3,12	definitely 68:11 100:18 114:7	86:18 106:12
31:18,19 32:12,20 87:1	defendant 9:3	115:13 125:8	determining 33:14
105:7 147:4	15:10 17:13	degree 6:5	deterred 40:2
days 38:12	18:22 19:1,8,14	delay 48:11	deterrent 23:7
de 78:7 84:16 85:8	20:3,19 21:14	demand 49:19	developed 30:18
deal 6:18 15:15	22:18 26:1,6 29:20 36:6 38:1		Developer 2:12
30:19 57:2 99:14	54:6 57:17 58:8	depart 88:15	developing 7:4
118:19 126:11	63:14 68:1 72:17	Department 142:5	devil's 9:22
dealing 25:16	73:4,14	depend 40:17	
27:21 31:15,16	76:7,11,19 77:7,8,11,14,19	dependent 10:10	dichotomy 109:5
68:16 89:18 118:17	79:4,21 84:8,19	depending 132:21	Diego 11:2
	92:18 95:19	depends 39:9	difference 33:4
dealt 116:19 119:8 128:10	97:11 98:17	48:21 75:17 78:6	36:17 55:7 103:7
debate 115:16	100:1 111:12,14 113:17,19	110:7 127:19 135:22	different 4:22 9:2
debt 134:22	130:10,16		50:22 52:18,19 61:18 66:20
	140:14	deposition 38:1 61:6	71:14 73:17,19
decide 44:18 86:15 87:4	defendants 11:4	depositions 37:19	80:15 83:10 85:1
decided 50:13 54:7	12:16 15:12,15	100:7	90:10 111:6 112:14,19,20
102:3	17:21,22 18:4 19:9 20:5 22:8	derivative 36:18	112:14,19,20
decides 25:14	36:6 40:13 42:15	52:14	137:10
deciding 68:9	53:3 76:1 80:5	describe 128:22	differently 84:22
decision 7:17	99:9 116:21	described 45:7	difficult 6:9 125:3
50:11 84:13 85:2	118:3 120:5,22 129:9 133:12	describing 45:6	128:7
decisions 67:5	134:2 138:9	62:17 126:14	difficulties 143:13
declaration 118:7	145:3,11,20	design 12:2 25:4	difficulty 9:15
121:11	defendant's 29:18	123:1	26:18 66:2
declaratory	40:12 41:13	designed 37:21	Digital 148:15
117:22 121:8,19	defending 43:3	designer 2:12	dime 38:15
123:11,12,14,18	130:17	37:21	direct 43:2
decrease 73:3	defense 40:16 119:5 132:17	desist 49:19 50:6 51:6 122:22	direction 129:5
		J1.U 122.22	

<u> </u>	1 46	1	
131:16 148:6	disincentive 17:2	doctor 81:10	easiest 92:14
directly 24:7 26:11	72:20	Doe 117:6,10	easy 17:13 54:1
126:11	disincentivize 73:4	138:8,9	eBook 119:10
disagree 65:14	disincentivizing	DOJ 143:19	eBooks 119:11
102:9	19:11	dollar 27:10 54:10	echo 51:21 147:6
disagreement 140:17	dismiss 37:15 143:4	dollars 15:4 22:17 33:5,21	economic 52:12 53:19 54:2
disappear 14:17	dismissed 117:5,6	domain 119:9,16	economical 32:16
disappointed	dispute 11:12 12:1	domesticate 69:5	economically
142:4	18:9 128:21 143:5,9	done 48:2 55:18	49:14
discount 22:14	ŕ	64:1 70:18 88:6	economy 53:6
discouraged 116:10	disputes 11:6 116:19	91:6 107:1 123:5	edge 28:22
	118:12,18 120:4	dot 44:2	edition 51:2
discovery 14:22 24:6 37:19	disputing 128:20	downloading	educate 146:1
38:3,9 44:22	distinction	117:12	
61:5 81:7 99:14	52:2,4,17 71:11	drag 30:21	educating 146:3
100:7 121:2	distinguish 47:1	dragged 18:22	EDWARD 2:6
discrete 25:21	59:5 67:8	drawing 60:20	EF 122:14
discretion 26:22	distinguished 59:3	drawn 25:6 52:17	effect 3:3 57:5 65:7 67:6,16
82:13 83:12 142:8	distribution 51:16	driveway 143:7	76:3 110:16
discuss 101:11	53:18	dual 18:16,17	effective 82:7
121:6	distributors 51:12	due 61:1 81:8 82:2	84:17 94:1 126:9
discussed 7:21	district 42:8,13	89:12	effectively 34:5
94:3 139:14	43:20 44:1,8 47:16 73:13,18	99:8,9,17,19,21	79:18,22
discussing 45:12	74:2,14,15,17,18	100:4,12 108:13 109:7 146:11	effectiveness 92:20
87:19 99:14	,20 75:19 90:21	Dufferage 122:14	efficient 30:18
discussion 4:9	98:9,12,13,17,20	Duncinge 122.14	144:13
5:8,10 12:4	138:1,3	E	efficiently 144:21
23:19 35:1 44:20 46:1 52:3 63:8	division 23:21	earlier 46:10	egg 39:8
79:10 83:1 86:11	DMCA 11:14	97:19	egregious 71:18
94:18 105:7	41:16 122:6,16,19,21	earliest 96:22	eight 37:21
108:20 115:15	123:10,18	early 42:12 88:18	either 24:14,19
133:10 142:7	124:19	96:22	27:19 74:13 84:4
discussions 132:10	126:9,21,22	ease 6:6	86:20 88:5 89:4
142:17	145:7	easier 6:18 69:6	93:2 119:19
disfavor 142:9	docket 118:17	70:3 108:21	131:16 143:3

	1 ag		
elaborate 139:13	68:19 69:4,12	50:20	96:15 121:19
elect 9:3,4	70:4	essentially 9:7	example 25:2
electronic 98:21	enforcement 120:8	141:12	56:16,17 73:10
electronically	142:6,18 143:16,19	establish 24:11	95:20 111:17 113:20,21 119:7
98:20	engagement 46:12	established 24:14	121:12 128:11
element 12:21	ensure 99:20	27:3	examples 41:5,8
91:22	104:3,10,13,15	establishes 30:15	exceed 53:20
elicit 4:15	entertainment	estoppel 65:17,22	exceeds 53:19
eligible 21:19	42:19	et 27:1 42:22	except 125:3
eliminate 77:13	entire 54:22	evaluate 135:18	exceptions 79:19
eloquently 54:17	62:12,13 78:11	evaluated	exceptions 73.13
else 45:14 93:18	entirety 62:15	136:3,4,10	38:9
95:14 99:3	entitled 24:13	evaluating 136:11	excuse 19:18
105:10 113:3 115:17 124:10	28:13 63:2	evaluation 3:7	exhaust 123:2
133:17 124:10	environment 66:6	event 16:16	exhausted 123:9
137:1,19 139:8	71:15	eventually 134:18	existed 25:9
143:21 144:1,2 145:15 146:6	envision 83:4 111:22 135:14	everybody 10:21	
		27:9 100:15	exists 130:3
email 109:1	envisioned 48:6	145:4	exonerate 120:15
emails 117:19 146:21	equation 54:11 59:22	everyone 4:2 64:16 66:21 67:9	expected 22:19
emotional 28:7	equitable 3:3	90:7 96:21	expedited 24:5 34:6 66:19 77:13
	10:9,10 39:20	108:21 115:5	120:19
emphasize 89:3	45:16,20 47:15	146:7,18	expensive 45:8
empirical 3:6 13:15 115:21	58:4 59:18	everything 48:2	69:6 79:5
116:6,7,12,15	equity 9:8,17	51:13,21 65:3 70:13 78:14	experience 19:16
124:1,12 130:6	ERICA 2:7	112:3,14,18	26:13 35:10
131:19	error 72:13 74:3	113:22 131:2	38:17 68:21
employed 148:8	140:15	135:22	75:9,11 76:13 88:10
encourage 15:12	errors 74:3	everywhere 97:12	experienced
17:10 28:3 123:2,6 134:10	78:8,11,17 79:14	evidence 6:10 7:4	35:6,19 39:2
enforce 69:22 70:1	especially 32:6 48:1 77:15 78:5	13:18 18:3 38:10 55:10 56:9 58:18	experiences
127:4	79:15 98:19	123:17 125:17	124:18
enforceability 3:4	110:2 124:12	evidentiary 47:22	expert 25:9 37:1
65:7 68:13	129:9 140:2,5	48:10 57:13 67:7	38:2 145:19
enforceable 65:10	essential 6:7 49:8	exactly 38:17	expertise 28:4

	1 46	<u> </u>	
138:18,19	failed 141:13	137:11	fight 38:3 125:18
experts 34:8 41:9 88:3 explain 10:18 42:2	failure 25:1 fair 17:8 18:13 28:18 29:21	fee 21:13 22:6 23:3 25:16,22 26:2,7,9 27:2	figure 11:14 38:19 137:14 file 21:21 22:20,21
117:16 exploitation 50:12	35:12 36:17 41:16 99:12 118:11 119:5	32:3 34:18 35:5 39:17 50:4 83:21 84:2 131:20	69:18 120:21 125:3 127:13,16 filed 40:14 117:4
exposure 27:15 expressed 5:18	122:9 125:13,15,18	134:8 feel 14:15 29:5	124:20 128:21
65:12	126:17 127:9	54:20 63:18 82:6	129:22 131:6 133:1
extensive 121:1,2	128:11 129:1 145:7,21	86:10 100:14 107:7 125:5	filers 134:10
extent 13:4 77:7 extra 118:15,16	fairly 18:18 29:15	feels 125:2	file-sharing 20:19 42:17 116:20
extremely 6:9	79:14 faith 15:19 17:17	fees 3:3 15:17,20 16:16 17:1,5,19	118:3 138:7,8
44:22 81:15 86:9 89:19 115:16 117:13 126:9	19:3,15 29:15 30:5	18:5 19:15,21 20:2,8	filing 17:3 22:10 23:7,14 37:14 117:21 124:22
eye 146:13	fall 133:14	21:2,4,10,17,20 22:1,4,17	134:8
F	familiar 42:11 96:19,21 famous 57:20	23:2,19 24:11,14,20,22 26:12,15,16,19,2	film 2:8 42:20 51:11,16 52:4 54:22 55:5 63:20
fabulous 110:1 face 25:13	fashion 25:4	2 27:7,14,16	64:3,6
26:18,19 58:8,11	favor 66:9 137:6	28:3,8,17,20 29:7,14,19,21	filter 140:5
Facebook 126:16	FBI 143:1	30:6,9,15 31:10 34:19 35:2,15	final 59:1,6 65:10 77:6 99:7
faced 22:21 29:6 83:4 119:12	fear 30:16 81:18 feasible 7:19	36:4 38:21 39:19	finally 112:12
faces 28:16	feature 132:4	40:4,10,21 41:15 44:15 45:4,15	financial 51:17 64:7 148:9
facilities 98:21 facing 128:13	federal 5:1 7:16 8:11 17:14 18:20	80:13,19 83:16 130:21,22 131:1,7,16	finding 29:15 34:16 62:2 68:9
fact 60:15 67:13,15 89:5	20:5 32:12 37:11 38:7 41:4 43:12	134:12,17 135:7 felt 93:22 103:1	fine 34:14 50:1 70:1 89:2
factor 6:16 7:6 22:9,20 28:7	44:3 69:20 70:1 75:1,5,6,7 77:1	106:20 107:1	fingers 61:20
30:17 132:3	80:7 81:16 98:11 100:6 106:17	Feltner 101:17 102:2,22	firm 2:11 35:12
factors 8:16 125:11 129:1	115:5 117:22 124:4,8,22 127:5	festering 118:20	firmly 6:4 firms 43:17
facts 74:9	129:14 130:12	fide 140:6	first 17:4,19
fail 25:15	131:5 136:20	field 83:17	21:4,15 22:10

	1 46	T	
23:8 35:14 56:12,19 73:5 76:12,22 85:6 90:9,17 92:5,10	123:2,8 126:7,18,19,20 127:10 138:1 139:5 145:6	frivolity 32:9 33:12 frivolous 15:18 16:16 17:9 19:15	11:9,11 40:3 51:1 104:12 109:10 134:19 135:2 143:13
93:4,14 113:8 116:14 135:3	food 137:12	26:6 29:14	given 49:22 106:15
136:11	fooling 38:7	frivolousness 27:1	gives 26:9
five 10:3 42:8	force 55:4	front 63:14 115:10	giving 67:22 99:6
70:8,9 138:22	foregoing 148:3	118:18,19	100:11 129:10
144:16	foregoing/	frustrating 125:15	glue 56:10 57:4
fix 62:4	attached 149:6	fun 81:5	goal 6:14 28:21
fixed 24:20	foreign 8:3 129:9	fund 134:5	38:5 45:5,9 82:22 83:2
FLASH 41:5	foremost 136:12	funded 134:8	Golly 60:3
42:7,12 43:8	foresee 76:10	funding 3:7	gone 15:2 60:6
flea 98:2	forgoing 68:1	134:5,12	84:20
flesh 5:7	forgotten 19:19	futile 125:2	Gore 10:6
flood 36:9	form 7:8 50:11		gotten 84:21
floor 5:20 70:20	65:14	gamble 22:15	110:15
focus 26:17 27:21	formal 24:5	game 7:8	gov 44:2
focused 5:8 42:14	formalities 104:16	gamesmanship	grand 31:8
79:13 102:8	format 55:12	66:5	grant 47:20 58:5
focuses 25:18 26:10 27:7,8	forms 45:20	gap 14:2,3	granted 131:16
ŕ	fortunately 10:5	garage 97:20	141:15
focusing 103:2,3	138:12	111:16	granting 47:1
Fogerhty 18:14	forum 12:3	gate 36:9	142:16
folks 11:5 12:17 14:6,17,18	118:4,19 120:9	general 91:1	grants 56:12
18:10,21 40:19	forward 3:6 44:2 78:20 86:7,19	103:17 106:17	gray 125:14
41:7,20 42:7	88:1,8 115:20	133:16,17,21	great 12:1 31:2
43:3,12,17 101:16,20	Foster 20:17,21	generally 12:2 28:2 58:22	41:5 51:16 52:6
101.10,20	four-factor 56:3	91:3,20 125:9	66:2 92:1 106:11 122:1 124:13,14
105:13,14,22	Francisco 139:1	generous 147:8	130:8
107:6	frankly 9:10 128:7	gentleman 108:14	greater 6:6 35:3
108:14,15,17 109:5 116:17,20	fraud 70:19 71:8	gets 53:6 84:8	54:4
117:3,13,16		99:17 129:3	greatly 142:4
118:3,5,10	free 11:2 88:15 142:20	133:21	grew 52:3
119:1,6,17 120:10 122:5,6	frequency 131:19	getting 6:15	grievances 49:15

