Monge v. Maya Magazines, Inc., 688 F.3d 1164 (9th Cir. 2012)

Year	2012
Court	United States Court of Appeals for the Ninth Circuit
Key Facts	Plaintiffs, Latin American celebrities Noelia Lorenzo Monge and Jorge Reynoso, went to great lengths to keep their marriage secret, taking only a few unpublished photographs of their wedding. More than a year later, their chauffeur found a memory chip containing the photos in a car ashtray. After failing to extort money from plaintiffs for return of the memory chip, the chauffeur sold the photos to defendant Maya Magazines, Inc. which published them in a celebrity gossip magazine. Plaintiffs appealed the district court's ruling that it was fair use for defendant to publish the photos.
Issue	Whether defendant's publication of previously unpublished photographs in a celebrity gossip magazine constitutes fair use.
Holding	The court held that defendant's wholesale, commercial use of the previously unpublished photos was not fair use. Acknowledging that defendant's sensational coverage of the wedding was newsworthy, the court nonetheless determined that the use of the photos was only marginally transformative, as neither minor cropping nor adding headlines and captions transformed the works, and such use was undisputedly commercial. Additionally, the court stressed that newsworthiness itself does not make a use transformative. Addressing the nature of the copyrighted work, the court found that although the point-and-shoot images were not highly artistic, they were not entirely factual either, weighing against fair use. Further, the court found the unpublished nature of the works was a key factor, also weighing against a finding of fair use. The amount and substantiality of the used portion weighed additionally against fair use because the court found that the "heart" of each picture was published. Finally, the court found that an actual market for celebrity wedding photos existed, given that both parties engaged in the purchase and sale of such works, and that the potential market for these particular photos was "substantially harmed" by defendant's unauthorized first publication.
Tags	Ninth Circuit; News reporting; Photograph; Unpublished
Outcome	Fair use not found

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