	1 46		
141:6	happens 43:10	131:12 146:14	46:9
gross 70:19	48:7 78:4 86:17	heard 12:2 38:16	highlights 45:11
ground 72:16	112:12 140:12	57:14 118:8	46:17
73:20 97:14	happy 38:14,19	120:9 132:9	Hilgard 1:11
116:18 119:3	106:18	hearing 1:4	hiring 82:3
grounds 73:9	harassing 117:7	48:9,16,18 56:9	historically 108:2
74:2,7 75:12	harbor 145:8	57:6,13 59:9,18 67:4,7 71:19	•
76:3 78:18	harbors 41:17	147:4,10	hit 19:20 22:16,19
group 46:14	hard 48:1 51:18	hearings 4:7	hold 55:21
118:8,16	54:14 80:2	S	holder 124:18
groups 41:3 42:3,9	harm 56:1,2	heavy 18:7	holders 11:3 64:12
116:19	harming 36:5,11	held 6:10 75:19	120:4 132:7
growing 110:5	Hasbrouck 2:6	Hello 114:1	holding 28:19
guarantee 58:8	5:22 6:1 8:4 9:1	help 11:7 15:10	home 44:20 146:5
guaranteed 104:22	20:22 21:1 23:6	23:5 26:17 41:6	homeowner's
guess 8:18 82:19	49:4,5 61:15,16	43:3,15,17 44:6,9 82:4 89:9	132:21 133:2
86:7 87:8,12	67:11,12 83:22	91:19 108:18	homosexual 46:12
122:20	84:1 103:22 104:2,18,22	111:9 118:3	honored 104:20
guessing 7:8	105:9 134:14,15	helpcenterssj	hope 4:11 21:6
guesstimate 9:8,13	140:22 141:2	44:1,3	134:17 143:18
guidelines 9:10	143:22	helpful 44:11	hopeful 69:11
guideposts 8:10,13	hate 17:8	69:21 84:11	85:17
guys 87:2 101:3	haul 109:8	90:16 99:18	hopefully 61:20
121:21 131:3	haven't 59:3 76:14	120:17 146:22	104:8 111:8
	108:4 118:8	helping 36:12	120:3
Н	134:20 144:3	hereby 148:3	hoping 38:5
half 87:20 88:11	having 23:14	149:2	hornet's 114:10
119:14	35:18 36:6,9	herself 77:2	horse 110:7
halt 51:15	48:22 50:22 57:5 61:3 81:15 91:12	hesitant 66:11	horseback 110:3
halted 52:21	102:12 109:11	Hi 10:21 34:22	host 93:6
hand 104:1	118:18 132:17	high 17:16 18:18	
handle 35:7 45:2	133:8 142:19	19:8 29:15 45:3	hosting 147:7
74:16 80:16	145:19	76:8 77:17,20	hour 87:20
hands 90:1 105:16	heads 95:4	86:8 122:10 135:7	88:11,19 110:5
happen 56:5	hear 12:4 13:14		hours 31:21 37:21
106:21 136:6	40:13 49:15	higher 24:16 40:7	huge 7:3,6 22:9
happened 46:10	101:9 105:22	highlight 44:13,19	52:12 64:7
* *			

	1 ag		
hundred 22:17	33:22 34:2 35:3	89:5,6,11,19,21	42:19 140:2
hundreds 116:20	37:5,6,7,16	96:6 100:12,17	inequities 21:3
138:8	38:1,5,13,19 39:6 48:16 52:15	107:16,21 122:9 123:20 144:11	inequity 21:16
hurdle 91:17	53:10 54:14		inexperienced
106:15 129:18	55:15 56:19	impossible 106:13	36:1,10
	67:11 74:12	improving 141:11	infeasible 7:20
<u>I</u>	79:8,9 83:1	incentive 15:8	informal 11:6,8
icons 60:1,5,7,8	88:1,2 96:20 101:15	16:6,9 63:20 78:9	18:9 116:18
I'd 133:18	102:11,12	incentives	120:7
idea 13:1 30:8	103:12 106:5,18	12:17,21 14:6,17	information 86:11
32:18 39:22 40:1 61:3 81:12 88:14	107:20 108:16	16:4 67:13	101:8 120:13
95:5 110:13	112:11 113:1,13 115:12,15	92:13,15,16 93:1	124:2 125:10 130:18 131:7
111:2 112:9	127:20 128:18	includes 56:4	
128:14 135:19	132:1	including 8:17	informed 100:9
137:22	imagine 31:15	inconsistent 61:3	infrastructure 139:6
ideal 108:6	42:15	111:7	
Ideally 24:3	imbalance 145:14	incorporate 62:18	infringe 53:4 113:14 142:20
ideas 5:8 41:2	immediately 58:7	incorporates 52:5	infringed 11:13
90:12 95:6 130:14 144:9	64:14	incorrect 136:17	113:9 130:2
	impact 46:3 52:13	increase 27:20	142:11
ignore 126:21,22	64:7 65:17	59:7 73:3	infringement 6:22
ignored 49:18	implementation	increased 131:18	8:7,8 14:12
III 68:18 70:14 71:2,22 73:10	137:17	increases 20:7	19:6,21 49:16 50:5,9,20 52:19
74:15 79:16	implemented 18:15 137:15	48:3	61:19 62:2,7
82:17 89:12		incredibly 140:1	63:2 118:21
90:19,22 95:12	implications 69:9	incur 77:3	129:22 133:6
106:6,14 107:8,19 108:3,8	imply 139:20 140:8,16	indemnity 134:3	142:9 143:2,18
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	,	independent 2:8	infringer 6:11
I'll 6:19 9:21 33:20 37:6 79:6 146:16	importance 145:19	28:5 42:20 51:11	10:11 49:17,18 63:5 69:10
	important 5:19	individual 16:10	142:16 143:2
illegal 43:1	12:22 15:22	40:1,5 43:9	infringers 9:22
Illinois 139:1	25:19 27:8 36:15	119:12	10:1 21:3 84:9
illustrated 30:5	40:22 44:21	128:17,19	142:12
illustrations 119:9	45:11,16 46:18,19 51:7	129:21 130:4	infringer's 62:3,18
I'm 4:4,5 10:17	59:5 64:12,21	individuals 97:2	infringing 45:21
29:10 30:9 31:1,2,8 32:1	68:7,11 86:9	industry 35:21	50:6,18 51:6
31.1,2,0 32.1			

	1 ag		
52:5 54:20	institutional 93:7	97:1,18 98:1	109:10 136:20
55:2,3 58:2	instructions 8:12	126:13	139:22
62:18,22 63:5	127:15	interpretation	issue 17:7 19:6
96:3		102:2,22 103:13	27:19 28:10
initiate 98:16	insurance		45:16 52:3,14
	132:5,8,11,12,17	interpreted 142:21	57:9 58:12
injunction 48:8	,20,21 133:2,13	interrelated 39:16	60:14,19,21
50:5 51:15 52:6,7,13	integral 62:11,15	65:6	62:12 64:21 66:6
53:15,17,19	integrity 62:20	interrogatories	67:5 68:8
54:10,19	intellectual 11:22	81:6	70:11,20
55:18,20,22	142:6,17 143:19	intimidated 81:15	72:12,16 73:15
56:8,11,14	ŕ	86:10 127:18	77:11 79:12
57:7,12,18,21	intentional 10:11		86:6,13 90:17,18
58:6,9,16,18	interact 89:17	intimidating 129:2	91:1 92:12 93:19
59:9,11,18	90:21	intimidation	94:13
60:10,13,18 63:3	interaction 97:7	125:11	96:10,14,16
64:4,7,11 72:19	interactive 97:9,15	intriguing 109:12	97:16 100:17
injunctions 45:17	· ·	introduce 10:18	101:21 111:10
46:20	interest 10:19		115:11,13 124:1 126:13 130:8
47:3,8,13,21	11:21 12:1 92:1	invariably 17:4	131:10,15 132:7
48:13 49:2,8,11	148:10	invest 85:9	135:17 141:2,5
51:5 52:17,18	interested 20:13	investigate 141:18	144:14
54:3 55:8 56:7	50:15,22 86:14	investigative 142:8	•
58:14,22 59:1,21	95:2 105:22	<u> </u>	issued 57:13 73:12
61:17	107:6 115:5,11	invite 16:18	issues 3:5,8 5:6
injunctive 5:2 46:3	116:5 120:1	inviting 125:8	25:1,17,19,21
49:5 51:12,22	130:6 131:4	invoking 47:15	27:8,17,21 42:10
63:16 76:8 77:15	interesting 4:9	S I	56:4 57:3
94:19 95:2	12:4 13:1 27:12	involve 8:21 35:11	63:9,11 66:15
126:10	46:10 55:17	involved 35:15	86:4,8 88:1,13
injury 133:18,20	109:5 110:17	39:10 46:2 64:15	89:5,6,7,12,13,1
	131:3,10	107:17,20	8 90:10,11,12 92:9 93:6,7,17
inquired 114:11	132:14,19	108:22 119:22	95:16 99:7,13
insert 83:13	intermediate	IP 13:17 14:20	101:11 105:11
insight 101:16	71:13,20 97:16	36:10 41:10	108:19
instance 101:22	intern 106:11	42:6,9 43:11,17	110:21,22 113:4
121:20 122:14	International 2:3	117:5,11 132:2	115:18,21 120:9
	4:13	133:6 139:2	124:3,10 128:14
instances 133:6		IP-related 138:5	138:6,14,16
Instead 88:16,19	internationally	irreparable 56:1	143:13 144:3
Institute 42:6	108:15	•	145:22
132:3	internet 11:17	isn't 13:6 14:10	issuing 57:6 58:14
	69:8 96:14,18	21:18 52:12	9

	1 ag	1	
items 12:14	joke 129:12	jurisdictions	language 129:5
it's 13:1 15:11	Jose 41:4 42:13	138:22	large 17:2 62:19
17:8,15 19:8	44:4 139:1	jurisidication 97:2	128:12 134:22
22:8 27:10,17	indge 0:2 4 12 17	· ·	142:11
33:7,14,15 36:8	judge 9:3,4,12,17 10:12 26:21	jury 8:12,14 9:4 10:12	largely 9:7
38:22 39:11,13	43:11 71:22	94:15,16,22	G V
40:14,18 43:19	84:14 98:13	94.13,16,22 95:6,11,12	larger 16:20 76:11
49:20 51:18	111:17	101:21 102:3,5	last 40:11 42:12,18
52:10		101.21 102.3,3	70:6 86:19,20
54:14,21,22	judges 9:6 75:9	, ,	108:12 144:3
59:4,11 60:22	111:21 112:19	justice 135:2,3	lasted 119:13
61:17 62:3 63:13	138:19 146:1,4	142:5 143:17	
73:2 74:17,18	judge's 9:13	justifies 58:18	late 110:5
75:11,12 76:8	judgment 3:4 20:6		laughed 143:3
79:13 80:15	37:17 38:9	K	Laughter 10:16
81:7,10 86:8	47:2,11 65:8,10	Kendall 2:13	36:22 100:16
90:2 91:6 92:7	66:14 67:15,21	11:19	101:2 107:14
93:8 94:1,9	69:18,20 80:8	key 47:3	110:4,6 112:7
96:5,13,21	121:8,19 123:14	·	launched 137:4
97:4,5,10,15,19	judgments 68:19	kicked 112:13	
99:5,18	69:5 79:3 93:11	KIM 2:8	law 1:10 2:5,11
100:10,17,19 102:5	123:11,13	kinds 7:18	11:1,8,17 25:11
102.3	ŕ	12:11,13 39:10	35:7 43:14
112:5	judicata 65:16	54:6,8 138:16	72:13,14
113:16,17,18,19,	68:7	ŕ	74:3,4,9
20 114:6 116:22	judicial 120:15	Knappen 2:12	78:8,11,17 79:14
121:19 123:20	130:12 131:5	16:2,3 39:19,22 59:20,21	84:14 88:3
125:3,15,18	jump 106:3	60:11,15	100:20 105:5 125:14 138:13
126:4 128:2,11	junior 40:6	107:12,13	146:2,4
129:1 131:8	· ·	107.12,13	ŕ
133:11 140:4,5	juries 8:14	129:19,20	lawsuit 17:14
142:18 143:8	jurisdiction 58:11	135:5,6 137:7,8	20:20 117:3,22
I've 19:19 60:7	95:18,19,22 96:3	, in the second	118:6 124:22
1 VC 17.17 00./	97:1,8,13,22	knowingly 100:11	133:1
	98:18 99:2 109:9	122:10	lawsuits 42:18
Jacqueline 2:2.4:5	110:21 113:7,9	knowledge 125:11	138:9
Jacqueline 2:2 4:5	114:9,18	known 129:20	lawyer 16:6 81:5
January 115:9	129:10,11,14,16 138:18		83:3
job 101:1 142:4		L	lawyers 22:11 43:5
John 117:4,5,10	jurisdictional 56:20,22 57:1	L.A 19:22 24:17	81:2,3
138:8	58:10 99:1	95:22 139:2	leads 136:16
join 90:8	109:10 114:5	lack 125:10	learn 116:1 146:20
join 90:8	109:10 114:5	lack 125:10	learn 116:1 146:2

34:9 37:19 39:3 48:5 49:6 51:5 63:3 64:22 67:10 78:10,16 85:10 94:20 104:7 118:4 121:9 122:12 132:17 138:8 legal 44:3,9 legalistic 79:14 legislation 143:21 legislative 107:17 legitimate 15:21 50:18 120:4 126:4,5 legitimately 19:5 50:19 leisurely 89:2 less 59:10 78:8 99:16,17 lett's 8:7 11:9 23:22 24:12,17 30:21 lett's 8:7 11:9 23:22 24:12,17 30:21 lett's 8:7 11:9 23:22 24:12,17 30:21 lett's 17:7,16 clatter 123:10,17 letters 117:7,16 122:5,21,22 level 14:16 35:4,21 38:15,17 40:6 45:3 80:1,18 81:16 82:1 126:1 limitity 37:20 listen 37:20 listen 37:20 listen 37:20 listen 38:3,12 litigation 18:8,12 litite 6:18 9:9,21 listle 6:18 9:9,21	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
See Section	least 13:3 14:22	license 49:21 50:2	80:11 81:14	loser 68:9
A8:5 49:6 51:5		142:15,19	litigant/plaintiff	loses 40:2 83:15
Ga:3 46:22 67:10		licensed 50:19	28:9	losing 19:21 84:19
T8:10,16 85:10 94:20 104:7 118:4 121:9 122:12 132:17 138:8		licensing 50:16	litigants 28:3,12	O
18.4 121.9 55:21,22 72:1 134:21 131:5,18 17: 18:8,910,11 125:56,89 13:15,18 17: 18:8,910,11 12:56,89 13:15,18 17: 18:8,910,11 12:56,89 13:15,18 17: 18:8,910,11 12:56,89 13:15,18 17: 18:8,910,11 12:56,89 13:15,18 17: 18:8,910,11 12:56,89 13:15,18 17: 18:8,910,11 12:56,89 13:15,18 17: 18:8,910,11 12:56,89 13:15,18 17: 18:8,910,11 12:56,89 13:15,18 17: 18:8,910,11 12:56,89 13:15,18 17: 18:8,910,11 12:56,89 13:15,18 17: 18:8,910,11 12:55,28,20 13:56,46:17 76:12 100:5 13:56,46:17 76:12 100:5 13:56,46:17 76:12 100:5 13:59,15,19 13:4:19 140:12 60:22 61:1,5 64:12 76:6,18 13:13 10:12 13:18 19:14 10:12 16:14 13:18 17:13 10:13 13:15 10:13,15 10:1		Life 112:5	35:4 79:11 81:20	
118:4 121:9 122:12 132:17 138:8 186:1 12:12 120:13:217 138:8 186:14 120:13:21 120:13:21 124:5 130:9;15;19 134:19 140:12 13:13;18 14:22 13:13:10 13:13;18 17:13:13 13:13;18 17:13:13 13:13;18 17:13:13 13:13;18 17:13 13:13;18 17:13 13:13;18 17:13 13:13;18 17:13 13:13:13:13:13:13 13:13:13:13:13:13 13:13:13:13:13:13:13:13:13:13:13:13:13:1	94:20 104:7	likelihood	litigate 68:10	
122:12 132:17 138:8 18:8,9,10,11 138:8 16gal 44:3,9 16:21 106:21 120:13,21 120:13,21 124:5 42:14,17,21,2 126:gislative 107:17 56:21,22 58:10 72:11 77:6,12,21 13:8 17:11 30:10 39:8,21 42:2 13:8 79:10 13:8 17:11 30:10 85:51,5 89:14 10:13,15 10:			134:21	13:15,18 17:16
legal 44:3,9 likely 16:12 106:21 106:21 120:13,21 124:15 42:14,17,21,2 130:9,15,19 134:19 140:12 60:22 61:1,5 130:9,15,19 134:19 140:12 60:22 61:1,5 130:10 139:8,21 42:2 133:8 17:11 30:10 39:8,21 42:2 13:8 17:11 30:10 39:8,21 42:2 13:8 17:11 30:10 39:8,21 42:2 13:8 17:11 30:10 39:8,21 42:2 85:5,15 89:10 126:4,5 limitations 45:19 47:17 45:6 59:16 68:14 69:1,17 88:18 69:1,17 88:18 101:13,15 106:1,11,18 106:1,18 106:1		*	litigation 18:8,12	ŕ
legal 44:3,9		likely 16:12		
legislation 143:21	g ,	ř		39:7,8,15 41:10
legislation 143:21 limit 44:15 56:21,22 58:10 72:11 77:6,12,21 limited 24:6,5 103:6 109:19 103:2,21 105:4 limits 8:7 11:9 23:22 24:12,17 30:21 58:4 62:5 letters 117:7,16 122:5,21,22 level 14:16 35:4,21 38:15,17 40:6 45:3 80:1,18 81:16 82:1 126:1 limity 32:8 37:7 limity 32:8 37:7 limity 32:8 37:7 limity 32:8 2:7 133:17,22 limity 32:8 37:7 limity 32:10 53:14,22 limity 32:8 37:7 limity 32:10 53:17,22 limity 32:8 37:7 list 133:17,22 limity 4:9 13 18:18 linity 32:8 37:7 list 133:17,22 limity 4:9 13 18:18 linity 32:8 37:7 list 133:17,22 limity 32:8 37:7 list 133:17,22 limity 4:9 13 18:18 linity 32:8 37:7 list 133:17,22 limity 4:9 13 18:18 linity 32:8 37:7 list 139:10 list 139:18 list 139:10 list 139:18 list 139:19 list 130:10 list 1	legalistic 79:14	120:13,21		
legislative 107:17	legislation 143:21	limit 44:15		
legitimate 15:21	legislative 107:17	*		64:12 76:6,18
limitation 92:19		72:11 77:6,12,21	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	,
126:4,5 limitations 45:19 47:17 47:17 84:18 69:1,17 88:18 94:9 102:15 106:1,11,18 110:21 116:1 117:3,8 119:4,6,22 12 126:1 103:2,21 105:4 113:18 119:18 119:4,6,22 12 124:9 125:12 124		limitation 92:19		85:5,15 89:14
legitimately 19:5 50:19 limited 24:6,7 47:20 67:15 69:7 71:6 72:18 73:1,2 82:1 103:2,21 105:4 limiting 35:1 let's 8:7 11:9 23:22 24:12,17 30:21 52:10 53:14 65:4 68:15 73:10 96:13 118:13 letter 123:10,17 letters 117:7,16	126:4,5	limitations 45:19	•	*
limited 24:6,7	legitimately 19:5	47:17	,	
leisurely 89:2	, e	limited 24:6,7		
less 59:10 78:8 99:16,17 103:2,21 105:4 limiting 35:1 let's 8:7 11:9 23:22 24:12,17 30:21 52:10 53:14 65:4 68:15 73:10 96:13 118:13 letter 123:10,17 letters 117:7,16	leisurely 89:2			
10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10				119:4,6,22 120:3
lets 26:11		· ·		121:17 122:18
let's 8:7 11:9 23:22 24:12,17 30:21 52:10 53:14 65:4 68:15 73:10 96:13 118:13 letter 123:10,17 letters 117:7,16 122:5,21,22 level 14:16 35:4,21 38:15,17 40:6 45:3 80:1,18 81:16 82:1 126:1 liability 32:8 37:7 133:17,22 limits 27:6 56:20 58:4 62:5 Limits 27:6 56:20 58:7 113:12 location 110:18 locations 93:10 112:21 long 53:5 86:20 88:19 144:18 longer 101:15 LORIN 2:11 Los 1:13 19:18 lose 22:12,18 29:7 lose 22:12,18 29:7 located 73:11,14 98:7 113:12 love 96:9 101:8 141:21 lots 125:4 love 96:9 101:8 140:14 love 96:9 101:8 141:21 lots 125:4 love 96:9 101:8 141:21 lots 125:4 love 96:9 101:8 141:21 lots 125:4 love 96:9 101:8 140:14 love 96:9 10:8 140	·	ŕ		
24:12,17 30:21 52:10 53:14 65:4 68:15 73:10 96:13 118:13 letter 123:10,17 letters 117:7,16 122:5,21,22 lines 23:13 line 96:19,20 114:5 lines 23:13 link 10:6 45:3 80:1,18 81:16 82:1 126:1 liability 32:8 37:7 133:17,22 line 36:20 94:19 95:2 limits 27:6 56:20 58:4 62:5 line 96:19,20 112:21 line 96:19,20 112:21 lines 23:13 link 10:6 LISA 149:2,11 list 139:10		_		*
Signature Sign			local 98:2,20	
68:15 73:10 96:13 118:13 letter 123:10,17 letters 117:7,16 122:5,21,22 level 14:16 35:4,21 38:15,17 40:6 45:3 80:1,18 81:16 82:1 126:1 liability 32:8 37:7 133:17,22 limits 27:0 36:20 58:4 62:5 location 110:18 locations 93:10 112:21 long 53:5 86:20 88:19 144:18 longer 101:15 longer 101:15 LORIN 2:11 Los 1:13 19:18 lose 22:12,18 29:7 lose 22:12,18 29:7 love 96:9 101:8 146:14 low 14:7,16 15:30:30:13,15 30:13,15 31:10,14 33:2 133:17,22 lower 15:10 30 80:6,8,17 83:12 lose 22:12,18 29:7 love 96:9 101:8 146:14 low 14:7,16 15:30:30:13,15 30:13,15 31:10,14 33:2 133:17,15,22 30:13 lower 15:10 30 80:6,8,17 83:12 lose 22:12,18 29:7 love 96:9 101:8 love 96:9 101:8 lowe 96:9 101:8 lowe 14:7,16 15:30:13 lower 15:10 30:13,15 30:13,15 30:13,15 30:13,15 30:13,15 30:13,15 30:13,15 30:13,15 30:13,15 30:13,15 30:13,15 31:10,14 33:2 35:4,20 80:6,8,17 83:12:3 lose 22:12,18 29:7	·		· ·	
Section 110:18 Iter 123:10,17 Iter 123:10,17 Iter 122:5,21,22 Iter 14:16 35:4,21 38:15,17 40:6 45:3 80:1,18 81:16 82:1 126:1 Iter 123:17,22 Iter 123:17,22 Iter 123:17,22 Iter 123:10,17 Iter 123:17,22 Iter 123:10,17 Iter 123:17,22 Iter 123:10 Iter 133:17,22 Iter 123:10 Iter 133:17 Iter 133:17,22 Iter 133:17,22 Iter 133:17			98:7 113:12	
line 96:19,20 114:5 lines 23:13 lines 23:1	96:13 118:13		location 110:18	
letters 117:7,16 114:5 122:5,21,22 lines 23:13 level 14:16 35:4,21 link 10:6 45:3 80:1,18 link 10:6 81:16 82:1 126:1 list 139:10 liability 32:8 37:7 listen 37:20 listen 37:20 list 23:21 long 53:5 86:20 35:7,15,22 36 88:19 144:18 longer 101:15 LORIN 2:11 lower 15:10 30 80:6,8,17 83:121:3 lose 22:12,18 29:7	letter 123:10,17		locations 93:10	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
122:5,21,22 lines 23:13 lines 23:13 lines 23:13 link 10:6 longer 101:15 lower 15:10 30 link 139:10 list 139:10 list 139:10 list 139:17,22 lose 22:12,18 29:7 lines 23:13 long 53:5 86:20 35:7,15,22 36 35:7,15,22 36 lines 23:13 longer 101:15 lower 15:10 30 lower 15:10 30 lose 22:12,18 29:7 lose 22:12,18 29:7 lose 23:13 los	letters 117:7,16	,	112:21	ŕ
level 14:16 35:4,21 link 10:6 longer 101:15 lower 15:10 30 list 139:10 list 139:10 list 137:20 list 23:13 lose 22:12,18 29:7 lick 69:13 link 10:6 lower 15:10 30 lower	,			35:7,15,22 36:8
38:15,17 40:6 link 10:6 longer 101:15 lower 15:10 30 45:3 80:1,18 81:16 82:1 126:1 list 139:10 list 139:10 list 139:10 lose 22:12,18 29:7 luck 69:13 luck 69:13	level 14:16 35:4,21		88:19 144:18	′ ′
45:3 80:1,18 81:16 82:1 126:1 liability 32:8 37:7 133:17,22 LISA 149:2,11 list 139:10 listen 37:20 Los 1:13 19:18 lose 22:12,18 29:7 luck 69:13	38:15,17 40:6	link 10:6	longer 101:15	lower 15:10 30:10
liability 32:8 37:7 listen 37:20 Los 1:13 19:18 121:3 lose 22:12,18 29:7 luck 69:13	·	LISA 149:2,11	LORIN 2:11	
liability 32:8 37:7	81:16 82:1 126:1	list 139:10	Los 1:13 19:18	80:6,8,17 83:11
133:17,22 luck 69:13	•	listen 37:20		
	, and the second	literally 18:21	30:20 56:18	luck 69:13
liable 117:18		•		lunch 88:15
library 1:1 131:9 78:20 79:17	library 1:1 131:9	<u> </u>		

-	85:5 101:4	measures 141:11	57:5 58:17 59:15
M	104:11,12	media 2:10 10:22	67:2 71:13 72:9
magazine 62:10,13	110:15 117:5,6	18:6 128:13	74:12,14
Magistrate 72:1	118:15 119:22		75:16,18 132:16
G	122:22 123:12	mediation 30:2	139:19 140:13
main 42:16	126:19	135:12	minimum 31:20
maintaining	127:4,6,7,9	mediator 2:7,13	38:15 96:7
112:22	132:7,9 133:6	11:20	113:19
major 32:15 53:16	146:12	meet 20:9 98:22	mini-trial 99:15
96:10	maybe 4:3 23:15	meetings 65:3	
majority 141:6	28:17 30:1 35:18	86:19	minute 130:3
• •	54:21 74:14		139:15
mandating 63:4	88:20 92:19 98:1	members 49:6,16	minutes 65:5
mandatory 63:10	117:22 119:20	51:8,11 100:3	85:18 87:10,15
82:9,10 84:4,11	121:19	131:9 141:6	misconduct 71:18
92:7 93:5,8,22	123:2,7,14,16	143:1	
94:1,4 105:19,22	129:21 133:8	memory 87:22	mislead 122:11
106:1 107:6,9	135:19 145:20	mention 16:9 30:7	missing 113:10
manner 15:19	mean 13:1,14,17	118:10	misuse 123:16
52:6 99:12	14:19 17:13	mentioned 42:3	mitigate 23:7
market 98:2	19:7,18 20:14	48:6 87:18 97:19	<u> </u>
	33:19 34:2 41:2	99:4 130:5 135:6	mitigations 98:21
mass 42:17 116:20	52:2 53:11 54:15	146:12	model 81:13
massive 118:6	55:1,7 69:16		moderating 4:15
material 27:22	72:2 77:10,20	mercy 9:12	MOLLY 2:12
118:14	79:4 81:1	merely 143:5	
materially 122:11	98:15,16 100:11	merits 56:1	Molly's 33:13
ľ	101:13,14,16 103:20	met 42:7 54:11	moment 6:20
matter 25:11 38:8	103.20		63:11 146:16
117:15 130:16	110:9,11,12	middle 32:15 34:3	monetize 26:10
133:16	110.9,11,12	35:4,21 39:1	
matters 41:13	121:5 122:5	97:14	money 15:6 16:7
57:14,16 71:20	123:11 124:3	million 14:21 15:4	46:8,19 76:18
maximize 50:12	125:2,22 126:1	56:18 60:9,16,22	80:18 85:9
51:4	129:12,16	mind 26:11 27:9	Montana 96:2
maximum 23:4	144:14	89:22 113:4	111:16,18
	meaning 5:14	116:2 118:5	113:21
may 15:7 20:14		mini 23:22 24:2	month 119:14
22:13 23:12	meaningful 6:5	31:17,18 32:10	months 144:16
24:12,16 40:13	means 32:13 47:21	34:6 37:6,15	
48:11 49:20 58:5 67:13 68:2	69:7 77:21 86:14	38:5 39:1,14	moral 49:8,12
	98:9 140:9	40:18 47:12	104:14,20
69:9,10 80:14		48:5,14 55:9	105:4,8
		, ,	

	Page	e 20	
morning 4:2 5:21 11:19 12:3 71:11 motion 37:14,16	59:17 86:11 necessity 21:7	non-existent 21:10 non-infringement 118:7 121:12	29:4 41:18 45:19 46:16 117:9 120:2
38:9 47:21 53:16 56:16,18 99:14 140:2	negotiate 80:5 Neil 2:10 10:21,22 12:6,8 13:13	non-prevailing 27:18 83:14	occasion 29:20 occurred 23:20
motions 24:7 31:20 32:22 38:8	15:14 17:12,22 18:7 20:13 40:11 42:4 43:7,21	nonprofit 118:13 non-voluntary 82:7	49:1 occurs 50:17 oddly 132:21
move 37:13 39:20 45:15 78:20 109:15 110:18	44:11 101:12,13 102:21 103:12 104:19	nor 148:8 normally 50:3	of/sort 109:19 offer 20:6,9
113:21 115:19 137:12 moved 21:1	105:1,12,18,21 107:4,5,15 108:11,12	75:17 Northern 43:20,22 44:8 138:1	offered 30:1 offering 129:14
movie 58:2 moving 3:6	116:16,17 120:18 121:7,14,17	notably 145:7 note 16:3,14 85:17	Office 1:2 2:4 4:7,14 13:21 89:15 90:14
86:7,19 87:6 88:1,8 115:20 134:4	122:1,4 125:20,21,22 127:19 128:1	notes 149:5 nothing 9:14 32:2	95:17 115:22 132:14 139:22 140:4
multiple 73:17 93:9	133:12 137:21 144:5,6,7 neither 148:7	85:13 97:6 125:2 134:19 notice 11:15 115:6	officer 71:19 Offices 2:5
music 63:20 muster 94:5	nest 114:10 net 85:16	123:10 124:20 125:8 127:15	oh 29:9 37:17 58:9 67:11 69:15 79:6 80:18 102:21
N narrow 68:2 81:21	network 43:17 networks 41:6,8	novelty 25:12 November 1:8	127:22 131:21 139:11 143:8
national 2:6,9 6:3 69:9 93:10 137:17	neutral 11:21 newcomer 4:4	novo 78:7 84:16 85:8 nowhere 84:8	onerous 128:16 ones 137:15,16
nature 57:6 124:4 navigate 45:10	newcomers 4:4 10:14	now-proven-to-be 62:21	one-third 13:21 one-time 50:3
128:8 N-D 44:2	news 146:19 NewsNet 146:18,20	O object 71:16,21	one-to 11:2 online 7:19 98:20 112:3,8,15,18,22
nearly 126:1 necessarily 14:15 16:18 58:5 95:13	nice 131:13 Ninth 57:22	obligations 104:3,4,6	open 5:20 70:20 72:16 83:1
126:12,17 necessary 16:18	nobody 126:1 142:5	obtain 141:22 obvious 124:3 obviously 26:18	opening 36:9 62:8 101:4 operating 132:8

		C 21	
opinion 6:4 91:17	ourselves 136:15	86:6,7,12,13,19	135:13
103:7	outcome 65:17	87:6,9,18 88:5,6,8,21	pass 38:14 94:5
opportunity 5:3,7	67:20 71:16	90:6,7,9 102:22	142:20
16:22 61:5 65:15 66:4,7 83:7	76:16	105:15 109:15	passive 97:5,7,15
99:11	out-of 126:9	115:20,21	patent 2:4 41:12
	outside 56:20	145:22	106:19
oppose 51:12,21	103:17	panels 85:22	path 107:3
opposed 14:14	outweigh 52:8	86:6,21 87:19,22	pay 20:8 22:12
108:9 110:18 111:3	overall 62:6	88:10 89:20 90:1 94:18	83:15 135:3
	overcome 70:12		paying 29:6 31:9
opposite 111:1,2	overdue 85:19	partake 70:17	134:16 135:1
opt 84:9 85:6		participants 4:10	peace 118:5
92:8,13,16,19 93:1	overreaching 119:6	88:13	•
		participate	penalty 29:5
optimum 50:13	overturned	12:17,21 13:5	people 5:17,20 7:7
opting 99:19 100:2	136:13,14	14:18 15:8	10:14 11:9 12:11
option 93:21 118:1	overwhelming	16:5,6,10 19:12	13:19 15:5
126:5,20 127:3	61:11 125:4	30:3 67:14 68:3	16:11,19 17:10 19:13 20:13
order 45:22 48:9	owe 31:3	71:16 77:9 78:9	22:9,21 26:16
55:20 60:9 82:10	owner 119:15	participated 30:2	27:13,15 28:22
ordered 142:2	125:1 126:6	participating	29:2,4 34:14
	128:17	146:8	36:12,16 40:7
orders 47:4,8,14	owners 4:17 13:5	participation	41:18 43:6 45:9
48:13	116:9 125:5,12	147:3	53:8,9 54:15
organization	ownership 118:12	particular 33:15	65:12 69:7
17:21	•	35:12 37:9 68:7	83:2,20 85:5
original 25:11	owns 118:14	138:4	86:3,7,9,13,15 88:4,15 89:1
119:8		particularly 5:17	90:15 92:8,13
originality 25:3,13	<u> </u>	45:17 50:21	93:1 95:4
originally 110:12	p.m 147:9	61:12 101:19	96:9,20 97:21
orphan 114:12,16	pace 89:2	104:4 108:14	104:11,13
115:7	packages 97:11	142:10	106:18 110:14
	page 3:2 62:14	parties 6:11	112:14,17
others 53:3,8 70:15	129:2	26:9,18 66:14	114:1,17
	pages 126:16	68:8 71:15 73:1	115:12,13 117:8 121:9 122:4
otherwise 7:5 32:9 33:6 57:8 76:1	1 0	92:21 148:8	121.9 122.4 125:15,17 126:2
133:7	paid 49:22	party 24:13,19	127:13,17 129:4
	panel 3:2,5,6	26:20 27:1,18	141:11,21 147:1
ought 135:2	4:18,19 70:7 85:19	83:14,16 84:19	people's 94:21

	<u> </u>		
106:19 116:2	photograph 46:13	planning 36:3	political 46:14
126:15	52:10 54:22	play 7:8 9:21	106:11
per 114:6 117:18	55:3,4 97:20	playing 83:17	poll 90:2 95:3
percent 133:19	photographed	pleadings 24:5	portraits 46:12
percentage 79:3	46:11	32:21 34:10	positive 85:16
134:9	photographer 19:17 46:11	please 10:18 60:10	possibility 22:3
perfect 85:13	118:12	plethora 50:22	72:19 121:6
perhaps 16:17	Photographers 2:9	plus 25:20	132:16 133:8
47:17 54:17 61:5	photographs	31:18,19,21	posting 56:21
64:4 71:22 83:13	56:16	32:20,21 33:3	posts 130:12
87:19 90:13 91:8 92:20 94:19	photos 126:15	37:18,22 72:18	potential 4:16
95:21 96:1 97:5	pick 24:12	80:13	21:13 26:19
100:1 135:20	picked 133:21	pocketed 21:14 22:8	27:14 71:18 104:7 118:2
142:14	·		120:6
period 101:5	picture 25:6 53:16 56:15,16,19	point 6:13 16:5 17:11,15 21:2	potentially 17:2
146:13,15	127:1 140:2	33:13 37:3	52:5,8
permitted 39:11 46:4	piece 60:2	40:2,5,11 63:7	power 109:11
	pilot 135:19	67:12 90:7 92:17	power 47:16
perpetuity 50:4	137:4,6,9,13,21	94:15 103:18 104:18 105:8,15	90:18 91:5
person 19:4 96:4	139:4	113:11 114:8	practical 17:7
97:8,22 112:1 119:21 125:4	pinpoint 131:13	116:15 123:20	125:22
personal 26:13	piracy 48:22	125:1,6 126:4	practically 7:20
28:7 95:18 99:2	places 96:1 139:3	128:21 129:14,17	practice 9:6 21:19
101:7 110:21	placing 50:17	132:19 134:15	30:18 36:10
113:7 114:9,18	plaintiff 8:21 9:4	146:5	99:14 142:21
personally 140:19	19:5 20:3,7	pointed 49:7 55:7	precedent 65:21
perspective 28:5	21:5,9,12 22:1	points 44:14 66:21	83:11
40:12 41:13	25:5,19 26:4	109:14 121:16	precedential 65:11
pertinent 133:10	28:16 29:22 30:1	police 141:18	preclusion 67:5,6
perverse 6:22	63:15 77:1 92:16 111:12,19	142:3 143:8	predictability 31:5
phase 14:22	130:10	policies	prefer 89:1
phenomenal	plaintiffs 12:15	133:5,13,17	preliminarily
106:16	18:1,4 21:19	policing 141:13	47:2,8,14 48:14
phone 117:7,19	36:6 145:20	policy 2:3 4:13	57:11 59:19
photo 55:5 61:10	plaintiff's 38:3	56:4 142:8,14	preliminary 49:3
124:19 127:1,6	92:17	politely 75:7	54:19 55:8,22
			56:6,8,14 57:3

	1 ag		
58:14,21 59:5,6	previously 49:7	procedurally	108:13 109:7
61:17 64:3	· · · · · ·	40:15 81:4	110:16 120:15
	primary 136:18		124:8 127:18
prep 34:10	Prince 125:16	procedure 47:7,21	128:7,9,16,17
preparations	prior 60:20	48:5 51:18	135:18
31:19	•	59:7,15 63:22	143:15,20
prepare 32:11,21	priorities 142:7	64:5,13 69:5	144:8,17,18
34:10	priority 142:10	74:19 77:13 92:7	145:13
	privacy 126:18	94:17 95:7	
prepared 9:16	127:4	98:8,12 99:17	produce 46:7
85:7		120:17,19 128:3	producer 64:3,6
prerequisite 8:2	private 141:12	136:4 140:18	producers 51:11
22:5 134:19	pro 21:8,12	procedures 7:2	63:20,21
present 38:10 56:9	28:10,12 34:14	37:12 44:9 47:6	, and the second
99:11	41:19 43:4 48:2	48:12 54:1 59:14	production 51:16
	78:19 79:11,17	73:17,19 78:1	professors 100:20
presentation 47:22	80:11 81:14,20	92:18 116:3	profits 38:3
48:10 133:4	83:8 145:2,20	proceed 54:1	•
presentations	probably 26:21	-	program 10:22
59:17	27:4 34:8,13,15	proceeding 10:19 21:7 24:3	135:19,21
presented 58:18	37:11,22 48:8	39:9,10,12	137:5,6,21 138:2
•	49:1,17 50:15	67:1,3 72:21	programs
presently 21:16	58:15 59:1,12	78:12,18 90:20	137:9,11,13
preserve 16:15	64:22 75:8 76:1	148:3,4,5,7,9,10	139:4
Press 2:9	80:20 81:11	149:3,4	proof 8:7
presumably 84:12	83:19 86:9,14	ŕ	properly 91:6,8
•	87:5 88:11 89:6	proceedings 24:2	
Presuming 55:5	91:14 97:7,13	34:7 48:15 149:7	property 11:22
presumptively	106:21 122:4	process 5:4 6:4,7	141:17
27:4	125:16 137:22	7:1,3,5,11 9:2	142:1,6,17
pretty 12:22 17:16	problem 10:7 20:5	21:6 30:11 32:9	143:19
19:8 84:1 125:14	30:16,20	33:11 43:3,10	proponents 5:12
	60:11,12,22	53:21 54:2	proposal 27:13
prevail 25:20	61:9,12 62:3	61:1,4,21 62:17	82:15 107:3
prevailed 26:4	63:6 67:17 75:3	63:4 66:1 67:14	
27:19	76:14 106:19	68:16 69:16,18	propose 23:19
prevailing 24:13	109:13	70:17,19 72:5	proposed 67:2
27:1,17 83:16	136:19,21	76:7,9,10,19	104:5
85:4	problems 85:14,15	77:6,9 81:8,16	prosecuted 141:8
	102:13 108:7	82:2 83:3 85:7	prosecution 142:2
preventative 11:7		89:12 93:11	-
preventive 18:10	procedural 38:20	99:8,10,17,19,21	prosecutions
previous 116:21	47:17 56:10	,22 100:4,12	142:14
	74:10	104:10 106:7,10	prosecutorial
		107:17,20	

	1 ag		
142:8	143:2	145:21	realistic 85:2
prospect 29:6 40:3	publishes 118:21	quick 61:21 66:9	realize 28:18
85:10	119:10	quickly 40:16	100:3 134:1
protect 49:8	purchasers 140:6	quintessential	really 5:7 11:21
protected 53:8	purports 66:1	128:11	15:21,22 19:3
•			27:21 28:18
protecting 51:7	purpose 28:2 35:2 68:11	quite 18:22 84:17 86:14 127:7	30:11,17 34:12
protection 49:12		128:7,16	35:6,16 36:4
91:22 92:2	pursue 63:3 67:19	138:4,16	38:8 39:7 40:22 41:5,21 42:5
prove 6:19	85:9 106:22 126:6,19	quote 115:9	43:9 44:17,20
proven 63:2	ŕ	quote 113.9	46:20 47:3 50:9
provide 6:4 11:2,6	pursued 93:21	R	51:7 52:12 53:12
12:11,12 13:1	106:10 143:10	raise 63:7	54:6 55:1 58:3
15:16 35:3 41:9	pursuing 125:12		59:7,8 61:18
42:14 43:2 44:8	pushed 115:8	raised 95:17 108:14 121:16	62:8 66:6 77:3
49:10 85:10	puts 73:15	141:3 144:14	79:17 87:11
128:4 130:18	putting 36:3 54:10		89:9,14 90:17
139:2	putting 50.5 5 1.10	raises 82:20	97:6,18 100:2,4,5 107:15
provided 13:18		range 14:13 24:15	108:18 115:1
34:18	quality 40:8,20	93:12	116:5 117:21
provider 127:20		ranges 131:14	118:1 119:17
129:11	question 5:20 8:7,18 21:2	rank 86:7	120:14 122:10
providers 128:2,5	28:14 36:16	rapidly 48:7	127:2,22 129:8
provides 43:11	45:17 49:10,21	rare 142:22	131:8 133:10
providing 13:3	52:16 60:5 63:19		144:11,20
16:22 28:8 118:4	64:1 65:9 79:16	rate 24:16 26:9	145:10,22 146:7
	81:22 82:20,21	38:21	Rear 57:20
proving 6:8 7:4 9:15	90:19 91:5,11,15	rates 27:3 34:17	reason 26:8 47:14
, , , ,	92:5 93:4,14	rather 48:7 51:2	49:14 81:2 84:18
provision 21:4 22:7,8	94:15 96:5 99:16 102:4,9 103:15	85:8 123:13	93:20 106:9
ŕ	105:12	127:8	112:16 141:10
public 1:4 56:4	109:10,12	rational 7:16	reasonable 35:18
91:11,14,21 92:1	116:14 117:2,20	Ray 148:2,14	67:1
100:4 119:9,16 147:9	130:20	reactions 27:13	reasons 12:19
	136:2,18,22		13:16 49:7
publication 53:17	140:10	readily 6:11	126:18
publicly 65:13	questions 4:20	ready 87:17	receive 21:21 22:1
public's 91:12	39:7 74:10 93:13	real 15:16,19	117:7 127:14
publisher 62:10,14	100:14 101:14	17:16 26:9 59:13	received 5:11
1	116:6 128:14	72:4	recently 47:20
			J= V

	1 ag		
119:8 131:18 recess 87:16	66:16,18 71:4,5 reference 65:20	relatively 7:19 30:13 32:7 40:16	102:11,18 148:1,2,15 149:3
102:16	referring 59:1	releasing 56:18	Reporter's 149:5
recommend 77:19	reflected 121:13	87:8	Reporting 1:16
138:17		relief 3:2,3 4:19	represent 15:6
recommendations	refresh 87:22	5:2 6:5 11:15	34:13 35:22 36:7
91:19	refuse 64:14	39:20 45:16,20 46:3 47:2 49:5	77:2 79:18,22
record 105:20	regardless 111:4 143:20	51:12,22 54:8	99:10
148:7		63:16 76:8 77:15	representation
recordation	regards 101:17 107:8 128:22	85:10 94:19 95:3	40:20 41:1,21 43:18 133:9
139:21 140:1,3	144:14	116:22	represented 76:11
recorded 148:4	regional 75:2,3	reluctance	•
recording 140:18	register 2:2 4:6	108:2,3,4	represents 17:21
recordings 149:5	7:20 115:6	reluctant 47:19 48:17 57:9	requesting 117:17
Records	registered 6:19		requests 124:18
20:15,17,18,21	7:14 21:18	remains 6:3	require 8:6 17:16
recover 15:20	126:21,22	remedies 4:20 59:6,18 73:3	41:17 57:7 104:15 123:17
19:7,8,9,15	registering 7:18	77:22 92:19	
21:11 23:2 28:13 29:4,13	114:15	93:12 123:3	required 83:15 103:16,18
recovering 18:5	registration 8:2	141:5	requirement 95:10
21:10 22:3	13:2 22:2,5	remedy 10:10	114:15
recovery 22:6	37:16 134:17 139:14,18,19,21	59:11 126:10	requirements
30:15 34:19	140:9,10,11,13,1	remember 33:18	49:12 90:22 99:1
48:22 82:1	5,17 144:15	57:17	requires 127:20
119:18 141:22	registrations	remove 81:11	requiring 13:2
redressed 104:14	134:18 144:16	94:21	103:4
reduce 27:20	regular 5:1 103:19	removed 11:10,11 119:7,13	res 65:16 68:7
38:6,20	136:15	reopen 146:15	research 82:9 94:9
reduced 26:3	reinventing 55:19	•	106:12
38:13 40:19 92:18 148:5	reiterate 6:1	reopening 146:12	researched 28:10
reducing 12:16	relate 54:19	repayment 40:4	researching
38:20,21	related 11:7 42:10	repeatedly 23:14	89:15,16 100:18
Reed 2:13	46:17 148:8	report 143:1	reserve 47:11
11:19,20	relates 101:18	146:10	reserving 55:11
16:13,14	relationship 10:2	reported 1:16 149:3	resides 98:17
23:11,12 65:19,20	62:7 134:12	Reporter	resold 128:12
03.17,20		Keporter	

	1 48		
resolution 12:1	22:7	102:1,14,17,19	96:8
18:9 61:22	rid 6:15 81:17	103:10,22	satisfy 49:11
resolve 61:13	ride 109:17 110:14	104:17	saw 14:19 86:21
124:21 125:8	111:8,11	105:2,16,20	105:22 122:13
resolving 27:22	riding 66:10	106:8 107:4,10,13	scale 70:21
resources 67:19	111:17 112:1	108:11,20	
90:15		109:14,18	scare 22:9
	rights 2:10 10:22 16:15 18:6	110:7,10,19	scenario 99:15
respect 51:5 134:16	49:9,13 51:7	111:10 112:9	scenarios 52:19
	53:7 64:12	113:2,16,18	144:19
respected 16:20	100:5,7,12	114:19,22 115:4	schedule 24:11
104:4,8	104:14,20,22	120:12 121:22	27:14 31:14
respects 7:2	105:4,5,8 109:8	123:19 125:21	32:3,18 35:17
104:13	116:3,10 119:16	127:11 129:19	39:21,22
respond 121:15	125:12 141:12	130:5 131:1	, and the second
•	142:16	132:19 133:11	schedules 24:16
response 107:10	rise 20:1	134:4 135:4,11	scheme 21:14
128:5		137:1,19	105:8
responses 104:18	risk 12:16 20:4	139:8,16 140:22	school 1:10 11:1
rest 63:1	22:15 23:7	143:22 144:6	88:17
restaurants 42:22	28:15,22 76:7	145:15 146:6	scope 39:9 40:17
	77:7	rule 20:6,9 103:20	_
restitution 142:2	risks 31:8	114:6	screening 32:9 33:11
result 47:2,9 48:9	road 92:10	rules 39:17 98:11	
74:8 75:14 132:1 136:17 142:1,13	robust 105:7	ruling 66:9	screwing 81:6
· ·	role 95:6	rulings 110:22	script 55:1
revenue 50:13	roles 146:1	111:7	scrutiny 107:2
51:4		run 10:22 12:16	se 21:8,12
revenues 50:13	room 1:12 5:18 112:17 115:12	26:16	28:11,12 34:14
reversed 144:10			41:19 43:4 48:2
review 32:5 61:2	roses 25:6,7	S	78:19 79:11,17
70:9 73:4 74:9	round 85:1	safe 41:16 145:8	80:11 81:14,20
77:14 78:5 122:8	Rowland 2:3 4:12	safeguards 61:1	83:8 114:6
review/appeals	63:7 70:8 85:21	S	145:2,20
3:4	86:5 87:13,17	sale 143:9	search 140:3
reviewing 144:8	88:16,19 89:3	salt 128:3	second 7:12 21:16
rhetorical 36:16	91:7,18 92:3	San 11:2 41:4	73:7,20 96:16
	93:18 94:2,7,13	42:13 44:4 139:1	102:12 104:12
rich 84:3	95:14 96:13,17 99:3 100:21	sanguine 59:16	112:4,5 145:18 147:3
richer 84:3	101:3	satisfied 67:10	section 13:18
rich-get-richer			Section 15.18

	1 48	e = :	
116:22 145:7	separate 98:8,10	shoulders 141:10	127:8
seeing 135:20	111:5	showing 8:21	sites 126:15
144:8	separation 90:18	17:17 58:2,19	situation 20:18
seek 28:3 30:12	91:5	64:5	43:8 52:10,22
121:11	September 146:11	shown 8:8 128:11	117:14 135:15
seeking 53:15	serious 26:20	shows 57:17 82:9	situations 15:20
seem 21:1 23:10	59:11 129:8	shrug 141:9	46:19 118:20
47:5 61:11 84:3	143:12,13	shut 50:20 53:15	122:7
104:6 110:20 118:15	seriously 48:19	sides 12:9 27:5	six 105:20 144:16
	serve 31:10	29:3 64:22 82:8	size 71:20
seemed 14:1 87:1 103:6 122:13	service 93:10	side's 27:20 29:7	slash 44:2
145:5	127:19 128:2,5 129:11	sign 146:20	small 1:6 3:7
seems 14:3 67:1		signed 86:3	4:7,8,16,21 5:12 7:2 8:19 9:6
75:15 77:5 85:12	services 14:2	significant 54:3	11:3,4 15:12
92:14 93:6 95:5	setting 8:9 38:21 93:2 143:14	67:13 70:11	19:10 22:14
120:13 125:4		SIKES 149:2,11	23:9,10,22 24:1
seen 25:4 95:16	settlement 26:11 27:9 30:2	Silicon 41:11	26:18,20 28:16
108:2,4 124:17 129:22 138:7	several 22:17	43:17	31:16 32:14 33:20 39:13
	71:11	similar 55:9 69:19	43:11
sees 138:4	severely 77:21	71:17	47:5,7,10,11
seizure 47:4,8,13 48:8,13	_	similarity 34:9	48:16,18 51:17
ĺ	shakes 136:1	37:8,18	52:9 53:13,20
select 116:2	shaking 95:4	simple 7:10 8:19	54:12 57:15 58:13 59:9,13,22
self-help 41:3,7	shape 123:1	30:11 39:11 45:6	61:4 65:18
42:3,9,14 43:12 44:4 138:2 139:2	share 12:7 13:11	61:9	66:5,19 67:1,18
	18:3 19:14 116:8	simpler 8:6	71:12,14
selling 97:22 98:2 113:22	sharing 120:22	simplicity 6:14	72:9,10,20 73:7,21 74:4
send 74:4 123:9	shed 137:17	simplification 6:6	75:20 77:22
146:22	sheer 14:18	7:9 44:21 92:17	78:18 79:2 80:12
sending 76:11	shifting 23:3 83:21	simplified 7:2	84:8,16,17,20
97:11	84:2	simplifying 6:16	90:20 94:16 95:7
Senior 2:2,3 4:6,13	ship 114:2	7:6	106:17 109:20 116:8 118:11,13
sense 7:7 13:4 14:4	shocked 26:14	simply 37:14 47:6	120:3,16 123:3
48:16 71:1 73:1	short 86:15 87:6	sit 37:20 79:4,6	124:5 125:7
77:11 85:2	shorter 4:11 88:20	81:5	132:16 134:6,16
sent 37:10	shot 17:4 78:15	site 97:16 112:4,5	135:8,18,20 136:3 137:3

	1 ag		
140:11	sophisticated	specialty 35:9 81:9	132:2
141:16,19 142:9	142:11	specific 18:11	statements 140:8
143:17	sophistication	25:16 27:16	state's 42:6
smaller 16:11	16:19	65:20 66:14 71:8	States 105:3
121:18 130:15 132:6	sorry 4:4 19:7	137:8 144:22	
	29:10 32:1 39:6	specifically 86:3	statistics 130:11 131:4
small-time 11:12 138:11 139:7	55:15 67:11	103:16,19	
	102:11 103:12 110:5 112:11	140:11	statute 127:20
soaked 40:3	113:13 128:19	specify 21:22	statutory
software 60:2,6,8	132:1	spectrum 97:10	5:11,16,19 6:7,15,21
sold 143:6	sort 12:18 13:1	spend 37:21	7:6,11,13
sole 6:16	14:9 15:17 24:3	38:6,14 89:14	8:1,5,9,13,15,20
soliciting 97:12	27:2,13 28:5	spending 89:16	9:9,10,17
115:6	30:8,20 40:3	spoke 68:14	10:3,4,9 12:7,13
solve 30:16 58:3	47:12 54:1,6 55:11 60:20 61:9	stage 57:3	13:2,3,6 21:21
106:19 108:6	64:5 65:6,13,22	stake 76:15	101:19 102:5,8,20
109:13	68:16,17 70:18		103:2,8,17,20,21
solves 85:14,15	71:17 72:9 74:13	standard 17:16	105:3
solving 136:21	76:10 83:17	18:14,17,18 19:9,10 20:9	stay 15:12 39:20
	91:14 98:22	23:13 29:13	step 28:6 124:17
somebody 23:14 28:6 31:7	106:22 115:2	56:10 78:17	-
37:8,20 66:8	117:17,19 120:8,15 121:18	79:15 82:12	sticks 68:11
72:13 80:16	122:19,21	83:12 84:12	stolen 46:13
81:22 95:22	126:12 129:4,5	122:10,11 123:12	141:21
97:19 119:7	138:10 139:13		stop 53:17 55:3
128:10 129:3 135:8	sorts 8:13 73:18	standards 55:19 57:6 71:8 96:8	88:6 102:11
	100:7 124:17		stops 125:11
somebody's 53:4	sources 101:8	stands 22:6	straight 52:15
someone 45:14	space 112:3,8	stars 25:6,7	straightforward
114:15 118:20	speak 65:15	start 5:9 14:10	7:11
132:22	124:14	46:6 73:2 74:6	strategy 50:14
someone's 52:11	speaking 51:10	86:15 87:18 88:6	streaming 43:1
somewhat 77:7	58:22 62:1 86:16	90:5 93:8 135:21,22 141:4	138:11
105:4	special 74:14,15	ŕ	streamlined 53:22
somewhere 14:2,3	• ′	starting 135:20	61:4 66:1 74:19
96:2	specialist 82:4	starts 113:21	strength 85:3
song 125:16	specialize 42:9	state 9:6 39:12	stress 51:17
sooner 89:1	specialized 90:18	69:4 70:2 105:5	511 C55 J1.1/

	1 48	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
stressful 117:13	sufficient 99:9	surveyed 15:1	talk 15:6 18:13
strip 12:22 15:17	suggest 53:11	survive 107:2	64:10 90:10
strong 47:22 72:19	114:13 145:5	suspect 23:8 84:18	116:13 144:7,21
strongly 14:15	suggested 24:9	95:3	talked 13:8 69:17
22:4 107:7	52:2 53:13	system 4:16,22	108:16 118:9
	70:11,15	5:1,13,14	121:21 123:21 124:9
structure 6:17 51:19	suggesting 39:14	12:14,18,19 14:8	
	58:21 79:8,9	15:11,13	talking 16:4,17
stuck 31:9 83:19	suggestion 69:3	16:12,15,17	33:22 41:3,11 54:9 61:7,17
students 43:15	suggestions	17:3,9 23:14	63:9 66:18 67:2
studies 116:15	64:16,17	27:3 31:11	76:17 79:15
stuff 55:10 106:12	ĺ	41:4,19 45:9,18 46:4 49:10 51:22	102:19
114:2	suggests 5:13	52:9 54:8 61:14	104:19,20
stumped 64:19	suing 117:11	63:12,13 66:12	122:21 123:15
-	suit 125:3	70:21 79:10	130:22 131:17
stumping 100:14	suits 117:4,10	81:20,21 82:7	133:12 137:22
subject 83:9	summary 37:17	83:7 84:5,7,11	138:3 141:10
submissions 6:2	38:9	90:21 92:22 94:4	tangential 132:1
109:1		95:6 99:18	teach 11:17 98:12
submit 115:7	suppliers 134:3	105:15,19 107:9	technical 82:2
Subsidized/	support 30:13	108:8 111:13 120:1,2 121:11	102:12,15
unsubsidized	supported 122:15	120:1,2 121:11	140:15
135:15	suppose 99:18	135:12	technicalities 37:3
substantial 34:9	110:8	136:16,20	
37:8,18 56:2	supposed 9:11	139:21 140:9,18	teeth 60:1
58:19	18:16 36:12	systems 3:7 12:1	teleconferencing
succeed 25:20	Supreme 47:19	Systems 5.7 12.1	108:18,22
	57:21		Television 2:8
succeeds 26:2	sure 30:9 40:21	table 4:20 16:8	tend 42:16 84:18
success 25:1 27:7	46:6 83:9 88:2	103:15 104:9	85:12
55:22 56:1 84:22	96:5,7,20	takedown 11:14	tendency 78:11
successful 18:4	99:9,10 101:5	61:10 119:15	Tenenbaum 10:5
28:9 29:20,21	102:14,21	124:19	terms 12:15 13:9
successfully	104:5,8 106:18	takedowns 122:6	15:18 17:17
137:10	107:20 108:16	takers 46:5	18:3,19 39:17
sue 7:16 31:7	109:5 115:12,15		54:19 61:13 62:1
53:13 119:21	121:7 127:20 136:9 140:20	taking 62:21 88:19	70:21 103:3,4
141:17		102:14 108:22 124:7,16 131:21	107:16,20 119:1
sued 19:18 42:15	survey 13:22	124.7,16 131.21	122:8 126:9
	14:19,20 130:13	117.1/	127:3 128:4
		L	

	0	C 30	
139:6 143:14,21	thereafter 148:5	throw 78:14 85:7	transactional 11:7
144:7	Therefore 25:10	throwing 9:12	18:11
territory 53:7	77:6	thrown 13:15	transcript 148:6
test 56:3 66:8 97:4	there's 16:11	thus 21:7	149:4,6
testify 34:8	20:14 97:9,14 125:2 129:8	tie 37:9	transcription 149:1,7
tests 55:21 textual 8:8	they're 37:1 96:17 104:9	tier 30:15 32:14,15 34:3	Transcriptionist 149:12
thank 12:5	thief 141:17,19,20	tiered 30:8	transformative
44:10,11 68:5 94:8 107:11	thievery 141:16,20	tiers 31:15	36:17,18
143:22 147:2,5,7	third 6:11 104:15	tiger 25:6	travel 110:9,22
thanks 4:9	Thompson 20:16	tigers 25:7	traveling 111:3
that's 11:16	thoughtful 94:11	til 87:13	treaty 104:3
14:8,11,12,13 15:22 16:8 20:1 29:1 31:3 33:14 34:1,12,14 36:14 44:11 49:2 50:9 55:10 61:3 62:11 64:11 70:1 79:7 80:21 81:8,17 82:13 89:2 91:14 93:1,4 95:1 96:8,16 97:7 99:18 105:6	thoughts 4:16 9:19 10:13 13:12,13 14:14 16:1 20:12 40:9 52:1,16 65:18 68:15 70:6 71:3 85:11 90:12,13 94:21 95:15 96:4 99:4,20 100:13 101:3,6,7 105:10 113:3 115:17	time-consuming 124:4 timely 21:18 title 140:3 today 4:11,15,19 8:11 39:21 100:15 token 26:1 Tommaselli 2:8 51:9,10 54:16	trial 23:22 24:2,8,20 31:18 32:10,12,20 34:6,8,11 37:7,15 38:5,11 39:1,14 40:18 47:12 48:5,9,15 55:9 57:5,13,19 58:17 67:2 71:13 72:10 73:22 74:1,12,13,15
107:2 109:18 114:4 122:10 123:20 125:18 131:10 136:21 139:10 141:9,14 143:9 theft 143:10	123:19 124:2 130:17 131:19 134:7,13 135:5,16 136:7 137:2,5,9,20 139:9 146:15 thousand 22:17	55:6 63:12,16 topic 70:7 115:2 134:5 topics 65:5 139:11 totally 83:1 97:15 114:2	75:16,18 78:7 79:2 84:16 85:8 94:15 95:11,12 101:21 103:4,16,18 132:16 139:19 140:13 trials 31:17
theirs 130:12	33:5,21	touch 145:17	trial's 59:15
themselves 9:12	thousands 25:9 138:7,9	touched 5:5 39:6	tribal 93:3
15:6 41:19 43:4 79:18,22 83:5 90:13 99:11 120:15 141:12 145:3,12 theory 37:2	threat 80:5,9 81:15 threshold 54:11 threw 64:17 thrilled 106:20	42:1 65:8 towel 85:7 track 18:5 106:10 141:18 trademark 2:4 41:12	tribunal 51:20 55:12 68:17 95:21 98:22 106:4,5,7,10 134:6,13 137:4 145:19

r	1 ag		
tribunals 98:10	turns 19:1 35:10	undertaking	valuable 62:20
tricky 61:12	twists 35:9	124:13 130:7	97:21 139:22
tried 33:6 106:22	twofold 47:14	uniform 73:17	140:1,5,12,20
143:1	two-fold 11:21	uniformity 75:4	value 22:19 52:6,7,21 53:19
triennial 136:5	type 34:12 35:14	Union 2:6 6:3	54:5,10 62:6,7
tries 19:2	78:20 126:13	United 105:3	various 105:5
trigger 91:5	132:22	unknown 125:14	137:14 147:1
trouble 23:15	typed 149:4	unless 21:20,22	vast 141:6
Troy 148:2,14	types 4:20 35:13 52:18 90:11	32:7 45:14 70:18 80:7 86:15 131:9	vein 121:18
true 23:21 24:1	116:3		venue 98:19
31:16 33:20		unlike 7:19	127:10
48:18 57:15 59:13,22 67:6	typewriting 148:5 typical 19:14	unregistered 7:22	verdict 84:21
71:12 72:8,9,10	144:18	unsophisticated 100:1	versed 146:5
77:22 148:6	typically 50:11	unusable 130:4	version 47:12
149:6	82:13	unwritten 142:14	versions 50:22
truly 29:14 66:19,22			137:10
, in the second	<u>U</u> U.K 109:19	uploader 128:19	versus 5:11 12:7 18:4 24:17
try 34:14,15 35:19 60:21 61:12 66:8		upon 17:3 25:1 26:22 27:7 38:21	52:9,22 59:5
76:13 88:8	U.S 2:4 4:6 44:2	48:21 71:8,15,17	106:6
117:15 119:21	104:11,20,21 105:7	130:2	vexatious 23:13
125:8 126:19	UCLA 1:10 147:7	usability 70:22	VI 3:5 87:6 88:6
137:10	unanimous 90:2	usage 50:4	viable 89:8
trying 4:15 35:7,14 62:5	unconstitutional	useful 31:13	victim 21:5 23:8
67:19 69:6	89:9	137:18	141:16
81:1,17 83:1	uncover 60:9	useless 84:10	victims 6:22 142:9
85:9 89:16 108:21 115:22	undercut 35:5	user 114:16	143:17
123:9 127:3	understand 26:15	117:12 128:19	video 11:11 125:16
137:12	42:4,8 43:7	users 126:13	128:19 129:3
T-shirt 111:16	48:19 55:14 60:8	usually 21:18 25:4	videoconference
T-shirts 96:2	64:11 79:1 81:19 89:17 100:2,6	32:5 72:12 128:3	109:7
97:20	111:1 142:19	utility 140:17	videoconferencing
Tuesday 1:8	143:4		108:17 109:1
turn 129:4 131:21	understanding	V vacate 74:5	videographer 118:12
turned 26:5	101:18,20		
	107:18	Valley 41:11 43:17	view 5:18 24:4 29:16 65:13
			27.10 03.13

93:16 wall 78:15 125:6 warned 10:15 we ve 41.14 69.8 81:7 136:13 whatever 70:18 104:5 112:5,19 willing 13:19 14:1 55:3 68:3 77:8 143:16,20 144: 146:10 works 48:20 91:1		1 46		
19:14 101:7	66:13,21 92:17	109:8 111:19	wheel 55:20	willingness 13:5
VII 3:6 87:7 88:8 115:20 violation 104:14 Virgin 20:15,18 virtual 112:3,8,10,15,22 virtually 106:13 141:8 vision 32:4 48:21 visual 25:8 105:4 vital 7:11 49:5 vocabulary 25:8 voiced 54:16 volume 62:12 voluntary 12:19,20 15:11 63:10,12,13 64:13 67:14 68:16 84:5,7 85:6 92:7,8,12 93:15 99:18,22 100:10 105:14 106:2 volunteer 70:16 vote 87:2 88:4 welfer 12:10,12 27:17 winning 20:11 wins 20:2 winning 20:11 vins 20:2 winning 20:11 vins 20:2 winning 20:11 vins 20:2 winning 20:11 vins 20:2 virtually 106:13 141:8 volume 62:14 veeks 42:10 13:22 114:1 146:19,20 75:17 79:17,19 veeks 42:6 veeks 42:6 veeks 42:6 veeks 42:6 veeks 42:6 veel 42:12 voluntary 12:19,20 15:11 63:10,12,13 weighing 54:10 well 48:18 77:22 93:15 99:18,22 100:10 105:14 106:2 volunteer 70:16 vote 87:2 88:4 we're 17:5 32:17 volunteer 70:16 vote 87:2 88:4 we've 41:14 69:8 81:7 136:13 we've 41:14 69:8 81:7 136:13 willful ta:11 14:17 vorks 48:20 91: 14:12 16:115 volume 13:2 volunteer 70:18 we've 41:14 69:8 81:7 136:13 volume 68:37:8 volunteer 70:18 volunteer 11:1,18 volunteer 12:10,12 volunteer 12:10,12 volunteer 13:12:12 vol	views 12:6 13:9	wasn't 7:14 20:20	whereas 17:8	win 76:19 79:2
VII 3:6 87:7 88:8 115:20 wasting 38:8 waste 7:17 81:5 17:10 Window 57:20 winner-take-all 27:17 violation 104:14 Virgin 20:15,18 virtual 112:3,8,10,15,22 virtual 112:3,8,10,15,22 virtually 106:13 141:8 was 19:1 126:16 web 62:14 website 43:19 44:1 50:14,16 52:11 61:10 62:14,16 52:11 12:20 winning 20:11 winner-take-all 27:17 winning 20:11 winning 20:11 winning 20:11 winning 20:11 winning 20:11 wins 20:2 winning 20:11 winning 20:11 wincertal 48:10 win 20:2 winning 20:11 winning 20:11 winning 20:11 winning 20:11 winning 20:11 <th< td=""><td>19:14 101:7</td><td>42:5 58:21 74:15</td><td>whorehy 16:17</td><td>80:20 83:8</td></th<>	19:14 101:7	42:5 58:21 74:15	whorehy 16:17	80:20 83:8
violation 104:14 waters 66:8 whether 12:10,12 27:17 Virgin 20:15,18 ways 19:1 126:16 whether 12:10,12 27:17 virtual 112:3,8,10,15,22 web 62:14 33:12,14,15 33:12,14,15 winning 20:11 virtually 106:13 141:8 61:10 62:14,16 50:14,16 52:11 48:15 49:10 won 80:12,17 vision 32:4 48:21 97:4,5,7,9 65:21 70:22 wonder 13:4 visual 25:8 105:4 113:22 114:1 72:15 74:17 wonder 13:4 vital 7:11 49:5 website 97:3 80:2 90:19 92:6 wonderful 43:8 voiced 54:16 website 97:3 80:2 90:19 92:6 wonderful 43:8 volume 62:12 week 42:12 109:12 116:6,8 7:14,18,19,22 voluntary 12:19,20 15:11 weigh 13:11 30:20 7:14,18,19,22 volunter weigh 31:11 weighing 54:10 132:10,111 37:3 41:7 46:78,9,1 63:10,12,13 weighing 54:10 weighing 54:10 32:10,111 37:3 41:7 46:78,9,1 63:10,213 weighing 54:10 40:10 50:12 50:2 50:12 50:2		waste 7:17 81:5	ě .	Window 57:20
violation 104:14 waters 66:8 whether 12:10,12 27:17 Virgin 20:15,18 ways 19:1 126:16 21:11 22:20 33:12,14,15 winning 20:11 virtual 112:3,8,10,15,22 web 62:14 39:11,13 40:18 wins 20:2 winning 20:11 virtually 106:13 141:8 50:14,16 52:11 61:10 62:14,16 45:17 47:1,9 winnesses 34:10 won 80:12,17 vision 32:4 48:21 visual 25:8 105:4 vital 7:11 49:5 97:4,5,7,9 65:21 70:22 65:21 70:22 wonder 13:4 100:12 131:15 vocabulary 25:8 vocabulary 25:8 vocabulary 25:8 volume 62:12 voluntary 12:19,20 15:11 63:10,12,13 wedding 46:11 63:10,12,13 103:1,2,16 week 42:12 109:12 116:6,8 122:8 123:4 122:8 123:4 125:15 126:22 13:14 work 7:14,18,19,22 13:15 wordering 52:15 120:22 17:22 18:1,8,1 130:14 work 7:14,18,19,22 13:15 volunter 30:14 130:20 17:22 18:1,8,1 130:14 work 7:14,18,19,22 11:7 32:1 36:1 130:14 work 11:1,18 work 11:1,18 whoever 20:2 12:1 130:1 130:1	115:20	wasting 38:8	Whereupon 147:9	winner-take-all
Virgin 20:15,18 ways 19:1 126:16 21:11 22:20 winning 20:11 virtual 112:3,8,10,15,22 web 62:14 33:12,14,15 39:11,13 40:18 wins 20:2 virtually 106:13 tocal and the properties of th	violation 104:14	١	•	
virtual web 62:14 33:12,14,15 wins 20:2 virtually 106:13 website 43:19 44:1 50:14,16 52:11 50:14,16 52:11 48:15 49:10 won 80:12,17 vision 32:4 48:21 97:4,57,9 65:21 70:22 wonder 13:4 visual 25:8 105:4 113:22 114:1 72:15 74:17 wonder 13:4 vital 7:11 49:5 websites 97:3 80:2 90:19 92:6 wonderful 43:8 voiced 54:16 wedding 46:11 103:1,2,16 wondering 52:15 volume 62:12 week 42:6 122:8 123:4 word voluntary weigh 131:11 130:20 132:10,11 137:3 140:10 work 68:16 84:5,7 85:6 92:7,8,12 87:14 90:5 whoever 20:2 63:21 90:6 115:7 50:12 51:1 53:4 58:3 volunteer 70:16 we're 17:5 32:17 whole 13:22 32:14,15 63:8 113:9 116:1,8 volunteer 70:16 we're 17:5 32:17 47:10 57:4 63:17 112:9 114:5 13:2 133:2 13:11,14 volunteer 70:16 we're 17:5 32:17 47:10 57:4 63:17 112:9 114:5 13:12 133:2 13:12,16	Virgin 20:15,18	wavs 19:1 126:16	21:11 22:20	winning 20:11
virtually 106:13 website 43:19 44:1 50:14,16 52:11 45:17 47:1,9 witnesses 34:10 vision 32:4 48:21 50:14,16 52:11 45:17 47:1,9 48:15 49:10 won 80:12,17 vision 32:4 48:21 97:4,57,9 65:21 70:22 wonder 13:4 visual 25:8 105:4 113:22 114:1 12:15 74:17 wonder 13:4 vital 7:11 49:5 websites 97:3 80:2 90:19 92:6 98:6,18 102:4 wonderful 43:8 voiced 54:16 wedding 46:11 week 42:12 98:6,18 102:4 wondering 52:15 volume 62:12 week 42:12 weigh 131:11 103:1,2,16 word voluntary 12:19,20 15:11 weighing 54:10 140:10 weighing 54:10 whoever 20:2 81:3,8 11:5,13,2 85:6 92:7,8,12 87:14 90:5 87:14 90:5 whole 13:22 50:12 51:1 53:4 58:3 volunteer 70:16 we're 17:5 32:17 47:10 57:4 63:17 47:10 57:4 63:17 47:10 15 11:29 114:5 13:2 133:2 13:11:18 13:9 116:1,18 wall 78:15 125:6 walk 38:18 80:16 93:16 we're 17:5 32:17 whom 117:3 148:3 4	virtual			wins 20:2
virtually 106:13 websites 43.19 44.1 43.17 47.1 43.17 47.1 43.17 47.1 43.17 47.1 won 80:12,17 vision 32:4 48:21 50:14,16 52:11 61:10 62:14,16 52:16 57:12 62:9 wonder 13:4 100:12 131:15 visual 25:8 105:4 97:45,7,9 65:21 70:22 wonder 13:4 100:12 131:15 vital 7:11 49:5 websites 97:3 80:2 90:19 92:6 wonderful 43:8 voiced 54:16 websites 97:3 wedding 46:11 103:1,2,16 wondering 52:15 volume 62:12 weeks 42:6 122:8 123:4 wordering 52:15 130:14 voluntary weigh 131:11 weigh 131:11 130:20 17:22 18:1,8,11 21:73:21 36: 21	112:3,8,10,15,22			witnesses 34·10
141:8	virtually 106·13		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
vision 32:4 48:21 97:4,5,79 35:10 3.71 02.7 wonder 13:4 100:12 131:15 visual 25:8 105:4 113:22 114:1 146:19,20 75:17 79:17,19 wonderful 43:8 vital 7:11 49:5 websites 97:3 websites 97:3 80:2 90:19 92:6 wondering 52:15 voiced 54:16 week 42:12 100:12 116:6,8 work volumary 12:19,20 15:11 week 42:12 100:12 116:6,8 122:8 123:4 work 12:19,20 15:11 weigh 131:11 weigh 131:11 weigh 13:11 132:10,11 137:3 41:74,18,19,22 46:16 84:5,7 weigh 64:17 welcome 64:17 whoever 20:2 63:21 90:6 115:7 50:12 51:1 85:6 92:7,8,12 weil-established 25:8 whole 13:22 32:14,15 63:8 13:213:2 91:8 111:18 volunteer 70:16 we're 17:5 32:17 47:10 57:4 63:17 112:9 114:5 13:2 133:2 91:8 111:18 waiting 144:16 100:19,22 101:5 102:14 136:21 whom 117:3 148:3 whom 117:3 148:3 working 83:4 walk 38:18 80:16 we've 41:14 69:8 81:7 136:13 willfulness 10:11		*		won 80:12,17
visual 25:8 105:4 113:22 114:1 146:19,20 72:15 74:17 75:17 79:17,19 wonderful 43:8 vital 7:11 49:5 websites 97:3 websites 97:3 wolume 62:19 98:6,18 102:4 wondering 52:15 130:14 volume 62:12 week 42:12 week 42:12 wordering 52:15 126:22 wordering 52:15 126:22 voluntary 12:19,20 15:11 weigh 131:11 weigh 131:11 wordering 52:15 126:22 wordering 52:15 126:22 wordering 52:15 126:22 81.8 11:5,13,2 13:4 work de:10 4:13 67:14 weigh 131:11 weighing 54:10 more 4:17 whoever 20:2 63:21 90:6 115:7 50:12 51:1 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>				
vital 7:11 49:5 websites 97:3 80:2 90:19 92:6 wonderful 43:8 voiced 54:16 wedding 46:11 103:1,2,16 work volume 62:12 week 42:12 109:12 116:6,8 7:14,18,19,22 voluntary 12:19,20 15:11 weigh 131:11 weighing 54:10 132:10,11 137:3 weighing 54:10 whoever 20:2 63:10,12,13 weighing 54:10 whoever 20:2 63:21 90:6 115:7 50:12 51:1 50:12 51:1 50:12 51:1 50:12 51:1 130:20 17:22 18:18,1 21:7 32:1 36: 41:7 46:7,8,9,1 21:7 32:1 36: 41:7 46:7,8,9,1 21:7 32:1 36: 41:7 46:7,8,9,1 50:12 51:1 50:12 51:1 50:12 51:1 50:12 51:1 50:12 51:1 41:7 46:7,8,9,1 50:12 51:1 50:12 51:1 50:12 51:1 50:12 51:1 41:7 46:7,8,9,1 50:12 51:1 50:12 51:1 50:12 51:1 50:12 51:1 50:12 51:1 50:12 51:1 50:12 51:1 50:12 51:1 50:12 51:1 41:7 46:7,8,9,1 50:12 51:1 50:12 51:1 50:12 51:1 50:12 51:1 41:7 46:7,8,9,1 50:12 51:1 50:12 51:1 50:12 51:1 50:12 51:1 50:12 51:1 50:12 51:1				100:12 131:15
vital 7:11 49:5 websites 97:3 80:2 90:19 92:6 98:6,18 102:4 wondering 52:15 130:14 voiced 54:16 week 42:12 week 42:12 work volume 62:12 weeks 42:6 122:8 123:4 work voluntary weigh 131:11 130:20 81:7 136:22 63:10,12,13 weighing 54:10 weighing 54:10 whoever 20:2 63:21 90:6 115:7 85:6 92:7,8,12 we'll 48:18 77:22 87:14 90:5 whole 13:22 50:12 51:1 93:15 99:18,22 we're 17:5 32:17 we'lestablished 25:8 we're 17:5 32:17 whole 13:22 32:14,15 63:8 91:8 111:18 volunteer 70:16 we're 17:5 32:17 47:10 57:4 63:17 94:20 101:15 112:9 114:5 117:18 118:21 waiting 144:16 Waking 112:12 Western 11:1,18 wildly 28:11,12 whom 117:3 148:3 wilfulness 10:11 working 83:4 wall 78:15 125:6 wall 78:15 125:6 whatever 70:18 willing 13:19 14:1 works 48:20 91:1 warned 10:15 wall 78:15 125:6 whatever 70:18 55:3 68:3 77:8 works 48:20 91:1	visual 25:8 105:4			wonderful 43·8
vocabulary 25:8 wedding 46:11 98:6,18 102:4 130:14 volume 62:12 week 42:12 103:1,2,16 work voluntary 12:19,20 15:11 weigh 131:11 109:12 116:6,8 7:14,18,19,22 63:10,12,13 weighing 54:10 132:10,11 137:3 140:10 21:17 32:1 36: 68:16 84:5,7 85:6 92:7,8,12 we'll 48:18 77:22 whoever 20:2 63:21 90:6 115:7 50:12 51:1 50:4 58:3 62:6,8,22 87:1 91:8 111:18 113:9 116:1,18 113:9 116:1,18 113:9 116:1,18 113:9 116:1,18 113:9 116:1,18 113:9 116:1,18 114:12 116:1,18 114:12 116:1,18 114:12 116:1,18 114:12 116:1,18 114:1	vital 7:11 49:5	, and the second		
voiced 54:16 wedding 46:11 103:1,2,16 work volume 62:12 week 42:12 week 42:6 109:12 116:6,8 7:14,18,19,22 voluntary 12:19,20 15:11 weigh 131:11 130:20 17:22 18:1,8,1 63:10,12,13 weighing 54:10 132:10,11 137:3 140:10 41:7 46:7,8,9,1 68:16 84:5,7 we'll 48:18 77:22 whoever 20:2 63:21 90:6 115:7 50:12 51:1 93:15 99:18,22 we'll 48:18 77:22 whole 13:22 32:14,15 63:8 13:9 116:1,18 volunteer 70:16 we're 17:5 32:17 we're 17:5 32:17 94:20 101:15 17:18 118:21 vote 87:2 88:4 47:10 57:4 63:17 112:9 114:5 13:2 133:2 13:12 133:2 waiting 144:16 Western 11:1,18 widely 28:11,12 whom 117:3 148:3 42:16 walk 38:18 80:16 93:16 we've 41:14 69:8 81:7 136:13 willfulness 10:11 26:5 wall 78:15 125:6 wall 78:15:5125:9 whatever 70:18 55:3 68:3 77:8 works 48:20 91: warned 10:15 104:5 112:5,19 55:3 68:3 77:8 works 48:20 91:	vocahulary 25:8	websites 97:3		<u> </u>
volume 62:12 week 42:12 109:12 116:6,8 122:8 123:4 125:15 126:22 130:20 7:14,18,19,22 8:1,8,11 15,13,2 130:20 7:14,18,19,22 8:1,8,11 15:13,13 130:20 8:1,8 11:5,13,2 13:13 130:20 8:1,8 11:5,13,2 13:13 130:20 17:22 18:1,8,11 15:13 13:2 130:20 17:22 18:1,8,11 15:13 13:2 130:20 17:22 18:1,8,11 15:13 13:2 130:20 17:22 18:1,8,11 15:13 13:2 130:20 17:22 18:1,8,11 15:13 13:2 13:2 13:2 130:20 41:7 46:7,8,9,1 150:11 137:3 140:10 41:7 46:7,8,9,1 150:11 137:3 140:10 41:7 46:7,8,9,1 150:11 137:3 140:10 41:7 46:7,8,9,1 150:11 137:3 140:10 41:7 46:7,8,9,1 150:11 137:3 140:10 41:7 46:7,8,9,1 150:11 137:3 140:10 41:7 46:7,8,9,1 150:11 130:2 13:2 13:2 13:2 13:2 13:2 13:2 13:2 13	·	wedding 46:11	*	
volume 62:12 weeks 42:6 122:8 123:4 1:14,18,19,22 voluntary 12:19,20 15:11 weigh 131:11 130:20 17:22 18:1,8,11 63:10,12,13 weighing 54:10 132:10,11 137:3 17:22 18:1,8,11 68:16 84:5,7 welcome 64:17 we'll 48:18 77:22 whoever 20:2 50:12 51:1 93:15 99:18,22 we'll 48:18 77:22 whole 13:22 32:14,15 63:8 62:6,8,22 87:1 106:2 we're 17:5 32:17 we're 17:5 32:17 whole 13:22 32:14,15 63:8 91:8 111:18 volunteer 70:16 we're 17:5 32:17 47:10 57:4 63:17 112:9 114:5 113:9 116:1,18 waiting 144:16 Western 11:1,18 willful 14:11 141:7 whom 117:3 148:3 137:12,16 walk 38:18 80:16 93:16 we've 41:14 69:8 81:7 136:13 willful 14:11 14:1 working 83:4 wall 78:15 125:6 whatever 70:18 104:5 112:5,19 55:3 68:3 77:8 works 48:20 91:1 warned 10:15 104:5 112:5,19 153:2 13:0 153:2 13:0 153:4 58:3 162:5 warned 10:15 104:5 112:5,19 104:5 112:5,19	voiced 54:16	week 42·12	, ,	* * =
voluntary weigh 131:11 125:15 126:22 8:1,8 11:5,13,2 63:10,12,13 weigh 131:11 130:20 17:22 18:1,8,1 64:13 67:14 weighing 54:10 132:10,11 137:3 41:7 46:7,8,9,1 68:16 84:5,7 we'll 48:18 77:22 50:12 51:1 50:12 51:1 93:15 99:18,22 we'll 48:18 77:22 63:21 90:6 115:7 53:4 58:3 100:10 105:14 well-established 25:8 86:18 93:6,12 91:8 111:18 volunteer 70:16 we're 17:5 32:17 94:20 101:15 117:18 118:21 vote 87:2 88:4 47:10 57:4 63:17 112:9 114:5 119:1,4,17 100:19,22 101:5 100:19,22 101:5 131:2 133:2 137:12,16 waking 112:12 Western 11:1,18 willful 14:11 141:7 working 83:4 walk 38:18 80:16 81:7 136:13 willful ness 10:11 143:16,20 144:16:10 wall 78:15 125:6 whatever 70:18 55:3 68:3 77:8 works 48:20 91:11:12:12 warned 10:15 104:5 112:5,19 55:3 68:3 77:8 114:12 16:115	volume 62:12	-		
12:19,20 15:11	voluntary			
63:10,12,13 weighing 54:10 132:10,11 137:3 41:7 46:7,8,9,1 64:13 67:14 welcome 64:17 welcome 64:17 41:7 46:7,8,9,1 85:6 92:7,8,12 93:15 99:18,22 87:14 90:5 whoever 20:2 52:4,5,14,21 93:15 99:18,22 well-established 25:8 whole 13:22 32:14,15 63:8 91:8 111:18 106:2 we're 17:5 32:17 yeighing 54:10 41:7 46:7,8,9,1 50:12 51:1 whoever 20:2 63:21 90:6 115:7 52:4,5,14,21 53:4 58:3 62:6,8,22 87:1 wolunteer 70:16 we're 17:5 32:17 94:20 101:15 117:18 118:21 vote 87:2 88:4 47:10 57:4 63:17 112:9 114:5 119:1,4,17 81:17 88:6 100:19,22 101:5 131:2 133:2 122:5,7 136:6 waking 112:12 Western 11:1,18 widely 28:11,12 working 83:4 wall 78:15 125:6 we've 41:14 69:8 81:7 136:13 willful 14:11 141:7 working 83:4 wall 78:15 125:6 wall 78:15 125:6 willing 13:19 14:1 55:3 68:3 77:8 146:10 works 48:20 91:1	· ·	weigh 131:11	130:20	, ,
64:13 67:14 68:16 84:5,7 we'll 48:18 77:22 50:12 51:1 85:6 92:7,8,12 93:15 99:18,22 87:14 90:5 63:21 90:6 115:7 52:4,5,14,21 93:15 99:18,22 we'll 48:18 77:22 63:21 90:6 115:7 53:4 58:3 100:10 105:14 we'll-established 25:8 23:14,15 63:8 91:8 111:18 volunteer 70:16 we're 17:5 32:17 94:20 101:15 117:18 118:21 vote 87:2 88:4 47:10 57:4 63:17 112:9 114:5 119:1,4,17 81:17 88:6 100:19,22 101:5 131:2 133:2 122:5,7 136:6 waking 112:12 western 11:1,18 widely 28:11,12 working 83:4 walk 38:18 80:16 we've 41:14 69:8 willfulness 10:11 130:2 137:14,1 93:16 we've 41:14 69:8 willing 13:19 14:1 143:16,20 144:1 wall 78:15 125:6 whatever 70:18 willing 13:19 14:1 146:10 warks 48:20 91:1 144:12 16:15		weighing 54:10	132:10,11 137:3	
68:16 84:5,7 we'll 48:18 77:22 whoever 20:2 52:4,5,14,21 93:15 99:18,22 87:14 90:5 63:21 90:6 115:7 52:4,5,14,21 100:10 105:14 well-established 25:8 32:14,15 63:8 62:6,8,22 87:1 volunteer 70:16 we're 17:5 32:17 94:20 101:15 117:18 118:21 vote 87:2 88:4 47:10 57:4 63:17 112:9 114:5 119:1,4,17 81:17 88:6 100:19,22 101:5 102:14 136:21 whom 117:3 148:3 137:12,16 waking 112:12 Western 11:1,18 willful 14:11 141:7 working 83:4 walk 38:18 80:16 81:7 136:13 willful ness 10:11 130:2 137:14,1 93:16 whatever 70:18 104:5 112:5,19 55:3 68:3 77:8 works 48:20 91:1 warned 10:15 104:5 112:5,19 55:3 68:3 77:8 114:12 16:115	2 2	0 0	140:10	
85:6 92:7,8,12 93:15 99:18,22 63:21 90:6 115:7 53:4 58:3 100:10 105:14 well-established 25:8 whole 13:22 91:8 111:18 volunteer 70:16 we're 17:5 32:17 94:20 101:15 117:18 118:21 vote 87:2 88:4 47:10 57:4 63:17 112:9 114:5 119:1,4,17 81:17 88:6 100:19,22 101:5 102:14 136:21 137:12,16 waking 112:12 Western 11:1,18 widely 28:11,12 working 83:4 walk 38:18 80:16 we've 41:14 69:8 81:7 136:13 willfulness 10:11 130:2 137:14,1 wall 78:15 125:6 whatever 70:18 willing 13:19 14:1 146:10 works 48:20 91:1 warned 10:15 104:5 112:5,19 55:3 68:3 77:8 114:12 16 115:7			whoever 20:2	
93:15 99:18,22 87:14 90:5 whole 13:22 62:6,8,22 87:1 100:10 105:14 25:8 well-established 32:14,15 63:8 91:8 111:18 100:12 we're 17:5 32:17 94:20 101:15 117:18 118:21 112:9 114:5 112:9 114:5 119:1,4,17 112:9 114:5 113:2 133:2 122:5,7 136:6 100:19,22 101:5 whom 117:3 148:3 137:12,16 142:16 willful 14:11 141:7 working 83:4 130:2 137:14,1 working 83:4 130:2 137:14,1 130:2 137:14,1 146:10 works 48:20 91:1 146:10 works 48:20 91:1 144:12 16 115:	85:6 92:7,8,12			
100:10 105:14 well-established 32:14,15 63:8 91:8 111:18 106:2 we're 17:5 32:17 94:20 101:15 113:9 116:1,18 117:18 118:21 112:9 114:5 112:9 114:5 119:1,4,17 100:19,22 101:5 100:19,22 101:5 100:19,22 101:5 137:12,16 100:19,22 101:5 widely 28:11,12 142:16 143:14,18 waking 112:12 western 11:1,18 willful 14:11 141:7 working 83:4 93:16 we've 41:14 69:8 willfulness 10:11 130:2 137:14,1 143:16,20 144: 146:10 146:10 warned 10:15 104:5 112:5,19 55:3 68:3 77:8 114:12 16 115:1	93:15 99:18,22	87:14 90:5		
106:2 25:8 86:18 93:6,12 113:9 116:1,18 volunteer 70:16 we're 17:5 32:17 94:20 101:15 117:18 118:21 vote 87:2 88:4 47:10 57:4 63:17 112:9 114:5 119:1,4,17 81:17 88:6 131:2 133:2 12:5,7 136:6 waiting 144:16 100:19,22 101:5 whom 117:3 148:3 137:12,16 waik 38:18 80:16 we've 41:14 69:8 willful 14:11 141:7 working 83:4 wall 78:15 125:6 whatever 70:18 willing 13:19 14:1 130:2 137:14,1 warned 10:15 104:5 112:5,19 55:3 68:3 77:8 works 48:20 91:1	100:10 105:14	well-established		5 5
wolunteer 70:16 we're 17:5 32:17 94:20 101:15 117:18 118:21 vote 87:2 88:4 47:10 57:4 63:17 94:20 101:15 119:1,4,17 81:17 88:6 100:19,22 101:5 131:2 133:2 122:5,7 136:6 waiting 144:16 140:21 whom 117:3 148:3 142:16 walk 38:18 80:16 Western 11:1,18 willful 14:11 141:7 working 83:4 93:16 81:7 136:13 willfulness 10:11 130:2 137:14,1 wall 78:15 125:6 whatever 70:18 willing 13:19 14:1 146:10 works 48:20 91:1 55:3 68:3 77:8 114:12 16 115:1	106:2	25:8	7	
wote 87:2 88:4 47:10 57:4 63:17 81:17 88:6 131:2 133:2 112:9 114:5 131:2 133:2 119:1,4,17 122:5,7 136:6 Waiting 144:16 Waking 112:12 whom 117:3 148:3 widely 28:11,12 whom 117:3 148:3 widely 28:11,12 working 83:4 142:16 143:14,18 walk 38:18 80:16 93:16 we've 41:14 69:8 81:7 136:13 willfulness 10:11 26:5 willing 13:19 14:1 146:10 works 48:20 91:14:12 16:115 warned 10:15 works 48:20 91:15 works 48:20 91:15	volunteer 70:16	we're 17:5 32:17	-	
W 81:17 88:6 131:2 133:2 122:5,7 136:6 Waiting 144:16 100:19,22 101:5 whom 117:3 148:3 137:12,16 waking 112:12 Western 11:1,18 willful 14:11 141:7 working 83:4 walk 38:18 80:16 we've 41:14 69:8 willfulness 10:11 130:2 137:14,1 93:16 whatever 70:18 willing 13:19 14:1 130:2 137:14,1 warned 10:15 whatever 70:18 willing 13:19 14:1 works 48:20 91:1 112:5 114:3 works 48:20 91:1 12:5,7 136:6 137:12,16 142:16 143:14,18 working 83:4 130:2 137:14,1 143:16,20 144:1 146:10 works 48:20 91:1 144:12:16 144:12:16				
W 100:19,22 101:5 whom 117:3 148:3 137:12,16 waiting 144:16 Western 12:14 136:21 widely 28:11,12 working 83:4 walk 38:18 80:16 we've 41:14 69:8 willful 14:11 141:7 working 83:4 93:16 we've 41:14 69:8 willfulness 10:11 130:2 137:14,1 wall 78:15 125:6 whatever 70:18 willing 13:19 14:1 works 48:20 91:1 warned 10:15 104:5 112:5,19 55:3 68:3 77:8 works 48:20 91:1	voic 01.4 00.4			122:5,7 136:6
W 102:14 136:21 Wholm 117:3 148:3 142:16 waking 112:12 Western 11:1,18 willful 14:11 141:7 working 83:4 walk 38:18 80:16 we've 41:14 69:8 willfulness 10:11 130:2 137:14,1 93:16 willfulness 10:11 143:16,20 144: wall 78:15 125:6 whatever 70:18 willing 13:19 14:1 works 48:20 91:1 warned 10:15 104:5 112:5,19 55:3 68:3 77:8 114:12 16 115:1				137:12,16
waking 112:12 Western 11:1,18 willful 14:11 141:7 working 83:4 walk 38:18 80:16 93:16 we've 41:14 69:8 willfulness 10:11 130:2 137:14,1 wall 78:15 125:6 whatever 70:18 willing 13:19 14:1 works 48:20 91:1 warned 10:15 104:5 112:5,19 55:3 68:3 77:8 works 48:20 91:1		*		142:16
walk 38:18 80:16 we've 41:14 69:8 willfulness 10:11 130:2 137:14,1 93:16 81:7 136:13 26:5 143:16,20 144:1 wall 78:15 125:6 whatever 70:18 willing 13:19 14:1 146:10 warned 10:15 104:5 112:5,19 55:3 68:3 77:8 114:12 16 115:11	waiting 144:16	140:21	widely 28:11,12	143:14,18
walk 38:18 80:16 we've 41:14 69:8 willfulness 10:11 130:2 137:14,1 93:16 81:7 136:13 26:5 143:16,20 144: wall 78:15 125:6 whatever 70:18 willing 13:19 14:1 works 48:20 91:1 warned 10:15 104:5 112:5,19 55:3 68:3 77:8 works 48:20 91:1	waking 112:12	Western 11:1,18	willful 14:11 141:7	C
93:16 wall 78:15 125:6 warned 10:15 We Ve 41:14-05:6 81:7 136:13 whatever 70:18 104:5 112:5,19 26:5 willing 13:19 14:1 55:3 68:3 77:8 114:12 16 115:	walk 38:18 80:16	we've 41·14 69·8	willfulness 10:11	130:2 137:14,16
wall 78:15 125:6 whatever 70:18 willing 13:19 14:1 146:10 warned 10:15 104:5 112:5,19 55:3 68:3 77:8 works 48:20 91:1	93:16			143:16,20 144:9
warned 10:15 104:5 112:5,19 55:3 68:3 77:8 works 48:20 91:1	wall 78:15 125:6			146:10
1 11/1:17 16 115:	warned 10:15		_	works 48:20 91:13
		114:14,16	127:5	114:12,16 115:7
Washington 73:12 114:14,16 127.3 119:9 135:20	vv asmington /3.12	, -		119:9 135:20

	1 ag	
world 112:10 worldwide 128:12	65:9,12 68:14,20 69:4,17	
worms 61:18 62:9 94:20	108:16,21 121:6,21 123:21 135:7 139:14	
worry 14:5 69:12	yet 101:5	
worth 20:14 26:10 33:7 44:18 128:3	York 19:18 24:17 46:1 52:3 53:12	
wrapped 138:13	88:11 94:18	
wrench 64:18	95:21 138:22	
Wright 2:5 9:20,21 19:16,17	yourself 81:11 105:6 yourselves 10:18	
20:11 43:19,22 44:10 68:19,22 69:3,22 76:5,6 77:17 80:4 81:13	YouTube 11:10 128:8,17	
82:20 110:19,20 113:13,17 124:15,16 127:11,12,22 130:20 131:17	you've 22:20 50:1,4 55:16,18 56:9,13,15 127:16	
write 31:19	<u>Z</u> zero 14:2	
writer 7:17	Zippo 96:12,19	
writers 2:6 6:3 7:15 8:3 9:12,16 50:21	97:3	
written 6:2 65:2,14 67:4 121:13		
wrong 18:22 136:16		
wrongs 120:7		
wrote 109:6		
Y ya 63:16		
yesterday 4:9 5:6,10 6:3,13 7:21 13:8 34:4 39:7 45:12 63:9		